

HOST COMMUNITY OPERATIONAL RESPONSE - JRP 2018

The background is a solid blue gradient. On the right side, there are several white, parallel diagonal lines that create a sense of motion or a stylized graphic element.

District	Sub-District	Union	Impact Rating	Nearby Camps and Settlements	Suggested by ISCG for 2018 JRP
Cox's Bazar	Ukhia	Palongkhali	7	Thyangkhali Hakimpara Jamtoli Moynarghona Bagghona/Putibunia	Yes
	Ukhia	Rajapalong	6	Kutupalong RC Kutupalong MS Balukhali Burmapara/Tasnimarkhola	Yes
	Ukhia	Jaliapalong	4	Shamlapur MS	Yes
	Ukhia	Haldiapalong	0		No
	Ukhia	Ratnapalong	0		No
	Teknaf	Baharchara	5	Shamlapur MS	Yes
	Teknaf	Nhila	5	Leda MS Mochoni settlement	Yes
	Teknaf	Whykong	5	Unchiprang settlement Chakmarkul settlement	Yes
	Teknaf	Sabrang	4		No
	Teknaf	Teknaf	4	Nayapara RC	Yes
	Teknaf	Saint Martin	0		No
	Ramu	Khuniapalong	3		No
	Ramu	South Mithachori	0		No

Rohingya refugees

Multi-sectoral response as feasible
*Priority to infrastructure, WASH
and Health in Kutupalong-
Balukhali Expansion Site within
protection framework*

Bangladeshi host community

District: support to public
service provision and capacity
Community: community level
infrastructure and services
Household/individual: targeted
support to the most vulnerable

Social cohesion

*Management of natural environment,
risks & resources (ecosystems, energy,
DRR)*

*Impacts on local economy, tourism, jobs
and Livelihoods*

**DISTRICT LEVEL AND MULTI SECTORAL
SUPPORT**

VULNERABILITIES IN THE TWO TARGET GROUPS (REFUGEES AND HOST COMMUNITIES)

	Newly Arrived Refugees	Host Communities
Highly Vulnerable	58 %	13 %
Vulnerable	23 %	25 %
Less Vulnerable	19 %	62 %

On host communities' vulnerabilities, analysis gap exists on the extent to which the crisis has led to exacerbating vulnerabilities against the pre-crisis information. It will be important to address all vulnerabilities in the Cox's bazar district population of 2.3 M through targeting. 38% or 900K under the two-pronged approach.

The next slide from the REVA report provides the analysis of some vulnerabilities, to guide effective sector targeting.

Core characteristics of vulnerable and highly vulnerable households	NEW ARRIVALS	OLDER UNREGISTERED REFUGEES	OLDER REGISTERED REFUGEES	HOST COMMUNITIES
Demography				
Female headed households				✓
Households with larger size	✓	✓	✓	
Presence of single mothers		✓	✓	
Presence of pregnant and lactating women	✓			
Presence of unaccompanied minors	✓			
Households with high number of children	✓	✓	✓	
Education				
Low education level - female members	✓	✓	✓	✓
Low education level - male members	✓	✓	✓	✓
Working capacity				
Households with higher dependency ratio	✓	✓	✓	✓
Presence of working women	✓	✓		✓
Absence of working men		✓	✓	✓
No remittances		✓	✓	✓
Asset ownership (from own purchase only)				
Do not own household goods	✓	✓	✓	✓
Do not own electrical devices	✓	✓	✓	✓
No savings	✓	✓	✓	✓
Do not own productive assets (farming/fishing)		✓		✓
No livestock		✓		✓

- ▶ To mitigate the actual and perceived negative impacts of the refugee influx on host communities and the local economy
- ▶ Strengthen resilience of host communities and government service delivery to cope with the influx
- ▶ Mitigate tensions with host communities through social cohesion and programming to facilitate peaceful co-existence

OBJECTIVES OF HOST COMMUNITY PROGRAMMING

Inclusion in Response Plan March – December 2018		Linkages to development
District	Support to public service delivery (eg embedded capacity in the health complex).	Linkages to development – sectors to define areas where development actors are already or should step in, that will not be included in the plan.
Community	Provision of community level support including infrastructure (eg tubewells, reforestation, market development, agriculture extension). To include Quick Impact projects.	
Household/ individual	Assistance to vulnerable Bangladeshi households or individuals (eg food and nutrition, cash, shelter, livelihoods support). Through: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Extension of Rohingya focused programmes 2. Programmes designed specifically for host communities 	

- **Host communities will be supported directly through structured interventions across the sectors at District, community and household level**
- **Targeting is based on need not status**

- ▶ Training for Government officials
- ▶ Police support, community policing
- ▶ Mediation/conflict resolution skills training for communities and local government
- ▶ 27 Child friendly spaces
- ▶ mid wife capacity building in unions
- ▶ capacity development of 650 government, non-government, and humanitarian workers across the health, justice, and safety/security sectors to apply survivor-centered approaches
- ▶ Alternate dispute resolution

- ▶ **Protection Host communities - \$2M estimated**
- ▶ **Support to District level, Upazila and Union governance: DC, RRRC CICs offices & information management**

PROTECTION SECTOR RESPONSE:
RRRC, DC, DEPT OF SOCIAL SERVICES, MINISTRY WOMEN
AND CHILD AFFAIRS

- ▶ Waterways and blockage of culverts/pipes downstream of the Kutupalong/Balukhali
- ▶ Rehabilitating routes and sites damaged by the population movement
- ▶ Solid waste removal selection/disposal/recycling
- ▶ *Union Parishad complex rehabilitation*
- ▶ *Damaged abandoned transit sites and transit corridors*
- ▶ *22 roads or portions of roads needing rehabilitation, for a total of about 37 km.*

- ▶ **Quick impact projects and community infrastructure rehabilitation**
- ▶ Improvements of shared public spaces and communal assets (shared infrastructure, public lands, beaches) for communities and local government (District, Upazila and Union)
- ▶ Common infrastructure improvements (Drainage, pathways, school rehabilitation, play yards,)
- ▶ Small quick impact projects
- ▶ Household and public lighting

**QUICK IMPACT PROJECTS AND COMMUNITY & PUBLIC
INFRASTRUCTURE REHABILITATION MULTISECTORAL RESPONSE**
PROTECTION, SHELTER, SITE MANAGEMENT, FOOD SECURITY
GOV'T: RRRC, DC & HOUSING AND PUBLIC WORKS

Health Sector – 30% of \$150M – \$45M for host communities estimated

- ▶ District level – Strengthening government facilities, the 3 main complex's: Cox's district hospital, Teknak and Ukhyia complex.
- ▶ Strengthening surveillance system to upazila level- control room and rapid response teams
- ▶ Lab and Diagnostic services at Medical College
- ▶ Support to Upazila health complexes and posts
- ▶ Strengthen EPI system and expand to camps

HEALTH SECTOR PRIORITY RESPONSE
GOVERNMENT ENGAGEMENT WITH CIVIL SURGEON
OFFICE

- ▶ Partner with the school system in co-curricular activities: sports, provision of libraries, and reading campaigns
- ▶ Informal education targeted across gender and age groups: life skills, vocation training, adult literacy & numeracy targeted to youth and women

EDUCATION SECTOR PRIORITY RESPONSE: TO BE
COMPLETED
DISTRICT PRIMARY EDUCATION OFFICER

- ▶ Target areas: Himchari and Inani, totalling approximately 6000 ha, and at Teknaf,
- ▶ Reforestation and Restoration of degraded forests = Tk. 192.0 million (m)
- ▶ Improved management of natural forests including PAs = Tk. 450.0 m
- ▶ Nursery development and homestead tree growing = Tk. 10.0 m
- ▶ Resilient livelihoods and small enterprise development = Tk.m
- ▶ Capacity development of FD field staff and community
- ▶ Elephant Habitat Mapping

▶ **In and around Kutupalong Extension Settlements :**

- ▶ Reforestation and forest management systems support.
- ▶ Environmental Outreach and Education
- ▶ Conservation and Biodiversity Protection
- ▶ Agro-forestry and collaborative forest management farming systems established. Planting of fast growing wood fuel plants/tree nurseries, seedling production

ENVIRONMENT AND ECO SYSTEM REHABILITATION

MANAGEMENT OF NATURAL ENVIRONMENT, RISKS & RESOURCES

ENGAGEMENT WITH DEPT OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS

- ▶ Inputs specific to needs of individual agricultural communities (seed, planting, irrigation technology)
- ▶ Farmer Field School (FFS) undertaken in each of 12 targeted host communities for the production of high-demand crops
- ▶ Establishment of e-voucher wallet for market linkages for farmer groups
- ▶ Business plan development training and follow up support for participating agricultural groups
- ▶ Distribution of food storage drums; to include community level orientation on safe food storage
- ▶ 36 farmer and women's groups are generating income through sales of high-demand food items
- ▶ Livestock health
- ▶ Irrigation systems rehabilitation
- ▶ Targeting Household Level through livelihoods
- ▶ IGA and vouchers (70-30 ratio)
- ▶ Cash grants for livelihoods: Fish crops livestock, agricultural activities, cash grants for small business, social empowerment

FOOD SECURITY SECTOR: LIVELIHOODS, AGRICULTURE AND MARKETS
DEPT OF FISHERIES, AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION AND LIVESTOCK SERVICES

- ▶ 2,500 hectares of damaged land and slopes have been rehabilitated/stabilized, and 20 water sources protected.
- ▶ Land stabilization and erosion control measures are implemented in high priority areas near camp areas (threat to water sources and agricultural lands) - CFW.
- ▶ Agro-forestry and collaborative forest management farming systems established. Planting of fast growing wood fuel plants/tree nurseries, seedling production - CFW.
- ▶ Mitigating Rain produced water flow to host communities
- ▶ Structural and non structural DRR
- ▶ Residual risk management- preparing for response

DRR AND DRM – MULTI SECTORAL RESPONSE AND MAINSTREAMED RESPONSE

- ▶ Distribution of alternative fuels & community level training in use (briquettes, firewood, rice husk and/or pellets).
- ▶ Stove set distribution and cooking improvement training
- ▶ Alternative technology promotion (solar, retained heat cookers, Improved Cook Stove
- ▶ Investment in Supply chains for alternative fuels
- ▶ Piloting of alternative fuel inclusion in WFPs E-voucher System
- ▶ Fuel supply- LPG

SHELTER SECTOR : ENERGY RESPONSE (TBC IF THIS IS FOR HOST COMMUNITY OR HAS PORTION FOR HC)
GOVERNMENT ENGAGEMENT THROUGH RRRC AND ?

- ▶ Improve the compound living conditions for both populations in Teknaf
- ▶ Localized site improvements around compound hosting areas in ?
- ▶ Household Lighting improvements
- ▶ NFI distributions
- ▶ **Shelter sector – \$17Million estimated Bangladeshi compound upgrades and site improvements**
- ▶ Sourcing and Production of alternative materials for shelter construction.
- ▶ Bamboo treatment and matting.

MULTI SECTORAL SHELTER SECTOR RESPONSE WITH LINKS
TO WASH & PROTECTION SECTORS
GOVERNMENT ENGAGEMENT WITH RRRC, DC

WATER AND SANITATION RESPONSE: (TO BE COMPLETED)

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- ▶ Support to district nutrition officers
- ▶ Training of Ministry of Public Health staff and support to Civil Surgeon
- ▶ Equipment for stabilization centers in government hospital and health facilities
- ▶ Support joint health & nutrition surveillance system
- ▶ Micro nutrient supplements targeting adolescent girls & women
- ▶ Targeted supplementary feeding

NUTRITION SECTOR RESPONSE:
MINISTRY OF PUBLIC HEALTH, CIVIL SURGEON



▶ **Future Planning**

- ▶ Include the broader district population in Cox's Bazar targeting the most vulnerable
- ▶ Strengthen links with government on host community programming
- ▶ review JRP mid 2018 to adjust host community programming (i) in consultation with Government and development actors and (ii) based on more targeted analysis of vulnerabilities and assessment of socio-economic impact analysis of the influx on the economy and government services.

GAPS AND FUTURE PLANNING

HOST COMMUNITY IMPACT

Impact Area	Sector Responses	Gaps Remaining
Loss of jobs (or reduction in wages)		
Inflation-induced poverty increase		
Land scarcity, competition, prices		
Damaged infrastructure		
Deforestation		
Trade restrictions		
Reduced access to forest, fishery and grassland		
Reduction in irrigation water		
Brain drain (of education and health workers) to refugee programme delivery		

Disaster Risk Management and Reduction		
Social Safety Nets		
Mainstream public service delivery halted, reduced or delayed (e.g. social safety net programmes)		
Social services less-funded or having to address larger caseloads		
Local administrative capacity and focus diverted to refugee response		
Difficulties and cost of transport (and market access) as a result of infrastructure damage and security regulations		
Intra- and inter-community tensions		
Energy		
Disaster Risk Reduction and Management		

HOST COMMUNITY SUPPORT PROGRAMMING AREAS THAT NEED FURTHER ASSESSMENT TO IDENTIFY GAPS AND FORMULATE RESPONSES

1. Local Economic Development
2. Public Service Planning and Delivery Capacity
3. Intra- and Inter-Community Cohesion Strengthening
4. Security and Rule of Law
5. Civil Society, Participation and Governance
6. Social Safety Net Initiatives
7. Larger Public Infrastructure Rehabilitation
8. Spatial planning