

MINUTES OF THE BORNO FOOD SECURITY SECTOR MEETING

Location: FMoARD PCU Conference Room

Date: 27 June 2019

Time: 10:15 am – 12: 10 pm

AGENDA

- 1. Welcome, Opening Remarks and Round of introductions (5 min)
- 2. Review of action points and approval of minutes of the previous meeting (5 min)
- 3. Brief presentation on Cadre Harmonise Analysis June 2019 updates for NE three states, by NPFS of FMoARD (15 min)
- 4. Updates and consultation on WFP caseload readjustment, by WFP (15 min)
- 5. Discussion on realignment of sector partners' response based on the latest CH analysis (15 min)
- 6. Sector updates (20 min)
- 7. Partner updates (15 min)
 - a. Government stakeholders (MoARD, PCNI, NEMA, NCFRMI, etc.)
 - b. Others
- 8. AOB (5 min)

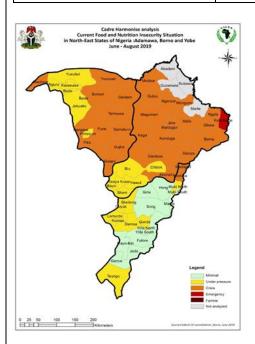
SUMMARY OF ACTION POINTS

- 1. FSS to follow up with WFP-VAM, CWG and FEWS NET on the possible collaboration on joint market price monitoring (for both food items and NFIs)
- 2. NPFS to ensure the correct figures are captured in the final fiche report
- 3. Sector to provide CH trend analysis compared with last year's updates.
- 4. WFP and AAH to meet for further consultation on Nganzai and Magumeri LGAs.
- 5. WFP and MC to meet for further consultation on Damboa.

No	PROCEEDING	ACTION POINTS
1	Welcome, Opening Remarks and Round of introduction	
	Meeting was opened by the Chair – Director Habib and followed by round of introduction	
2	Review of action points and approval of previous minutes	Pending
	1. FSS to follow up with WFP-VAM, CWG and FEWS NET on the possible collaboration on joint market	items from
	price monitoring (for both food items and NFIs) - Pending	the meeting
		will be part
	After the review, the minutes of the meeting held on 23 May was adopted.	of the action
		points for
		next
		meeting.
3	Brief presentation on Cadre Harmonise Analysis - June 2019 updates for NE three states, by NPFS of FMoARD	NPFS to
	(15 min)	ensure the
	Official fiche report: https://fscluster.org/nigeria/document/final-fiche-report-june-2019-cadre	correct
		figures are
	Total # of LGAs : 65 in the 3 States	captured in
	Total analysed: 61	the final
	Total not analysed : 4 (In Borno-Guzamala, Marte, Abadam and Kukawa LGAs)	fiche report



Period	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Phase 4	Phase 5	No of LGAs
Current	11	20	29	1	0	61
(June-August 2019)						



Sector to provide CH trend analysis compared with last year's updates.

Estimation of population

		CURRENT SITUATION: JUNE – AUGUST 2019								
		Total population in Phase1	Total population in Phase2	Total population in Phase3	Total population in Phase4	Total population in Phase5	Total population in Phase3 to 5			
ADAMAWA	4,821,369	3,439,130	1,103,633	263,664	14,942	-	278,606			
BORNO	5,120,984	1,525,578	1,845,263	1,488,831	261,312	-	1,750,143			
YOBE	3,882,432	1,411,973	1,524,985	800,582	144,892	-	945,474			
TOTAL	13,824,785	6,376,681	4,473,881	2,553,077	421,146		2,974,223			

Classification of Areas in Borno, Yobe and Adamawa

Phase Classification	Phase 1	Phase 2		Phase 4		
# of LGAs _		6	16			1
		Bayo	Askira Uba	Jere	Mobbar	Kala Balge
		Biu	Bama	Kaga	Monguno	
		Chibok	Damboa	Konduga	Ngala	
		Hawul	Dikwa	Mafa	Nganzai	
		Kwaya Kusar	Gubio	Maiduguri		
		Shani	Gwoza	Magumeri		

Phase Classification	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3		Phase Classification	Phas	se 1	Ph	ase 2	Phase 3
# of LGAs	-	6	11		# of LGAs	1:	1		8	2
		Bade	Bursari	Gujba		Fufore	Girei	Demsa	Shelleng	Madagali
		Jakusko	Damaturu	Machina		Ganye	Song	Numan	Mubi North	Michika
		Karasuwa	Fika	Nangere		Jada	Mubi South	Lamurde		
		Nguru	Fune	Tarmuwa		Mayo Belwa	Yola North	Toungo		
		Potiskum	Gulani	Yunusari		Maiha	Yola South	Guyuk		
		Yusufari	Geidam			Hong		Gombi		



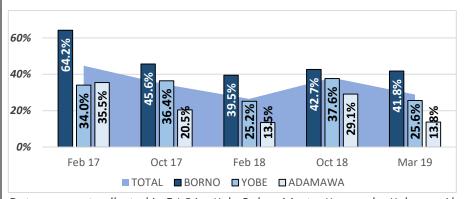
Note: Abadam, Marte, Guzamala and Kukawa were not analysed and the population from these LGAs was excluded from the Current Analysis for June to August, 2019.

The importance of CH analysis: it serves as the base for the FSS estimated people in need and targeted
and guides the FSL response by all stakeholders. The FSS IM products will be updated based on the
latest CH figures.

4 Updates and consultation on WFP caseload readjustment, by WFP (15 min) + Discussion on realignment of sector partners' response based on the latest CH analysis (15 min)

Evolution of Global Food Insecurity between February 2018 & March 2019

Increase in prevalence of food insecure households in some LGAs of Borno and Yobe due to relapse of the security situation and fresh waves of displacement. The same, coupled with communal conflicts in some areas of Adamawa continues to put pressure on resources in neighboring states of Adamawa and Yobe



Data were not collected in 5 LGAs: Kala Balge, Marte, Kuzamala, Kukawa, Abadam

When we compare with the same period last year, the overall percentage of food insecure households has slightly increased in Borno (about 2%) and remained the same in Yobe and Adamawa. However, this has to be contextualized as the changes (particularly increased food insecurity) was a bit more pronounced in some locations when compared to others;

- Some area have improved: Dikwa, Ngala, Mafa, Mobbar, Magumeri, Biu in Borno
- Some area deteriorated: Borno (Monguno, Kaga, Askira Uba, MMC, Biu), Yobe (Yunusari, Damaturu, Geidam, Jakusko, Bade), Asdamawa (Gombi, Guyuk, Numan, Yola South)

Detailed proposed actions by WFP are in the presentation link below for each State by LGA: https://fscluster.org/nigeria/document/presentation-wfp-caseload-re-modeling

Discussion

- WFP is meeting with various sector partners for further consultation especially those that are working in the same area.
- WFP clarified they do not have funds to covered all the needs. Therefore, they call upon partners to join and cover some of the areas, using this information presented.

5 Sector updates

Fertilizer movement and distribution - Advocacy and dialogues at various levels:

WFP and AAH to meet for further consultation on Nganzai and Magumeri LGAs.

WFP and MC to meet for further consultation on Damboa.



At FSS level:

- As this is a reoccurring challenge faced by sector partners every year, we have brought this issue to the attention of the Borno FSS Chair the new Perm. Sec of Borno MoA as soon as she was on board for her advocacy.
- Recently, the FSS raised the issue in the meeting between humanitarians and Theatre Commander on 27 May, however, the feedback we got is that the restriction remained unchanged.
- The FSS raised the issue to NEMA Abuja's attention in the monthly NEMA HCF meeting in Maiduguri on 20 June.
- The FSS has shared its advocacy message on fertilizer in both sector meetings in MIU (25 June) and Abuja (27 June).
- The messages have also been shared with donors bilaterally as well as in the sector meetings in which they attended.

At ISWG level:

- After being briefed by the FSS, OCHA DHoO has also highlighted the challenge and the urgency of it during the Army Command CIMIC team's visit in Maiduguri on 14 June.
- In addition to using our monthly sector IM products and OCHA sitrep to advocate on this issue, we have also highlighted this serious challenge at ISWG level so that OCHA CMCoord/Access and Logs Sector can also help advocate during their daily interaction with the military, referencing Borno Governor announced program which includes a reference to fertilizers (attached).
- The issue of fertilizer was specifically raised by OCHA Access colleagues during the meeting with GoC on 28 June. The question has been raised at the national level and will be discussed in the NAF HQ in Abuja.

At FSS partner level:

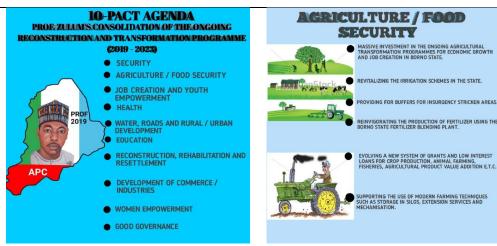
- According to Propcom, they are in the process of arranging a meeting between ONSA and private sector (fertilizer industry in NE) as this restriction affects not only NGOs/UN agencies but also private sector (fertilizer producers).
- Call for joint advocacy by partners in their respective messaging, especially orgs which has an advocacy wing in the institution.

At CLA level:

- FAO has engaging with ONSA and authorities at Abuja level to unblock the issue. a mission of the ONSA came to Maiduguri at the end of June to inspect the fertilizers FAO have. They are waiting for the official clearance from them that will indicate which type of fertilizers will be allowed for distribution. The clearance would likely be only for wet blended NPK (15.15.15). Once the clearance is obtained, it will be for all and not for FAO only.
- Between FAO and WFP, the CLAs will also ask OCHA to include the fertilizer advocacy messages in the HCT common messaging.

The new Governor's 10 pact agenda below also includes Food Security and Agriculture in general as indicated below.





Advocacy messages:

- Since 2017, partners have been distributing fertilizers NPK 15-15-15 for both rainy and dry season in the three north east States of Adamawa, Borno and Yobe reaching hundred thousands of producers. In 2019, a ban on fertilizers distribution in the BAY States has been issued by the office of the national security adviser (ONSA) in Abuja.
- Partners DO NOT PLAN TO DISTRIBUTE UREA FERTILIZER in the North East States. Although there are no indications whatsoever in this direction, it should be noted that some groups are capable of making Home Made Explosives (HME) out of some kinds of fertilizers, usually Ammonium Nitrate (AN) or Calcium Ammonium Nitrate (CAN), which have a high nitrate content (at 34-35%) that can been used as an oxidizing agent in explosives. Partners are instructed not to use any fertilizer such as Ammonium Nitrate that can be used for producing explosives and is advised not including them in any of its relief programmes.
- In 2017, theater command operation Lafiya Dole also conducted laboratory analysis of partners' fertilizer and concluded that they don't include ammonium nitrate. Partners' fertilizers transportation to the State capital and distribution at the LGAs level are processed only if an authorization from Theatre Command Operation Lafiya Dole is obtained.
- The fertilizers usage is limited to the areas under the trenches controlled by the security forces. The non-application of fertilizers will reduce the produce from 30 to 50% in a theater where production is already limited by the availability of land. The rainy season has started and urgent timely distribution of fertilizers is required to boost the production in the affected States.

NEMA Monthly Humanitarian Coordination Forum (HCF) on 20 June – FSS advocacy points

- 1. The WFP EFSA findings indicate an increase in the prevalence of food insecure households in some LGAs across Borno, Yobe and Adamawa States (ex: Damboa, Magumeri, Mobbar, Maiduguri, Monguno, Nganzai, Askira/Uba, Biu, Kaga and Gubio, etc.). This trend is attributed to an overall worsening of the security situation, new waves of displacement and reduction of agricultural area during the last planting season around the garrison towns in Northern, Eastern and Central areas of Borno.
- 2. In view of the deteriorated food security situation, the limited safe access to land and ongoing insecurity that prevents people from settling or return, we expected that NEMA continues its assistance in selective camps and host communities for which it is responsible, and that some hot spot informal settlements in MMC/Jere as well as new areas like Askira uba and Biu are assisted by NEMA in the future, if indeed NEMA can have regular pipelines and not one offs.



	 Government, with support from humanitarians, needs to ensure that basic services and civil authorities are in place prior to relocation and/or returns (ex: Jakana, Damboa and Rann, etc.) The restriction of movements of humanitarian goods prevents timely transportation of food stock which is urgently needed to ensure continuity of assistance in the field. Limited number of shelters due to lack of land also creates challenge for food storage at household level and increase the risk of food spoilage, especially as the rainy season has begun. 	
6	Partner Updates North East Development Commission (NEDC) The Presidential Committee on the North East Initiative (PCNI) has transitioned into newly inaugurated NEDC. More updates on its FSL activities will be provided by NEDC colleagues in the near future. The Sector and other partners appreciate the continuous good collaboration and coordination with NEDC team.	
7	AOB: ARCN reminds agriculture partners to anticipate the predicted dry spells during the rainy season and educate farmers on various water harvesting/storage techniques.	
8	CLOSING: With no other business, the meeting was adjourned at 12:10pm. The next meeting date and venue to be confirmed.	

IN ATTENDANCE: 15 partners were in attendance – 26 individuals (9 Females & 17 Males)

Government/UN/Donors/Others	INGOs	NNGOs	
1. FMoARD – PCU	2. SCI	3. Young Aid	
4. FMoARD - NPFS	5. AAH	6. FINDEF	
7. NEDC	8. INTERSOS		
9. USAID	10. FEWS NET		
11. WFP	12. MC		
13. ECHO			
14. ARCN			
15. Swiss Embassy			•