

Food Security and Livelihood Sector Meeting Khartoum, Sudan

Date 04 July 2022

Place Hybrid Meeting (Physical & Virtual), Khartoum.

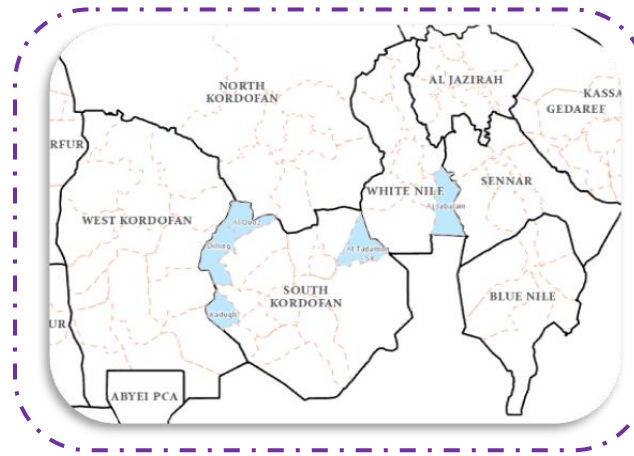
Timing: 10:00 AM – 11:30 AM

Agenda Points	Deliberations	Action Points/Decisions
<p>1. <i>Humanitarian Updates</i></p>	<p><u>Humanitarian Updates</u></p> <p>1. Release of IPC 2022 Report:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ With significant increases in food and other commodity prices, a reduced harvest, and continued conflict, acute food insecurity in Sudan continues to worsen rapidly. ❖ In terms of trend analysis, the states that have the highest proportion of people in need of urgent action are West Darfur (42%), North Darfur (36%) and Central Darfur (35%). ❖ With up to 11.7 million people (a further increase of 2 million compared to previous IPC analysis). This includes 3.1 million people in IPC Phase 4 (Emergency) and 8.6 million in IPC Phase 3 (Crisis). The poor macroeconomic conditions, Poor harvest, conflicts/political instability, and Ukraine crisis are all a key factor which leads to have 24% of the population to be in Crisis (IPC Phase 3 or worse). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ FSL sector keep sharing latest humanitarian updates with partners ▪ IPC 2022 Report <p>https://fscluster.org/sudan/document/sudan-ipc-2022-acute-food-insecurity</p>



2. Sudan - Flood Updates:

- ❖ Several areas in South Kordofan State have been affected by heavy rains, including At Tadamon, Dilling, Al Goz and Kadugli localities impacting about **2,200** people. Around **170** homes were destroyed and another **40** damaged. In White Nile State, heavy rains and flooding affect Aj Jabalain locality destroyed **20** homes and damaged another **39**




3. Sudan - Humanitarian Funding:

- ❖ The funding for the 2022 Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP) for Sudan is low. With **\$1.65** billion gap for overall operation (**20%** funded). A total of **\$162** million funded under FSL projects with **77%** gap.



4. Conflict: West Darfur - Kulbus:

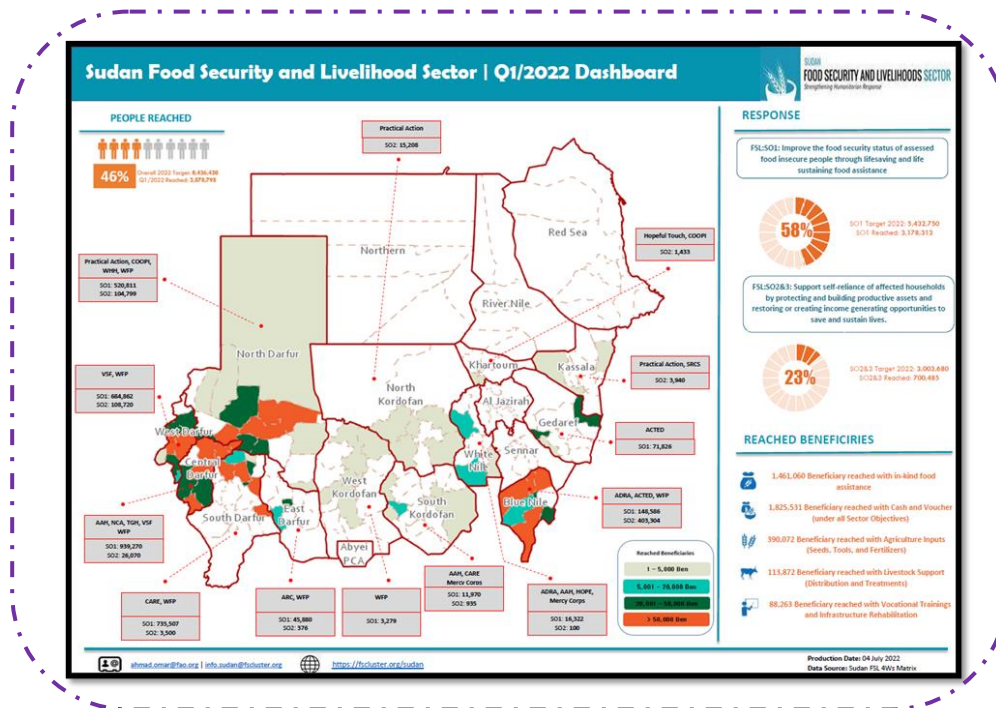
- ❖ Reports indicate that **25** villages were either fully or partially burnt and looted, with 30,000 people displaced. Partners will start the response as soon as the security situation permits, in addition to that, upcoming rains risk hindering the response as they will make roads impassable. WFP plans to provide general food assistance (GFA) and blanket supplementary feeding programme (BSFP) in all the areas assessed.

<p>2. Sudan FSS action plan for FS Transformation</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Vision: Develop sustainable food systems that leaves no one behind to put to an end all forms of food insecurity and malnutrition in line with Sudan’s commitment to SDGs. ❖ Main goal: To transform food system to an equitable, sustainable, and resilient system to achieve the SDGs. <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px dashed purple; border-radius: 20px; padding: 10px; margin: 10px auto; width: 80%;">  <p>The diagram illustrates a cyclical relationship between three key areas of food system transformation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Build Agency: Building consciousness, confidence, self-esteem and aspirations (non-formal sphere) and knowledge, skills and capabilities (formal sphere). Change Relations: The power relations through which people live their lives through intimate relations and social networks (non-formal sphere) and group membership and activism, and citizen and market negotiations (formal sphere). Transform Structures: Discriminatory social norms, customs, values and exclusionary practices (non-formal sphere) and laws, policies, procedures and services (formal sphere). <p>Arrows indicate that these three elements are interconnected and influence each other in a continuous cycle.</p> </div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Further info follows the link; <p>https://fscluster.org/sudan/document/sudan-food-security-and-livelihood-8</p>
<p>3. WFP CFSVA Q1/2022 Findings</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ The Comprehensive Food Security and Vulnerability Assessment (CFSVA) was conducted from January to March 2022 against the backdrop of ongoing economic and political instability, and persistent chronic food insecurity and malnutrition. ❖ The assessment was conducted in all 18 states of Sudan and sought to ascertain the food security situation among the resident population, assess risk factors that contribute to food insecurity, and highlight vulnerable geographical areas. ❖ The combined effects of economic and political crisis, conflict and displacement, climate shocks, including droughts and floods, and poor harvests are significantly affecting peoples’ access to food in Sudan. According to this assessment, 34 percent of the population in Sudan, are food insecure during the first quarter of 2022. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Comprehensive Food Security and Vulnerability Assessment (CFSVA)- Q1/2022 Report <p>https://fscluster.org/sudan/document/sudan-comprehensive-food-security-and</p>

4. FSL Q1/2022 Response and Gaps

- ❖ **3.8 million** people reached through different interventions under Food Security Sector in Q1/2022. With **13 states** [out of 19] **66 localities** [out of 189] reached through different interventions
- ❖ **3,178,31** million people reached with Food Assistance and **700,485** with Livelihood Assistance
- ❖ Under SO1, reached people with In-kind support **1,402,628** and **1,775,685** with Cash/Vouchers.
- ❖ Under SO2, reached people with In-kind support **592,063** and **108,422** with Cash/Vouchers.

- **To access FSL Sudan Response Dashboard (Q1 - 2022)**
<https://fscluster.org/sudan/document/fs-l-sudan-response-dashboard-q1-2022>



AOB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FSL will present in next meeting Q1&Q2/2022 achievements and gaps. - Next meeting will be held in August 2022. 	
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Annex:

- **FSL Technical Presentation.**
 - **FSL Sudan Response Dashboard (Q1 - 2022)**
 - **IPC 2022 Findings.**
- Sudan FSS action plan for FS Transformation*