

Minutes of FSAC Sub-National Cluster Meeting - Aden Hub

Date	27.10.2022
Venue	SCI office-Aden
Attendance	FSAC, UNDP, CARE, IRC, YFCA, Samaritan Purse, IOL, DKH, Dorcas, ASF, YARD, QRC, Human Access, Give Directly, SCI, GC, Ghadeq, YDN, Al Awn Foundation, NFD, HDP, MFD, SMEPS, SRA, Soul, Yemen Aid, FMF, IMC, DRC, NRC, BFD, Wedyan, Action for Humanity, Helpcode, Al Rowad, ACTED, YKF, ADRA, SHS, CFD, PIN, CRB, MoAIF, IDPs EXu.

Agenda

- Review of last Meeting Action Points;
- IDPs responses, updates and gaps.
- Regular response updates (achievements, gaps, and challenges)
- FSAC Emergency Livelihood Assistance Guidelines
- AOB

1. Review of last Meeting Action Points

- FSAC to interact with IDPs EXu and CCCM in Abyan governorate and update partners on flood effects in Abyan.
Done: recently, no needs were raised.
- All FSAC partners to update the FSAC Sub-district/Village Level mapping particularly SFD, TYF, SCI and Action for Humanity with their new livelihood activities.
Ongoing: this is not fully achieved yet and FSAC emphasized on the need to get the updated mapping by 10 November 2022.
- FSAC to facilitate the meeting involving Give Directly, relevant local authorities, IDPs EXu, and ACTED(CCCM partner) regarding issues faced Give Directly intervention in Aden.
Done.
- FSAC to share the updated matrix of needs among IDPs collective sites with all partners.
Done.
- ACTED to update FSAC on CCY response in Al Dhale'e.
Not yet: ACTED is requested to share the inputs ASAP.
- ADRA and NRC to have a short call on gap at IDPs collective sites in Tuban district, Lahj and update FSAC accordingly.
Done. Along with WFP intervention, ADRA is covering most of gaps at sites remained in Tuban district, Lahj except Al Ribat IDPs site.

2. IDPs responses, updates and gaps

- FSAC presented the gap at IDPs site in Aden, Lahj Al Dhale'e and Abyan governorates as follows;
 - Lahj governorate: Gap exists in IDPs sites is as follows (Tuban 91 HHs and Tur Al Bahah 82 HHs).

- Aden governorate: the gap exists in six districts as follows (Al-Burayqah 591HHs, Al-Mansourah 56HHs, Ash-Sheikh Othman 129HHs, Dar Sa'd 152HHs, Khur Maksar 3HHs and Seerah 28HHs).
- Al Dhale'e governorate: the gap exists over three districts as follows (Al Dhale'e 654HHs, Al-Hussein 48HHs, Qa'atabah 510HHs).
- Abyan governorate: the gap reported by IDPs EXu is as follows (Khanfar 173HHs and Zinjibar 101HHs).
- Well coordination and crosscheck process should be typically exercised prior to any distribution and it is not allowed to target any HHs supported by other partner.
- The people, who were excluded from the list by the crosscheck process, should be oriented well on why they were excluded but with paying attention to protection, issues in messages delivered e.g. no need to highlight the name of partner, which did this cross check and reported their names. However, FSAC will have a further discussion with some partners, which experience such kind of issues to find a plausible way to provide people at community with more information without exposing any protection issues/risks.
- GC is going to target new IDPs in Al Dhale'e with cash assistance provision. FSAC will share with GC the RRM data for 2022. FSAC guided GC to ensure well coordination with other partners there and particularly ACTED, which has a specific project to support new IDPs.
- FSAC has been informed by IDPs EXu of Qatabah district, Al Dhale'e that the district hosts around 3114 internally displaced HHs. FSAC is going to have a short call with IDPs EXu of Qatabah district, Al Dhale'e on the figures raised, data resources and displacement time. In addition, FSAC solicited partners to provide any feedback or any information elicited from needs assessment at the field regarding the needs and figures of IDPs there.
- CARE is going to phase out its intervention in the IDPs sites in Al Buriqah and Dar Sa'ad districts, Aden and thus, the IDPs supported will be left un-assisted from December 2022. This necessitates sharing an early alert on the expected gap. CARE is requested to share key information with FSAC on sites and number of IDPs supported.
- IRC is still targeting the IDPs sites in Khanfar district, Abyan and asked about the needs raised by CCCM partner in the district, to be checked. FSAC to check with NRC (CCCM partner) on needs at IDPs sites at Khanfar district, Abyan.
- HelpCode proposed to cover some of needs at IDPs sites in Al Dhale'e. The target is around 280 HHs. FSAC to interact with CCCM partner and IDPs EXu in Al Dhale'e, to refer list of un-assisted people to Helpcode.

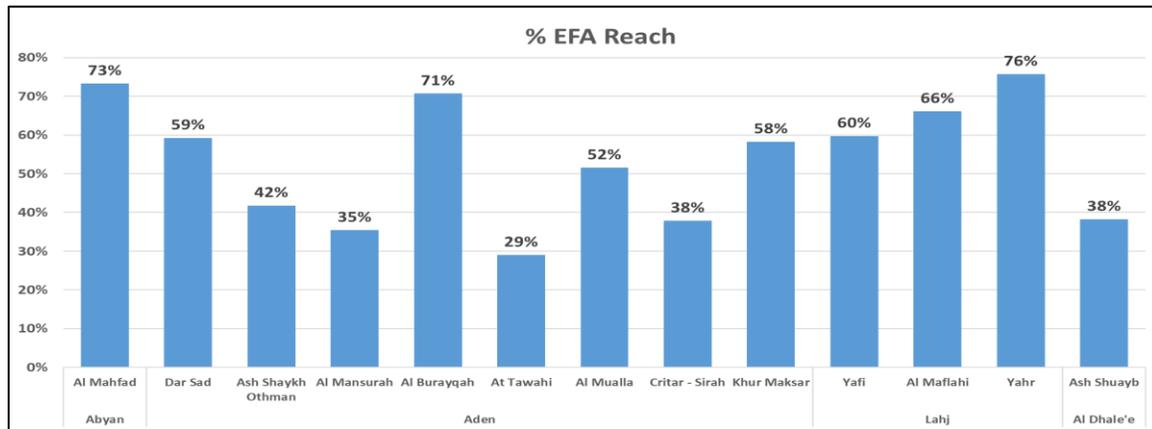
Action points

- FSAC to share the RRM data of Al Dhale'e with GC and GC to coordinate with partners at the field there.
- FSAC is going to have a short call with IDPs EXu of Qatabah district, Al Dhale'e on figures of IDPs reported.
- CARE to share key information with FSAC on sites and number of IDPs in Buriqah and Dar Sa'ad districts, Aden.
- FSAC to check with NRC (CCCM partner) on needs at IDPs sites at Khanfar district, Abyan.

- FSAC to interact with CCCM partner and IDPs EXu in Al Dhale'e, to refer list of un-assisted people to Helpcode

3. Regular response updates (achievements, gaps, and challenges)+ one off distribution

- FSAC highlighted the districts with coverage less than 100% under emergency food assistance response as per the chart below



- FSAC presented the achievements and partners presence in September 2022 according to partners' reports through 5W map.
- Samaritan Purse is implementing livestock support activities in Dar Sa'ad district, Aden through provision of livestock kits and delivering training to beneficiaries.
- For any crosscheck process, partners should ensure to share the list of beneficiaries once rather than disaggregating the list and sharing several times.
- FSAC developed Vulnerability Targeting Guideline last year, which articulates several approaches and was already posted in the FSAC website. As agreed, FSAC will seek out one of the partners, which exercised several and successful targeting approach, to do a presentation on some good examples of targeting approaches and lessons learnt.

Action points

- FSAC to share again the link of Vulnerability Targeting Guideline.

4. FSAC Emergency Livelihood Assistance Guidelines

- FSAC did a presentation on FSAC Emergency Livelihood Assistance Guidelines highlighting the key information of the background and General principles as follows;

Background

- The latest version of the ELA Guidelines was issued in December 2020. It foresaw 1 agriculture, 1 livestock and 1 fisheries kit, designed at country level.
- Given the evolution of the Yemeni context over the last 18 months, and by taking into account livelihood differences across the country, the review of the ELA Guidelines was deemed useful by the LTWG members and FSAC partners.

- The following areas have been discussed and revised: 1. the ELA kits developed / livelihood zone; 2. the composition and prices of the ELA kits; 3. the wording of few sections of the document, to provide more clarity
- 5 Ad-hoc working groups were established, aiming at developing 1 agriculture, 1 livestock and 1 fisheries kit per livelihood zone.
- Ad-hoc working groups were made by INGOs, NNGOs, FSAC, UN Agencies, Local Authorities. On average, ad-hoc working groups were made by 15 members.
- Ad-hoc working groups elaborated a first draft of the requested kits. Inputs were consolidated by FSAC at national level and double-checked by LTWG members.

General principles

- The ELA Guidelines focus on emergency short-term assistance; therefore, they are not covering longer term, development-oriented projects. The ELA main goal is supporting vulnerable households, aiming at meeting their short-term and basic livelihood needs.
- The composition of ELA kits is the following: Agriculture (cereal and vegetable) kit; Livestock kit; Fishery kits. Details of kit / livelihood zone available in the annex. There are specific ELA kits / each livelihood zone across the country as indicated in the annex.

Points discussed:

- The details of some components of each kits are highlighted in the comments part including the types and measurements. Given the variance in preferred fishery kits among the areas, it's highly recommended to carry out needs assessment for recognizing such needs and details at the area level. This is not limited only to Fishery kits, the needs assessment should take place prior to provision of any other kits as well.
- FSAC already posted the ELA guideline and kits in the FSAC website through the links below;
 - The revised version of the Emergency Livelihood Assistance (ELA) Guidelines ([FSAC Emergency Livelihood Assistance Guidelines \(08.2022 update\) | Food Security Cluster \(fscluster.org\)](#)) and [FSAC Emergency Livelihood Assistance Guidelines: kits / livelihood zone \(08.2022 update\) | Food Security Cluster \(fscluster.org\)](#)

5. AoB

- So far, the truce was not extended and the contingency plan was not drawn up yet. The partners are requested to inform FSAC on any displacement flux witnessed particularly in the concerned areas.
- Dorcas is planning to implement new project in Al Azariq district, comprising emergency and livelihood activities. Dorcas plans to hold a workshop on this project and invite FSAC partners to participate in, hence FSAC will circulate the invitation when date of workshop confirmed.