



Date: 21 June 2017
 Place: FAO, Islamabad.
 Timing: 10:30am – 12:00pm

No. of Participants: 21
 Participant Organizations: 14
 Male and Female: 17:4

Meeting Minutes

Agenda Points	Deliberations	Action Points/Decisions	
FS HSP 2017 Response Update	HSP-2017 (Jan-May)		
	Assisted beneficiaries :		562,698
	Distributed food (mt):		34,605
	Agriculture Inputs (Package)		22600
	Cash Assistance		1600
	Male HH:		89%
	Female HH:		11%
	Returned families:		29,187
	Geographic Coverage:		7 districts of KP , 4 agencies & 1 FR of FATA
	Humanitarian Hub:		23
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The information is from Jan to May 2017 - The aforementioned detail is about FAO, WFP, Care intervention including Cooperative Partners of WFP in KP and FATA 			
Returns Update	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ As per the last update that is 26th May to 01 June 2017, total of 259,360 Families have returned while 45,488 families are still in displacement. 583 families have returned in the reporting week. In total 15% 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 	

	are female headed households..	
FS Emergency Response Preparedness Plan 2017	<p>Summary of the Stock</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Approximately 8151 metric tons of food items could be made available by WFP sufficient to meet the need of around 77000 families for three month. ▪ FSC members do not have any agricultural input stocks available in the country and there is a funding gap for that. ▪ There is no stock available in the country to be used for livestock restocking. ▪ The procurement plans and list of vendors are ready to be contacted in case of emergency to provide immediate livestock vaccination and inputs support. <p>Response Capacity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Overall 25 humanitarian organizations including 17 national NGOs, 6 International NGOs, 2 UN Agencies and PRCS. ▪ These organizations can also perform their role in any assessment in case of any emergency. <p>Challenges</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The food available is for a very limited number and procurement for more affected has a lead time of 15 to 30 days. ▪ FSC members usually need some time for the procurement of certified seeds. ▪ The FSC members usually require a minimum of 15 days to one month lead time for starting the intervention, because of the non-availability of stock. <p>The FSWG members organizational presence Map at national and provincial level has been developed and presented in which the geographical presence of the organization was shown.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The Maps of the organization presence will be shared with members
IPC Chronic Analysis for Sindh	<p>The findings of IPC Chronic Analysis were shared. Following are some of the key findings of the report:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Out of the 18 districts analyzed, 7 districts have at least 20% of the population in level 4 (severe chronic food insecurity) and 10 districts are in level 3 (moderate chronic food insecurity). Only one district (Hyderabad) is in level 2 (mild chronic food insecurity). ▪ The most vulnerable districts falling in Level 4 are Tharparkar, Badin, Thatta, Jacobabad, Jamshoro, Shikarpur and Dadu. ▪ The highest proportions of Households in level 4 are found in Tharparkar and Jacobabad. ▪ Average Stunting Rates (including moderate and severe) for children 6-59 months across the province are 48%, whereas severe stunting rates are 24%. ▪ The highest proportion of stunted children can be found in Badin, Jacobabad, Tharparkar and Thatta (including Sujjawal). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The presentation will be shared with the minutes. ▪ The final report and findings will be

<p>IPC Acute Analysis for four drought prone districts of Sindh: Jamshoro, Sanghar, Umerkot and Tharparkar Districts in Sindh</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The findings of IPC Acute Analysis were already shared with FSWG members for feedback. Following are the key findings of the report: ▪ IPC Acute Food Insecurity analysis was conducted for four districts in Sindh, namely Jamshoro, Sanghar, Umerkot and Tharparkar. ▪ Due to absence of recent information on acute food insecurity, primary data was collected through the Livelihood and Food Security Assessment (LFSA), conducted in April/May 2017. ▪ In total, 1,573 households were interviewed during LFSA from both urban and rural areas. These households are located in 20 sub-districts (Taluka/Tehsil) and 89 PSUs (72 rural (36 UCs) and 17 urban). ▪ As per the results, Jamshoro, Sanghar and Tharparkar districts were classified in Phase 4 (Emergency), because at least 20% population in these districts was in Phase 4, whereas Umerkot was classified in Phase 3 (Crisis) for same reason. ▪ It should be noted, however, that Umerkot is on the borderline with many indicators pointing towards the Phase 4 situation. ▪ The IPC analysis reveals that a large proportion of households are facing food consumption gaps as seen through the proportion of households that were found to have Poor Food consumption (Food Consumption Score below 28), with around 20% in Jamshoro and Umerkot, and close to 46% for Tharparkar. ▪ Women dietary diversity was found to be very low and only 30% of women were consuming more than 5 food groups. ▪ Around 80% of children were not consuming diet of minimum dietary diversity (Consuming more than 4 food groups). <p>The participants of FSWG meeting highlighted the need for endorsement of results of both analyses by the Government. The IPC team has already shared the draft findings with the relevant Government departments and results will also be presented to the Nutrition Steering Committee of Sindh Government.</p> <p>On suggestions of representative of UNICEF/Nutrition Working Group, separate results on SAM and MAM children will be also prepared.</p>	<p>presented to Sindh Nutrition Steering Committee.</p>
<p>Updates</p>	<p>FSWG in Balochistan</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ In meeting WFP and Islamic Relief Pakistan, it was suggested that P&D Department can lead the FSWG in order to ensure more effectiveness and ownership at all level. ▪ Meeting was conducted with Chief Foreign Aid and Chief Health & Nutrition-Planning and Development Department. ▪ Food Security Focal Point has not been appointed in SUN Secretariat. The Chief Health and Nutrition from P&D will lead FSWG and WFP/FAO will act as Co-lead. Other government line departments will be invited to be a part of FSWG. 	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 4Ws Matrix has already been shared with the organizations working in food security and livelihoods in Balochistan. The information is being collected. <p>Situation Response Analysis Framework (SRAF) Report</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ A five-day' workshop on SRAF was held from 11 – 15 May 2017, in Karachi. The draft report of SRAF has shared with the participants for their feedback and comment. The final report will be shared with FSWG Members. <p>Inter Cluster Mission to South Waziristan Agency</p> <p>Inter Cluster Mission to South Waziristan was held on 23rd to 25th May 2017. The mission visited TANK, Ladha, Kaniguram, Makeen and Shawal tehsils and met with political administration and Army. The objective of the mission has been shared.</p> <p>Update on the current return status to SWA is that return is in its last stages and majority of the IDPS of SWA have returned and all tehsils of SWA are completely cleared. During the visit, the team also carried out discussions with the newly returnees of Baddar, Ladha, Speen Qamer, Makeen and Shawal. The team also met the army officials at SAAM, Kanigurm, Makeen and Shawal.</p>	
AOB		

Annex 1 – Participants List (FSC Meeting on 23 May 2017)

Sr. #	Name	Designation	Organization	E mail
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