How can approaches to end hunger transform the mindset and behaviour of women and men alike to reduce gender inequalities. What do we know about differences between men and women in this regard?

- Work with men and women at community level to address harmful cultural practices
- Initiate gender dialogues aimed at addressing socio-cultural norms
- If the approaches take inclusivity as a priority, this would achieve great results in this aspect
- The projects to end hunger are so short term whilst transformation is a long term process. Working with government works but it is heavily underresourced to continue with the work
- Include Trainings for Transformation to communities and local leadership as part of programs
- On mindset change for men and women at family level. One approach that stands a good chance of bringing about good results is the Gender Action Learning System (GALS). Exposure to GALS will go a long way in changing the status
Women play a critical role in agriculture, yet most of them are unpaid and don’t own land. How can we change this? What do we know about it?

We need to start engaging the local leadership to start facilitating for women to have access to land. In most rural settings, land distributions are facilitated by the local leaders.

Need to influence societal/cultural norms to ensure women also access land. There is also need to address the issue at family level. Approaches like GALS can contribute to resolving this.

Empower women particularly of their rights and how they can work from their end to convince those in power to allocate land to women. On the other hand those in power should be capacitated into how they need to realise women contribution.

We need to start unpacking transformative leadership and gender sensitisation across stakeholders.

There is need for realisation from all angles that women’s work should not be trivialised as it is that they do that makes everyone’s life twick.

Commercialize value chains, include market linkages as part of all programs.

Start talking of unpaid care work in programs.

Engage with gatekeepers making them more gender aware so that they can lobby for gender reforms.
While women and girls are empowered in FSLC projects, communities and families might continue to be characterised by gender inequality. How can this be changed?

Like the first 2 questions, working on current societal norms through such gender inclusive approaches like GALS will help.

Gender systems mapping perse, after which we can work with local communities within specific settings, in identifying how we can actually bring about a 'power balance' without further widening or creating inequalities, then we become reactive. Let us identify strategies which will make us proactive as practitioners across key sector players. Catch them early and influence paradigm shifts, because in the home, nurturing of

Need to address these inequalities from the root-the cultural norms and traditional beliefs.

A more holistic approach to gender in programming, that is intervention that include women, men, gatekeepers etc into the discussion so that each understands their role and appreciate each others functions