Somalia Updated IPC and Famine Risk Analyses (May-September 2022)

Somalia IPC Core Team Members: FGS/MOHADM, FSNAU/FAO, FEWS NET, WFP/VAM, UNICEF, ACF, Food Security Cluster, and Nutrition Cluster with the Technical Support of IPC GSU

A Virtual Briefing by FSNAU for Somalia Food Security Cluster Partners, 8 Jun 2022
In early April 2022, results of an updated IPC and risk of Famine analyses were presented to the Humanitarian Country Team, reflecting the deteriorating humanitarian situation across Somalia.

As a follow up action to the foregoing, 11 integrated food security, nutrition and mortality assessments were conducted between late April and early May 2022 in areas/population groups considered most at risk of sliding towards Emergency (IPC Phase 4) or Famine (IPC Phase 5).

Results from the 11 integrated surveys and additional primary and secondary data on contributing factors to food insecurity and malnutrition were analyzed and discussed by a team of Food Security and Nutrition Analysts drawn from the following institutions: FGS/MOHADM, FSNAU/FAO, FEWS NET, WFP/VAM, UNICEF, ACF, Food Security Cluster, and Nutrition Cluster. The IPC Global Support Unit provided technical support and quality control throughout the analysis process.

Data used in the current analysis came the 11 integrated surveys conducted by FSNAU/FAO and WFP as well as from sources, including: Government, FSNAU/FAO, FEWS NET, WFP, UNICEF, Food Security Cluster, Nutrition Cluster, Health Cluster/WHO, UNHCR, ACF, SCI, ACLED, etc.

The analysis took place from 13 to 29 May 2022.

Briefing for UN Heads of Humanitarian Agencies, UN Senior Management Meeting, FGS institutions and Somalia Humanitarian Country Team are being held between 29-31 May 2022.
Acute food insecurity in Somalia has continued to worsen since March 2022, with an estimated 5.2 million people experiencing Crisis or worse (IPC Phase 3 or higher) outcomes, including 1.3 million people facing Emergency (IPC Phase 4) and 38,000 people likely in IPC Phase 5 (Catastrophe). Humanitarian assistance is preventing worsening of food security and nutrition outcomes but has not kept pace with the rising levels of needs.

Further deterioration of the food security and nutrition situation is expected through September 2022 projection period, with more than 7.1 million people facing Crisis or worse (IPC Phase 3 or higher) outcomes, including 2.1 million people facing Emergency (IPC Phase 4) and over 213,000 people likely in IPC Phase 5 (Catastrophe).

As of May 2022, an estimated 1.5 million children under the age of five years (total acute malnutrition burden) face acute malnutrition through the end of the year, including 386,400 who are likely to be severely malnourished. These figures are likely to increase as the nutrition situation deteriorates further in the affected areas.

Somalia faces increased risk of Famine (IPC Phase 5) through September 2022. The situation in Bay region is particularly concerning.
2022 Gu Season Rainfall Performance: March-early June 2022

Total Rainfall:
Mar 1-May 25 (mm)

Total Rainfall:
Mar 1-May 25 (mm), including forecast for May 26-Jun 10

Rainfall Anomaly:
Mar 1-May 25 (mm)

Rainfall Anomaly:
Mar 1-May 25 (mm), including forecast for May 26-Jun 10

Rainfall Percent of Average/Normal:
Mar 1-May 25 (mm), including forecast for May 26-Jun 10
Rising Food and Fuel Prices

Somalia: local Cereal Price Trends

Somalia: Imported Rice Price Trends

Somalia: Petrol Price Trends

Somalia: Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB) Trends
Trends in Contributing Factors Showing a Deteriorating/Worse Situation

Legend:
- No Alarms
- 1-2 Alarms
- 3-4 Alarms
- 5-7 Alarms
- 8+ Alarms
Trends in Contributing Factors Showing a Deteriorating/Worse Situation

- Insecurity
- Nutrition
- Climate
- Population Movement/Displacement
- Health
- Market

3-month Moving Average (All Indicators Combined)
Worsening Acute Malnutrition

[Graph showing trends in acute malnutrition in different regions of Somalia, along with a bar chart and a line graph indicating the number of new acutely malnourished children admitted for treatment from January 2016 to April 2022.]
Mortality Increasing
Somalia Food Security Outcomes, March-September 2022

### March/April 2022 IPC Analysis Results

- **Updated IPC Analysis** (Mar 2022)
- **Updated IPC Analysis** (Apr-Jun 2022)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>March 2022</th>
<th>April-Jun 2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.8 million</td>
<td>6 million</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.6 million</td>
<td>4.2 million</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2 million</td>
<td>1.7 million</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81 000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### May 2022 IPC Analysis Results

- **Updated IPC Analysis** (May 2022)
- **Updated IPC Analysis** (Jun-Sep 2022)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>May 2022</th>
<th>Jun-Sep 2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.2 million</td>
<td>7.1 million</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.9 million</td>
<td>4.7 million</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.3 million</td>
<td>2.1 million</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38 000</td>
<td>213 000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Humanitarian Assistance is Preventing Worsening Outcomes but Needs to be Scaled up

Food and Cash. Feb-Apr 2022 Average (% of Population)

Drought and Famine Prevention and Response, Jan-Apr 2022

Source: OCHA

Source: FSC
Key Messages

- Somalia faces increased risk of Famine (IPC Phase 5) through September 2022. Levels of acute malnutrition and mortality have increased in many areas. The situation in Bay region is particularly concerning.

- Acute food insecurity in Somalia has continued to worsen since March 2022, with an estimated **5.2 million people** experiencing Crisis or worse (IPC Phase 3 or higher) outcomes, including **1.3 million people** facing Emergency (IPC Phase 4) and **38 000 people** likely in IPC Phase 5 (Catastrophe).

- outcomes as of May 2022. Humanitarian assistance is preventing worsening of food security and nutrition outcomes but has not kept pace with the rising levels of needs.

- Further deterioration of the food security and nutrition situation is expected through September 2022 projection period, with more than **7.1 million people** facing Crisis or worse (IPC Phase 3 or higher) outcomes, including **2.1 million people** facing Emergency (IPC Phase 4) and over **213 000 people** likely in IPC Phase 5 (Catastrophe).

- As of May 2022, an estimated **1.5 million** children under the age of five years (total acute malnutrition burden) face acute malnutrition through the end of the year, including **386 400** who are likely to be severely malnourished. These figures are likely to increase as the nutrition situation deteriorates further in the affected areas.

- There is increased risk of Famine: Famine (IPC Phase 5) could occur (has reasonable chance of happening) across Somalia through September 2022 if (1) widespread crop and livestock production failure, (2) food prices continue to rise sharply and (3) humanitarian assistance is not scaled up to reach the country’s most vulnerable populations. The areas and population groups facing increased Risk of Famine are Hawd Pastoral of Central and Hiran, Addun Pastoral of Northeast and Central, Agro Pastoral populations in Bay and Bakool regions and IDP settlements in Mogadishu, Baidoa, Dhusamareb and Galkacyo.

- Urgent and timely scaling up of integrated humanitarian assistance is required to prevent extreme food security and nutrition outcomes, including starvation and excess mortality in areas facing increased risk of Famine.

- Available long-range forecasts indicate that a record fifth below-average rainy season is likely across Somalia during the forthcoming October and December 2022 Deyr season. Therefore, humanitarian needs are expected to worsen and remain high well into 2023.
Excess mortality can and did happen in Somalia long before Famine was declared in July 2011.

An important lesson to be learned from the Somalia Famine of 2010/2011 is the need to act early and robustly.

Time to act is now.
Thank You

Somalia IPC Core Team Members: FGS/MOHADM, FSNAU/FAO, FEWS NET, WFP/VAM, UNICEF, ACF, Food Security Cluster and Nutrition Cluster
With the Technical Support of IPC GSU