### Food Security and Livelihood Sector Meeting

**Khartoum, Sudan**

**Date:** 30 November 2021  
**No. of Participants:** 52

**Place:** Virtual Meeting, Khartoum.  
**Participant Organizations:** 18

**Timing:** 10:00 AM – 11:30 AM  
**Male and Female:** 50:50

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**Meeting Minutes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agenda Points</th>
<th>Deliberations</th>
<th>Action Points/Decisions</th>
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</table>
| **1. Humanitarian Updates** | Meeting was formally started with the welcome note and introduction of participants by FSL Sector coordinator, IMO  
**Humanitarian Updates** |  
1. Sudan, COVID-19 Update:  
   - With around 42,056 cases in all over Sudan affected by COVID-19, there is a significant increase in the incidence of COVID-19 in Khartoum, Aj Jazirah and River Nile states.  
   - The disease surveillance systems are severely affected by a lack of access to communication networks, internet connections and the absence of key civil staff due to the latest incidence in Sudan. |  
   - FSL sector keep sharing latest humanitarian updates with partners.  
   - WFP Market Monitor - Sudan, October 2021  
2. Sudan, Food prices:

❖ The inflation rate showed a decrease in September 2021 (365.82%) compared to 387.56% in August 2021, while the monthly percentage change in CPI was 15.55% compared to 6.52% in August, which showed a significant increase in the prices of commodities and services.

❖ The foreign exchange rate was stable around the official rate SDG447 per 1 US$, with increment in the national average retail price of sorghum, Wheat flour, and goats’ price. With overall increase 6.10% for the national average cost of WFP local food basket.

![Local Food Basket Cost (LFB) versus Labour wage, Inflation and Exchange Rates](image)

### Prices of Basic Food Items and WFP Local Food Basket Cost

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Commodity</th>
<th>Unit of Measurement</th>
<th>Current SDG</th>
<th>Previous month SDG</th>
<th>% Change</th>
<th>1 year before SDG</th>
<th>% Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sorghum</td>
<td>KG</td>
<td>140.07</td>
<td>134.53</td>
<td>4.12%</td>
<td>77.43</td>
<td>81%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheat flour</td>
<td>KG</td>
<td>395.6</td>
<td>365.17</td>
<td>8.33%</td>
<td>163</td>
<td>143%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goat</td>
<td>Head</td>
<td>19,541</td>
<td>19,614</td>
<td>0.14%</td>
<td>6,028</td>
<td>225%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Groundnut</td>
<td>Sack (45 KG)</td>
<td>13,444</td>
<td>14,148</td>
<td>-4.98%</td>
<td>3,701</td>
<td>283%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Food Basket</td>
<td>Unit</td>
<td>246.45</td>
<td>232.29</td>
<td>6.10%</td>
<td>101.94</td>
<td>142%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Sudan, Agricultural Season:
   ❖ Based on mid-season assessment for the 2021/2022 agricultural season done by Sudan’s Ministry of Agriculture and Forests, Food Security Technical Secretariat (FSTS); identify the following;
   - Total area planted is expected to be lower by 8% than previous year and higher by 6% compared to last five years average.
   - Sorghum area planted this year is lower by 3.4% from the previous season and higher by 1.7% of the last five years average.
   - Millet area planted this year is lower by 12.5% from the previous season and higher by 10.6% from the last five years average.
   - Sesame area planted this year is lower by 35.7% and 17.9% from last year and the last five years average respectively.
   - Significant increase in cotton area in the current season. Planted cotton areas is higher than the five years average by 237%.
   - Groundnuts planted area is higher by 12.6% and 36.8% from last year and the five years average respectively.
   - High increase in inflation rates resulted in high prices of agricultural inputs and high cost of agricultural practices.
   - Fuel is available for agricultural operations, but at high cost (from 1,200 to 96,300 SDG per barrel).
   - Shortage of fertilizers, agricultural labor, spare parts, and empty sacks was reported in many states.

4. As Serief, North Darfur:
   ❖ Displacement of individuals following inter-communal clashes between the Mahariya and Biani Hussein Arab tribes on 21 November 2021 in As Serief locality, North Darfur. Around 2,420 individuals in need of NFI, Food, and WASH.
5. Jebel Moon, West Darfur:
   - Due to inter-communal clashes between Arab nomads and farmers from the Misseriya tribe in Jebel Moon locality, around 9,800 individuals displaced to surrounding areas (i.e. Saraf Omra in North Darfur) with a high need for Food and shelters.

6. Gharb Bara, North Kordofan:
   - inter-communal clashes erupted between Dar Hamid and Katul tribes over water resources in Tuffalung village of Gharb Bara locality. Around 30 individuals have been killed and 16 individuals were injured. No displacement has been reported, but the situation remains tense and unpredictable, and the area is currently inaccessible due to security reasons.

2. IPC Update
   - Food assistance needs in October 2021 remain above the five-year average, driven by political instability, above-average food prices, and reduced household purchasing power, along with the impact of conflict, tribal clashes, and protracted displacement.
   - Based on the above factors, the current PiN for Food Security Sector is 9.8 million as per IPC analysis in June 2021, with 8.4 million as target for FSL interventions.
   - The next IPC analysis will be in Feb 2022 with a possibility to have improvement among most households during harvest season between October 2021 to February 2022 compared to the lean season period of June to September 2021.
   - The projection factors during the main harvest season between October 2021 to February 2022, the household's access to food and income from own production and livestock products, in-kind payments for agricultural labour, and in-kind support from zakat of production and better-off relatives.
3. Refugee Consultation Forum (RCF) & Protection Sector Updates.
**Sudan Protection Sector:**

- Monitoring the situation of physical safety, material safety, legal safety issues, freedom of movement and residence of IDPs, returnees and conflict affected population;
- Recording protection of civilians’ incidents to analyze and plan intervention;
- Coordinatizing at the state and national level
- Since 2nd June this year issued 18 POC advocacy briefs on identified issues related to physical safety of the IDPs and returnees. Areas that are covered includes all Darfur states, South and West Kordofan, Blue Nile.
- Covered issues include:
  - Civilian killings/injuries, property destruction/looting, UXO contamination, and threats of forced return, displacement
  - Fighting between IDP farmers and Arab nomads
  - Fighting between SAF/Sadiq Alfuqa forces and SLA/AW
  - Fighting between government and armed movements forces
  - Increased criminality
  - Civil unrest, protests/demonstrations
  - Arrests and detentions

4. **HNO/HRP 2022**

FSL Overall Target 2022: 9,769,621 individual
FSL PIN 2022: 8,436,430 individual
FSL Target under SO2: 5,432,750 individual
FSL Target under SO1: 3,003,680 individual
FSL Fund Requirements 2022: 708,263,365 $
Approved Projects under FSL in HRP 2022: 32 Projects

- FSL HRP 2022 projects
  [https://app.powerbi.com/view?r=eyJrIjoiMDQxOTExEwZTYtZmM2NS00ZDA3LTgxY2MtMjI5MjBlN2IwMGQ1IiwidCI6IjQ2MmFkOWFlLWQ3ZDktNDIwNi1iODc0LTcxYjFlMDc5Nzc2ZiIsImMiOjh9&pageName=ReportSection65c30e3f4f87e302ae02](https://app.powerbi.com/view?r=eyJrIjoiMDQxOTExEwZTYtZmM2NS00ZDA3LTgxY2MtMjI5MjBlN2IwMGQ1IiwidCI6IjQ2MmFkOWFlLWQ3ZDktNDIwNi1iODc0LTcxYjFlMDc5Nzc2ZiIsImMiOjh9&pageName=ReportSection65c30e3f4f87e302ae02)
- The final sectoral review was done on 08 November 2021 through online version.
- Included all comments and feedback received from CLAs (WFP & FAO) and Government FSTS.

**HRP 2022 Process/Updates:**
- HRP FSL chapter has been submitted to OCHA.
- Compilation of HRP 2022 document is in process and the final draft submitted.

https://app.powerbi.com/view?r=eyJrIjoiMDQxOTEwZTIhZmM2NS02ZDA3LTpxY2MtMWMiLWN2lwMGQ1iwidCI6i10MTUzQ2MmMjOOWFILWQ3ZDktNDiwNi10Dc1CxseyFjMDc5NzczJIsImMjOj5h98&pageName=ReportSection65c30e3f4f87e302ae02
Selection criteria for HRP projects:
1. Alignment with cluster strategy:
   Does the proposal clearly target the needs of one or more of the target groups as identified in the revised strategy of the FSL.
2. Technical quality:
   Does the project have clear strategies in place to ensure the technical quality of the assistance that it provides.
3. Achievability:
   How achievable is the project within the timeframe of the HRP?
4. Value for money:
   How cost effective and efficient is the proposal as compared to other proposals.
5. Prioritisation of the most vulnerable:
   Does the proposal include clear strategies for targeting assistance.
6. Geographical targeting:
   The proposal is geographically targeted to areas of highest need, rather than only to areas that are easy to access.
7. Cash based assistance:
   In line with the overall approach of the HRP, proposals will be assessed on whether or not they include clear strategies to ensure the greatest use of cash-based assistance possible within their project.
8. Gender:
   How well does the project address the differing needs of men, women, girls and boys.
9. Protection:
   How well does the project target and address protection concerns of differing groups.
5. **FSL Sector Achievements**  
**Q3/2021**

![FSL Sector Objective 1 Map - Q3/2021](image1)

**FSL Sector Objective 1**
- Reached Ben under SO1:
  - 1 – 40,000
  - 40,001 – 80,000
  - 80,001 – 120,000
  - >120,000

*FSL/SO1: Improve the food security status of assessed food insecure people through life-sustaining and life-saving food assistance*

![FSL Sector Objective 2&3 Map - Q3/2021](image2)

**FSL Sector Objective 2&3**
- Reached Ben under SO2&3:
  - 1 – 10,000
  - 10,001 – 50,000
  - > 50,000

*FSL/SO2: Support self-reliance of affected households by protecting and building productive assets and restoring or creating income-generating opportunities to save and sustain lives*

*FSL/SO3: Support households to establish more sustainable household livelihoods by improving linkages with value chain through the rehabilitation and building of productive infrastructure as well as supporting services*
### 6. ICRC Presentation

**Emergency response:**
- 4,000 HHs received EHI kits distributed in EJM
- 2,800 HHs received multipurpose cash in Aljenina via mobile money
- 5,000 HHs received multipurpose cash in Algenina
- 367 HHs received multipurpose cash as part of flood assistance in Damazine
- 1,500 HHs received multipurpose cash assistance in Alfao Al Gadere as part of flood response
- Plans are underway to provide support to returnees and conflict affected families in Darfur and Blue Nile for 12,000 HHs.

**Agro Support:**
- Seeds and tools distribution and food for seed protection to 22,000 households in BN and Darfur.
- Agro Value voucher for 12,000 HHS in Kass locality
- Cash for Agro via Hawala 1,000 HHs in Tawila.
- Plans are underway to support 5,000 HHs with additional cash assistance in Tawila and Derange via Hawala and Mobile Money.
- Vegetable seeds for 4,000 returnee families in BN and Darfur.
- Support MoPER for Agro Extension training - 80 Agro extension workers trained (ND, SD, CD & BN)

**Livestock Interventions:**
- 54 Vet technicians received pre-vaccination training (22 are planned for the rest of the year)
- 604,000 animals vaccinated in WK, ND, SD
- Vaccination of 268,000 animals is ongoing November incorporating One health and Mobility in Garsila
- Vaccination campaign planned for Blue Nile for 70,000 animals.
- We expect to reach 942,000 animals in 2021
- Workshop on policy for MARF has been postponed to 2022.
- Support to Khartoum Central Vet lab with freezer dryer
## AOB

- FSL sector will share with partners HNO/HRP 2022 reports once it’s published.
- FSL sector start collecting Q4/2021 partners’ response.
- Next meeting will be done in January 2022.

### Annex:
- FSL technical Presentation
- Refugee Consultation Forum (RCF) Presentation.
- Protection Sector Presentation.
- ICRC Presentation.