

### BACKGROUND

Desert Locust outbreaks occurred along the Red Sea shores in winter of 2018/2019. Swarms emigrated from these areas to Central and Eastern regions from January to March 2019.

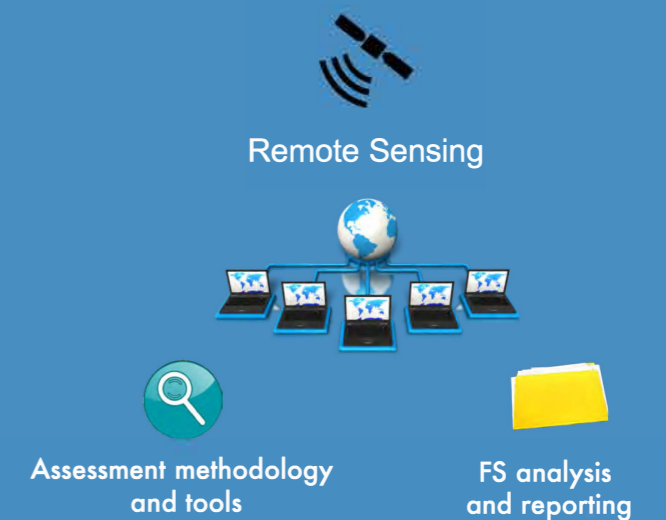
Two generations of spring breeding spread to the Horn of Africa and to the India-Pakistan border in June 2019. Two more generations occurred in the latter area as a result of the best monsoon rains in 25 years. (source: Locust Watch FAO) Desert locust outbreak critically affects agriculture-based livelihoods and food security. The current crisis (from December 2019) is affecting countries and communities with high percentage of population in Phase 3 and above of the Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) and fragile economic stability.

### EAST AFRICA REGION (FSNWG)

The Nairobi-based Greater Horn of Africa Food Security and Nutrition Working Group (FSNWG) is a coordination body in the Eastern and Central Africa Region which is playing a key role on information sharing and analysis relating to the locust outbreak, bringing together partners and technical experts. FSNWG is co-lead by FAO and IGAD.

The FSNWG is coordinating the below Technical WGs:

### WORKING GROUPS



### USEFUL LINKS

- FAO Desert Locust
- FAO Locust Watch
- FSNWG Special report on DL
- gFSC webpage
- IGAD
- WFP Emergencies