# Summary of Flagged Locations

**Week 01 – 08 January 2019**

<table>
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<th>1</th>
<th>Locations for Response scale up.</th>
<th>CENTRAL EQUATORIA</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>1.1 Kajo Keji (Korijo Village):</strong> Hot spots and estimated population - Kajo Keji Center/ Mere (151HHs), Korijo Camp (35,000 - 40,000 indiv.) and Merwa (6,000)</td>
<td>OCHA-led team assessed humanitarian situation in Kajo Keji from 28 Nov to 3 Dec. Locations accessible by road from Juba. <strong>Approved by ICWG as prioritization location!</strong> Preliminary PC assessment findings were shared, community based response recommended by ICWG especially in WASH and Health. Critical needs and gaps reported in food and NFI, concerned cluster to recommend appropriate response.</td>
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<td><strong>Update by partners:</strong> Health is already responding through THSS; WASH is scaling up through PAH; FSL dry season response</td>
<td><strong>Action points:</strong></td>
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<td>➔ <strong>PC will share assessment report</strong></td>
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<td><strong>1.2 Leer, Mayendit, Koch (Bieh) – Hotspot areas:</strong> Padeah, Bou, Guat, Luom and Bieh, Ngony, Mirmir and Adok. Continued IDP returnees reported in Adok port, numbers are increasing. Medair conducted NFI assessment and NFIs arrived on Friday. WASH scale up planned adapting to transit site through static partners. Health partners reopened PHCU (ICRC compliments). Central Unity partner side meeting took place and OCHA is planning a deep field mission for an assessment in February.</td>
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<td><strong>1.3 Wau (Western Bhar el Ghazal) – Hotspot area:</strong> Greater Baggari. Wau partners exploring setting up a humanitarian hub in opposition controlled area in the greater Baggari area to address needs of around 18,000 people scattered in several areas namely Naudoju, Ngovar, Karabazi, karbavra, Congolessi, Vudor, Ver Udi, Yivilessi and Mogilla. Wau based field office leading on the response.</td>
<td><strong>Update:</strong> Access improvements were noted and distributions in Greater Baggari are planned. 370 IDPs approached partners to return to Deim Zubier – 170 returns were facilitated by the government. Wau PoC AA intentions survey by DTM revealed that 40% of the IDPs have intention to leave in the next three months (in line with observed trends).</td>
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<td><strong>1.4 Yirol East – Hotspot areas &amp; estimated population in need — Jier (5638(^1), IDP settlement), Mamer (2,089(^2), IDP settlement), Marchar Archiel (4,611(^2))</strong></td>
<td><strong>Background:</strong> Inter-communal conflict in April in Rumbek North led to displacement of the Pakam population to Yirol East. See previous minutes for more background and assessment recommendations.</td>
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<td><strong>Update:</strong> WASH has no immediate capacity to scale up, but probably by the end of January a scale up is planned. Medair health team finished nutrition and health assessments and teams go</td>
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1 DRC headcount
2 Unverified, IDP settlement
No further updates in terms of needs reported.

**Action Point:**

- WASH will update the next NAWG

### 1.5 Yirol West – Hotspot: Mapourdit

(estimated 34,020 population including IDPs – source of figure unclear, likely local authority; IOM DTM Mobility Tracking reported 3,465 returnees in Mapourdit, 933 IDPs and a host population of 5,000. Few IDPs reported but IPC projected pockets of population in Phase 5 - timeframe Dec / Jan. ICWG recommendation Health + NUT to follow up, FSL to review timing of GFD, WASH assessment recommended to guide response. Update: NUT ongoing response, along with shelter/NFI; PC is scaling up

### 1.6 Panyikang, Canal/Pigi, Fangak: Hotspot areas

Panyikang - locations from Tonga down the riverbank east through around Dor– towards Owaja; Fangak: northern payam bordering Canal/Pigi and Panyikang; Canal: north- western part of Canal. ICWG recommendation: strengthen static response in areas within Fangak and Tonga and for areas for areas on the outskirts provide assistance through mobile response mechanism. Update: OCHA how to strengthen deep field coordination capacity in the area (Malakal possibly), an area operation meeting is to be scheduled by OCHA for January. WFP discussing possibility of providing services from Malakal rather than RRM. MEDAIR also looking into the area. NUT is planning to go to Panyikang.

**Action point:**

- PC to share report asap

### 1.7 Pibor – reflagged as response scale up (previously endorsed by ICWG). Hotspot areas: Gumuruk, Verteth and Lekuongule

Update: OCHA did a field visit with WASH, protection and health cluster to Pibor. All clusters had in-depth discussion with Pibor based partners on how to scale up response. WASH has pre-positioned and is responding

Health: 2 partners are responding, no cholera case reported.

#### 1.6.2 Gogrials/Warrap reflagged as response scale up (previously endorsed by ICWG).

**Hotspot areas:** Toch East, Aliek (TN/GW Border), Man-Loor, Pagol (GW/GE border), Akoc, Pannyok (Twic)

For background, see previous minutes. Update: Population figures remain unclear. Big differences in Gogrial East and West, they should be separately taken into account.

Protection cluster reports that in Kuach 26,000 households are counted and 40% estimated IDPs. Ongoing cattle raids, and very high food insecurity. Key gaps are WASH, Health PHCS and PHCUs have very little resources in terms of medicines and NFIs. Livestock disease outbreaks reported in the two counties.

### Locations for assessments

- n/a

### Locations for close monitoring + further info

**CENTRAL EQUATORIA**

**Hotspot:** Yei (Kupera, North East of Yei town, South of Yei town)

- Previously planned assessment mission to Kupera on hold until security and access improvements.
• **Update OCHA:** over holiday period, several conflict incidents reported. In Lainya several bridges have been destroyed (see map in presentation). Access problems Yei-Maridi, Yei-Ladu, Yei-Tori, Yei-Koyoki. Air services need to be used for transport. If not enough capacity in Yei, Juba support might be required. New displacement reported with IDP arrivals in Tori and Lasu.

**UPPER NILE**

Hot-spot areas: Tonga/Fashoda region, Manyo (over 11,000 returning IDPs reported), Maiwut/Longochuk (Pagak, Mathiang)

- Returnees reported across several parts of Upper Nile. Importance from a needs perspective given likelihood this adds pressure host community resources, as demonstrated in last IPC.
- **Update:** OCHA held coordination meeting, security assessment by DSS is to be conducted in Pagak area. Returns planning exercise currently being conducted (OCHA-led, and including DTM; REACH; UNHCR; WFP; PC) – analysis to be shared in early February.

**Action point:**
- FSL will share WFP VAM information on returns
- DRC will check when and if they are going for an assessment

**EQUATORIAS**

Western, Central and Eastern Equatorias: Hotspot (all) - Ebola

- Given risk of Ebola in the area, all border crossing points will be closely monitored for shifting security or displacement dynamics.
- **Update:** No partner reporting changes. Situation in Yei could have impact on accessibility for a possible Ebola response and should be closely monitored, same with DRC election-related violence in eastern part of country. Ebola is a risk for the health facilities in terms of access – **flagging to OCHA Access Group and Ebola Access TWG.** Limited number of screening points accessible/functional, some roads require forced protection.

**Action point:**
- IOM DTM will share updated list of border crossing points

Hotspot areas – Mundri East, hostpots being Amadi and Keediba.

- No indicative figure of populations in need.
- **Update:** WASH coordination meeting reports, out of 163 boreholes only 82 are functional - partners needed for reparations. **Mundri WEST:** Minga, Keediba, Lakamadi: dry spell affected crops, appeal for food support and farming equipment required. Clusters link up with their partners to identify gaps and strengthen response accordingly.

**Action point:**
- OCHA will check with Field Office
- Minutes of WASH coordination meeting will be shared
Northern Bhar EL GHAZAL

‘Aweils’ – Hotspot: Aweil West and areas that are situated along the river Nyamlel and smaller feeder rivers

- Displacement and crop destruction related to flooding (above average rainfall also indicated in WFP-VAM rainfall data across July-Sept period). Area has high GAM prevalence (June 2018): 21.0% (17.4 – 25.1 CI); SAM 4.9% (3.2 – 7.3% CI) and was classified as IPC phase 4/3/4. FSNMS assessment still ongoing.

- Update: REACH team conducted assessment in December following flooding in August/Sept and discovered harvest having been destroyed by flooding and difficulties of market accessibility from Sudan (two supply routes inaccessible), resulting in very high market prices (50 kg flour at 16,000 SSP) and subsequent low access to food. A high level of livestock diseases are reported and as coping strategies populations reportedly leave for Sudan and urban centres such as Aweil Town.

Recommendation -> whilst findings indicates worsening situation, wait for IPC analysis to get more in-depth picture which could inform potential scale-up in the future.

Discussion on new proposed locations:

- Southern Fangak, Mareang payam – flooding related displacements + destruction of shelter reported; flagged by local partner. Reportedly more than 1,000 households destroyed, hundreds displayed, figures are however unconfirmed and exact needs unclear. Area appears to be close to where Medair assessed in 2018 (Nyadin).

  Action point: Nutrition + Health Cluster to follow up and feedback at next NAWG to evaluate if it meets NAWG triggers. Based on this, decide on required action.

- Cattle raiding incidents reported in 1) Rumbek North – Maper County, 30 miles away of Apeil county: On 26th December Luak and dozens of people killed through cattle raiding. On 9 January protection will assess. 2) Akobo West and Nyirol cattle raiding attacks reported in early January. Rumbek North + Greater Akobo Locations however not added yet as close monitoring as too little information at this point / re-evaluate at next NAWG if it meets NAWG triggers.

AOB

- Next NAWG will be at 22/01
- NAWG workshop will be scheduled after IPC (possibly mid-February)