### MEETING AGENDA

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### MEETING MINUTES

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**DISCUSSION POINTS:**

FAO regional coordinator chaired the meeting and welcomed the participants to the meeting especially, Mr. Javed Khan (FSAC Information Management & Communication Officers) and Mr. Abdul Baies Rashidi (the NGO co-chair of National FSAC Office). Then the PAIL director Mr. Sayed Hafizullah Saeedi opened the meeting with a comprehensive speech regarding the FSAC achievement in the previous years and thanked FAO and other partners for playing their critical role in the mitigation of the impacts of disasters. He also mentioned that this year will be relatively good in terms of precipitation level but meanwhile we should stay alert because a high level of precipitation could cause serious damage to vulnerable people of this region,
The participants agreed to conduct FSAC meetings bi-monthly and in the case of Emergencies, it should be held monthly.

Next meeting to be held on 15th December 2019.

Conduction of basic food security and IPC training at the southern region level

**MINUTES NO** | AGENDA | FACILITATOR
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3 | FSAC documentary | FSAC Kabul

**DISCUSSION POINTS:**

An outstanding documentary prepared by FSAC co-chair WHH presented by Mr. Abdul Baies, the documentary highlights the work of FSAC has been doing and the existing coordination mechanism in humanitarian assistance delivery by partners, WFP and FAO representatives, WHH country director, MAIL counterparts and some beneficiaries were discussing the needs, aided people and were describing how FSAC is managing to coordinate in between the partners and is directing the assistance toward the needed beneficiaries.

**MINUTE NO** | AGENDA | FACILITATOR
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4 | FSAC achievements in 2019. | FSAC

**DISCUSSION POINTS:**

FSAC partners provided food assistance to 3,468,463 (88%) people against a target of 3,943,416 and livelihoods assistance to 967,705 (53%) against a target of 1,817,500 people. FSAC partners received 145 million USD in 2019. Whereas, another 100 million USD raised in 2018 for drought response was used for 2019 drought response.
MINUTE NO | AGENDA | FACILITATOR
--- | --- | ---
5 | Update by partners on the humanitarian situation in the region. | OCHA / other FSAC partners

**DISCUSSION POINTS:**

As per the latest IPC analysis, Between November 2019 and March 2020, around 11.29 million people (37% of the total population) are estimated to likely experience severe acute food insecurity, out of which an estimated 8.6 million people will likely be in Crisis (IPC Phase 3) and nearly 2.7 million people will likely be in Emergency (IPC Phase 4). Furthermore, around 9.45 million people will be in a Stress (IPC Phase 2).

**Kandahar:**

Until the end of March 2020, the Kandahar will be in IPC 3 (Crisis). DoRR reported 250 conflict-affected IDPs families in the Khakrez NSAG control area, OCHA community-based access negotiation is ongoing with the stand by assessment team has already formed. ANDMA reported 26 natural disaster-affected families after conducting assessment 8 families / 79 individuals verified and assisted. No COVID 19 confirmed case reported in Southern Region. However, DoPH has already established two medical teams in Kandahar airport and an isolation ward in Mirwais Hospital.

**Hilmand:**

Until the end of March 2020, Hilmand will be in IPC 3 (Crisis). DoRR reported 70 heavy rain-affected families and 40 families / 519 individuals verified and assisted in Lashkargah & Nawa. However, the distribution of winterization and shelter kits delayed. OCHA access negotiated after community alert (4,300 reported HHs in Nawzad and Washer) need assessment started in Washer followed by Nawzad as soon security situation allows.

**Uruzgan:**

Until the end of March 2020, Urozgan will be in IPC 4 (Emergency). DoRR reported 160 conflict-affected IDPs in Tirinkot displaced within the district due to military operations, OCT to verify the information. ANDMA reported 125 persistent rain-affected families in Tirinkot, However, after conducting random sampling, OCT rejected the caseload. Similarly, ANDMA reported 51 rain-affected families in Tirinkot 95 families verified and assisted with ESNFIs to 17 families and WASH to all 95 families remain gaps. The IFRC mobile health team (MHT) OPD services operationalized in Uruzgan province.

**Zabul:**

Until the end of March 2020, Zabul will be in IPC 3 (Crisis). Interferences created a challenging environment by parties to conflict discouraging humanitarian staff to reach affected communities in hard to reach areas. Access negotiated by OCHA and assessment completed for snow and heavy rain affected families in In Tarnak Wa Jaldak (140 HH), Qalat (80 HH) and Mezan (103) districts and total 327 families verified and assisted. Qalat assessment conducted for 50 HHs and 174 families verified with assistance ongoing. WASH kit remains a gap. DoRR reported 170 conflict IDPs families in Qalat with OCT to verify the information.
Four teams of de-mining projects suspended by NSAG in Tarnak wa Jaldak along Kandahar – Kabul highway.

**Nimroz:**

Until the end of March 2020, Nimroz will be in IPC 3 (Crisis). DoRR reported 250 conflict IDPs families in Zaranj after conducting need assessment 33 families/224 individuals verified and assisted. Similarly, 388 conflict-affected IDPs families reported by DoRR in Charborjak and Zaranj, OCT will verify the caseload. Health services challenged by NSAG resulting in medical supplies shortage.

FSAC partners provided food assistance to 3,468,463 (88%) people against a target of 3,943,416 and livelihoods assistance to 967,705 (53%) against a target of 1,817,500 people. FSAC partners received 145 million USD in 2019. Whereas, another 100 million USD raised in 2018 for drought response was used for 2019 drought response.

Mr. Raisi also highlighted the importance of coordination meetings at the national and regional levels of the country to ensure the right people are identified and assisted with humanitarian assistance.

He also highlighted the importance of working collectively as a cluster and reaching the vulnerable people, ensuring assistance delivery through the right partner is one of the key responsibilities of clusters, therefore, the cluster should closely monitor the partners, facilitate the equal opportunity of program and project implementation. The cluster as the ultimate resort can intervene when no other partner can deliver.

Mr. Raisi encouraged national FSAC to conduct capacity building events for NGO partners in the region with the updated knowledge of food security, livelihoods, IPC and to involve them in food security assessments, also developing HNO and HR.

**ACTION POINTS:**

- For the sake of better coordination, FSAC partners in the southern region should meet regularly on the bi-monthly basis to act efficiently and coordinated in terms of need identification and conveying information to national FSAC.

- Conduction of capacity building events on food security, livelihoods and IPC at the regional level and involving NGO Co-chair in FSAC related activities.

- The list of southern regional FSAC partners’ contact needs to be updated.

- FSAC will follow up with WFP Kabul on the food assistance delivery issue between WFP and other FSAC partners in the southern region.
Partners’ Plan for southern region 2020

DISCUSSION POINTS:

FAO:

FAO recently received support from the Denmark government which will provide livelihood support mostly for those provinces which are under IPC 4 (Emergency) like Central Highlands (Daikundi, Ghor, Urozgan), Badakhshan and Herat.

FAO under OSRO/AFG/908/DEN project will provide 2,000 vulnerable seed insecure farmers in Tirinkot with wheat seed and home gardening tools and 800 other beneficiaries with Cash for Work modality. Also, under the OSRO/AFG/002/SWE project, FAO will support 2,000 vulnerable seed insecure farmers in Chora district with wheat seed and home gardening tools and 750 other beneficiaries with Cash for Work modality.

WFP:

The mandate of WFP is to achieve the SDG-2 (Zero Hunger) and SDG-17 (partnership for the goals). WFP works based on 6 strategic outcomes. The first strategic outcome (SO1) is related to emergency response focusing on food supply to emergency and disaster-affected populations. Under SO1, Kandahar Area office planned emergency response projects in all five provinces including Kandahar, Helmand, Urozgan, Zabul, and Nimroz.

Under this Strategic outcome (SO1) the annual Implementation plan 2020 in the Kandahar area office have bellow five strategic areas of work,

The IP-2020 will cover a total of 108,916 House Holds or 762,414 individuals for food and Cash base transfer modalities or food assistance in the five mentioned provinces with the bellow breakdowns

1- Natural disaster Food (2,947 Households) and Cash-Based Transfers CBT (982 Households)
2- Social protection-CBT (428 HHs)
3- Conflict-Affected IDPs – Food 2,490 HHs and CBT 816 HHs
4- Returnees (Undocumented) – Food 4857 HHs and CBT 3,571 HHs
5- Unconditional Seasonal Support – Food 79,754 HH and CBT 14,071 HHs

AOB

- Strengthening the coordination between the cluster and FSAC members and discussing the issue of WFP, which other partners think that does not allow other members to do food distribution.
- Conduction of regular meetings, the meeting time should never be missed.
- Preparing an updated contact list of the active NGOs working in the southern region.
- The next meeting to be held on 14 April 2020 and the new NGO regional co-chair will be elected.