1. Other examples, lessons learned, and challenges related to Agriculture

Anticipatory action: partners' experience

- Building upon Local Communities coping capacity on the response
  - Livelihood (e.g., south-central Somalia as high as 90%)
  - Concern - community based monitors in northern Kenya, report on livestock disease incidents, feeds into ministry and then emergency response

Urban Family Farming could be a key strategy to enhance resilience of vulnerable communities in crisis/protracted crisis conditions

- Knowledge of ongoing action building/complement on what is being already done. Need to have an archive e.g. SWs and tools to understand partners engagement on AA

- Sharing knowledge, experience, success & resilience stories at regional and global levels is key!

- Forecasted based financing for Agriculture
  - Anticipatory action - livestock stockpiling animal feed

- Crowd/solidarity funding approach could be a key approach to support
  - and facilitate community led actions in crisis

BRCIS consortium in Somalia is an example

- Experience some relevant community-lead actions/approaches like, Participatory Vulnerability & Capacity Assessment (PVCA), Participatory Action & Learning in crisis (PALC), Survivors Community Led
2. What are the opportunities for Agriculture WG to engage in Anticipatory Action - Recommended actions for strengthening the WGs engagement with field and Global actors

- Anticipatory action can potentially be used for emergency seed responses - perhaps the AWG can develop and test a tool in collaboration with in-country partners.
- Enhance collaboration with academic partners to co-build better predictive models - e.g. agronomists, climatologists.
- Facilitate Collection of data (e.g. 5Ws) on AA to understand the current efforts to complement anticipatory action. Many field level clusters and their partners do not have time to look at research, learning etc as they are focused on implementing projects and responding to emergencies. Global level cluster may have support field based initiatives that inform AA and EWS linked to agric risks.
- Strengthen the use of the Joint Monitoring Framework e.g. by integrating EWS triggers and scenarios with high level of confidence.
- Develop and maintain a good database of previous interventions that can be taken as anticipatory actions. The use of blockchains may help.
- AA should be included into the HDP Nexus at country level.
- Livestock is sometimes not prioritised as much as crops in anticipatory action (just my observation). Opportunity to fill this gap. Lots of good examples as we saw today (from VSF)

**Support the development of case studies on successful AA for each main climatic shock (flood, drought especially)**

**Creating a 5W for ag and livestock**

**Capacity building of the field stakeholders on DRR and climate change adaptation approach**
3. Inter-WG collaboration: Cash & Markets, Programme Quality, WASH sector, Nutrition, etc.

- Cash & Markets WG on cash transfers for seed and agricultural inputs. (CRS/S34D is currently drafting a report on recent cash-for-seed interventions, so this can provide useful background and help to identify potential future activity - draft)

- Formulating best practice for disaster response & reduction targeting pollinator-dependent crops and seed systems (vegetables, fruits, oils) for nutrition security...

- Don't forget conflict analysis and sensitivity in anticipatory action!! (e.g. pastoralist/farmer land use with an emergency response impacting on pastoralist/farmer conflict dynamics)

- Development of coordination procedures & standards, integrating and communicating AA+EWS information
  a) between sectors and b) ensuring local voice, cultural aspects and community

- Include also CSOs in planning and response

- Promote joint environmental impact assessment

- (2) Developing this at SLU Global (Paul Egan), would like to co-develop best practice with partners

- Sector as a crisis can have multiple impacts, (e.g. livestock disease outbreak can be zoonotic so impact on human health and subsequently malnutrition). Cadre Harmonisé in Sahel is good example of...