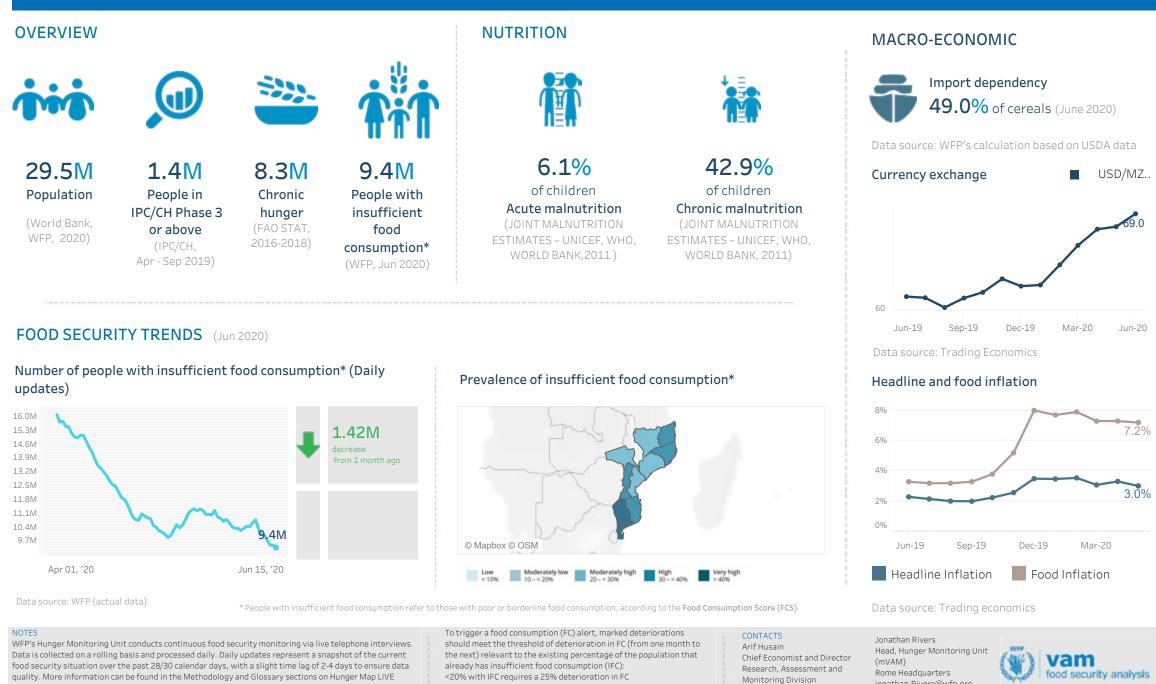
HungerMap LIVE: Hunger and COVID-19 Weekly Snapshot Mozambique | June 19, 2020



20-30% with IFC, requires a 15% deterioration in FC

>30% with IFC, requires a 10% deterioration in FC

Hunger Monitoring Unit | Research, Assessment and Monitoring Division

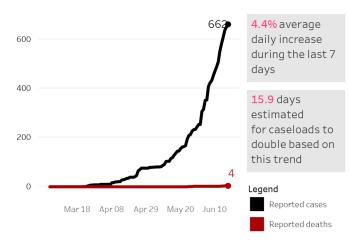
(hungermap.wfp.org).

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HungerMap LIVE: Hunger and COVID-19 Weekly Snapshot Mozambique | June 19, 2020

COVID-19 CASES (Source: © Johns Hopkins University) Confirmed COVID-19 cases as of 18 June, 2020



DEMOGRAPHICS

>79*

Mozambique (60 and above)

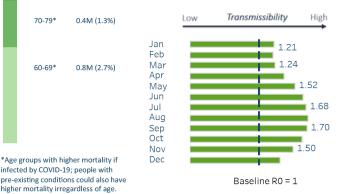
Breakdown of age groups in An e

0.1M (0.3%)

An estimation of possible climate related seasonal changes in SARS-Cov-2 reproductive number (R0), a measure of infectiousness, based on air

VIRUS TRANSMISSIBILITY

temperature and relative humidity (Source: COVID-19 and climate: Possible geographical and temporal patterns.)



HEALTH ACCESS

The number of households reporting challenges accessing health services has increased by 0.13M compared to last week

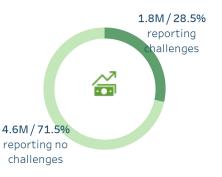


Top 5 barriers to accessing health services

Health services are too far	1.08M / 80.4%
Lack of money	0.18M/13.4%
Travel restrictions	0.05M/3.9%
Health services are closed	0.02M/1.8%
All household members are too sick to travel June 15, 2020	0.01M/0.6% Not mentioned Source: WFP
June 8, 2020	

MARKET ACCESS

The number of households reporting challenges accessing markets/grocery stores has increased by 0.17M compared to last week



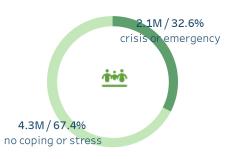
Top 5 barriers to accessing markets/grocery stores

0.42M/29.2% Markets/grocery stores are too far 0.30M / 23.2% 0.36M / 24.8% Markets/grocery stores are closed 0.32M/24.5% 0.32M / 21.8% Concerned about going out because of the outbreak 0.31M/24.1% 0.24M/16.7% Security concerns 0.23M / 18.0% All adults members are too 0.04M / 2.9% sick to go out

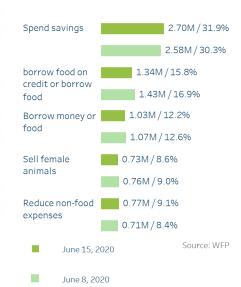
go out 0.06M / 4.8% June 15, 2020 Source: WFP

LIVELIHOOD COPING

The number of households using crisis or emergency livelihood coping strategies has increased by 0.04M compared to last week



Top 5 livelihood coping strategies



NOTES

WFP's Hunger Monitoring Unit (previously known as mVAM) conducts continuous food security monitoring via phone interviews. Data is collected on a rolling basis and processed daily. Daily updates represent a snapshot of the current situation over the past 14 days for health and market access and 28/30 calendar days for livelihood coping. Note that there is a slight time lag of 2-4 days to ensure data quality. From this week onward: the data on health/market access and livelihood coping has transitioned from reporting the number of people affected to the number of households affected. In light of the recent Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) outbreak, these systems have been expanded to monitor COVID-19 impacts on households, specifically the access to health services, markets and livelihood changes\impacts. This will help WFP and other agencies monitor the situation, capture problems in real time and provide the necessary information for early action and mitigation.

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June 8, 2020

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