



FSL Cluster minutes of meeting – 06th Feb 2019

Venue: UNOCHA offices, JUBA Time: 11 am – 12.30 pm

Agenda

1. Integrated Context Analysis (WFP-VAM)
2. CFSAM (FAO)
3. Child Protection (child protection sub-cluster)
4. FSL Cluster updates

Main Discussion points

1. Integrated Context Analysis (WFP-VAM)

Integrated Context Analysis (ICA) is a simple, systematic tool that identifies geographic areas of overlap between food security conditions, nutrition, natural shocks and land degradation to inform strategic programmatic decision-making at various levels. The objective of the study is to contribute the understanding of the food and nutrition insecurity, and vulnerability to shocks in South Sudan for informing resilience programming.

[Click here to download the full presentation](#)

2. Crop and Food Security Assessment Mission (CFSAM) - (FAO)

The FAO Rome-based team in collaboration with state-based task forces and county-level crop monitoring teams conducted 1,400 case studies using various instruments and satellite-based weather/climate information and noted the following key findings in 2018: -

- i. Poor rainfall distribution – abnormal dry spell (much longer than normal)
- ii. Limited access to agricultural inputs in the traditional sector, including hand tools, due to significant price increases
- iii. Damages by Fall Armyworm
- iv. Other major damage-causing pests: Snails, Striga, and Parthenium/congress weed

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3. Child Protection (child protection sub-cluster)

Child Protection Sub-Cluster (CPSC) is a coordination forum through which the actors involved in the child protection in emergency (CPIE) response involved in child protection in emergency response can coordinate interventions, seek consensus on issues, create partnerships and linkages for better prioritization of available resources and commitment to the adopted minimum standards for child protection in humanitarian action with an overall goal of enhancing the protection of children in emergency situation.

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4. FSL Cluster updates:

- Tax/access constraints. Blockage of humanitarian imports. Following engagement at all levels in recent weeks by the UN Agencies and NGO Forum on the issue of obstacles to Customs Tax Exemptions, most of the backlog of documents have now been moved forward to the Ministry of Finance for processing. The UN Agencies and NGO Forum will follow the issue closely in the coming weeks to monitor any remaining obstacles. Partners to report any issues/challenges related to this to the Access unit.
- SSHF first allocation 2019. The FSL-C concluded its strategic reviews for the South Sudan Humanitarian Funding 2019 first standard allocation. With funding received from SSHF, the Food Security & Livelihoods Cluster proposes a strategy in line with the existing HRP to scale up existing interventions with support to frontline actors with a presence on the ground extending capacity and effectiveness to respond in a timely manner to Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) prioritized counties. The SSHF funding will plug gaps in the FAO and NGO partners 'Emergency Livelihood Response Programme' (ELRP) that is part of a coherent FSL cluster IPC planned response to emergency and crisis levels of food insecurity. A total of 11 NNGOs and 8 INGOs to respond to 100,000 vulnerable households have been recommended to the Humanitarian Coordinator for approval.