



## Meeting Minutes (14 September 2021)

Location: Microsoft Team

Date: 14.09.2021 (Tuesday)

Time: 3:30PM - 5:00PM (Yangon Time)

Meeting Recording: [Link](#)

### PARTICIPANTS

ACF, AVSI, CARE, CPI, CSI, ECHO, FCA, HELVETAS, HEKS/EPER, IFPRI/MSU, LIFT, Malteser, Mercy Corps, PIN, PLAN, RI, SCI, SI, Trócaire, WVM, UNDP, UNOCHA, UNHCR, FAO and WFP.

### AGENDA

1. Introduction
2. FSC Members: Updates on FSS key achievements on the field since last FSS coordination meeting
3. IFPRI/MSU Survey Presentation
  - Myanmar's poverty and food insecurity crisis
  - Agriculture, food security, and welfare in Myanmar: New evidence from July 2021
4. FSC Myanmar Interactive Dashboards Presentation (updated in June 2021)
5. OCHA: Shift from Food Security Sector to Food Security Cluster
6. WFP/RAM: indicators & data gaps for the HRP analysis and calculate the inter-sectoral PiN

## SUMMARY OF DISCUSSIONS

Discussion	Action Point/ Remark
<p><b>1. Introduction</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The workshop commenced at 3:30 PM with welcome speeches by FSC Co-coordinator (Mercy Corps).</li> <li>New participants from ECHO, Trócaire, IFPRI/MSU, UNDP and LIFT introduced themselves.</li> </ul>	
<p><b>2. Updates on FSS key achievements on the field since last FSS coordination meeting</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FCA has conducted the two emergency livelihood skills training sessions which covered pig skill training and local poultry training to the IDPs in WaingMaw and Momauk Townships in Kachin State. And then, FCA supported the cash grant for all participants.</li> <li>We will email members to collect the humanitarian updates from each member to be shared to OCHA around September 20th</li> </ul>	<p>FSS Coordinator/ Co-coordinator to collect humanitarian update from members</p>
<p><b>3. IFPRI/MSU Survey Presentation</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>15 mins of 1<sup>st</sup> survey presentation on Agriculture, food security, and welfare in Myanmar Survey: New evidence from July 2021 was given by Isabel Lambrecht, Research Fellow from International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI-Myanmar).</li> <li>And then, the 2nd survey presentation on Myanmar's Poverty and Food Insecurity Crisis Survey was given by Bart Minten.</li> <li>Followed Q&amp;A session.</li> </ul>	<p>Links to presentations and report:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <a href="#">Ppt Presentation 1.</a></li> <li>- <a href="#">Ppt Presentation 2</a></li> <li>- <a href="#">Full Report</a> for Ppt 2</li> </ul>
<p><b>4. FSC Myanmar's Interactive Dashboards Presentation (updated in June 2021)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The dashboard presentation was given by Aung Ko Latt, Information Management Associate from WFP.</li> <li>For the Myanmar FSC, interactive dashboards such as FSC HRP PiN Dashboard and Interactive Response Dashboard have already been posted in the "Links" section in <a href="#">The Global Food Security Cluster Website (Myanmar Page)</a>.</li> <li>The FSC dashboards will be useful in planning and coordination at the local level and global level. The information in these dashboards will be quarterly updated based on the information gathering from each FSC partner.</li> <li>Key IM Products in the FSC response dashboard include the detailed information which are related with the FSC Strategic Objectives based on 5Ws reports. (Please check <a href="#">the FSC Myanmar Interactive Response Dashboard</a>. In the Dashboard, there are five pages such as             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Partner Present Dashboard</li> <li>Monthly Response Dashboard</li> <li>Unique Beneficiaries Dashboard</li> <li>Gap Analysis Strategic Objective 1</li> <li>Gap Analysis Strategic Objective 2</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	

<p><b><u>5. Shift from Food Security Sector to Food Security Cluster</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Following up the cluster activation in Myanmar it's good to discuss with members on the need to shift from FS Sector to FS Cluster - to better cater the humanitarian needs. Daniel Gilman from UNOCHA gave a presentation about the food security cluster approach.</li> <li>● The discussion focused on the context and purpose of HNO, geographical coverage, coordination among stakeholders, resources, and capacity.</li> <li>● Support and buy-in from the FSS members is important for this as there'll be some consequences (i.e. to fill the gaps of regions with no coordination mechanism in place - for example Dry Zone) that will require resource allocation.</li> </ul>	<p>To better understand the gaps and needs especially in regards to the regions with no regional-level coordination group; FSS Coordinator to look at the available information (the <a href="#">dashboard</a>) and further engage members to discuss.</p>
<p><b><u>6. Indicators &amp; data gaps for the HRP analysis and calculate the inter-sectoral PiN</u></b></p> <p>Firstly, Daniel gave the Brief introduction of HNO and PiN calculation process as follows</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● In the HPC Process, it has the following three phases. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Phase I - development of the Joint Inter-sector Analysis Framework for the Humanitarian needs overview (HNO) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Output: people in need and geographic targeting (deadline - 2<sup>nd</sup> Nov 2021)</li> </ul> </li> <li>○ Phase II - develop the strategic objectives and activities for the Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Output: People targeted and financial requirements</li> </ul> </li> <li>○ Phase III - produce detailed strategic documents and overview of response planning <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Output: HNO and HRP documents</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>● For the indicators, clusters are currently reviewing what indicators will be used to determine the severity index by Township:</li> <li>● Not all data is available by township for all indicators - will need to be extrapolated</li> <li>● Clusters may use more indicators for their internal calculations of people in need</li> <li>● Final severity (1-5) per Township and sectoral indicators will be modified by "expert judgement" score to better incorporate local knowledge/limits of data</li> </ul> <p>Then, Lucia from the WFP RAM unit discussed the JIAF indicators related to food security.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● FAO/WFP have been conducting the Agriculture livelihoods and food security assessment to 2708 rural and urban HHs in 9 states/regions including Kachin, Shan (north), Shan (east), Kayah, Kayin, Mon, Rakhine and Chin States, Yangon and Ayeyarwady Regions.</li> <li>● It has data gaps in 7 States/Regions such as Sagaing, Mandalay, Naypyidaw, Magway, Bago, Tanintharyi Regions, and Shan (South) state.</li> </ul>	<p>Deadline for PiN and target calculation is 2<sup>nd</sup> Nov 2021</p> <p>To collect available information (survey/assessment reports) related to indicators with data gaps</p>