February marks the first month of reporting both Agriculture inputs and livestock protection responses for the 2020 Gu season. Forecasted above-average rainfall in the April-to-June GU rainy season is expected to support crop cultivation as well as livestock production and reproduction.

Nevertheless, Desert Locusts continue to breed in Somalia, Ethiopia and Kenya. For Somalia, while the desert locust population was initially confined to rangeland/grasslands (in the north), it has since spread to districts in the south. FAO/MoAI/partner organizations are working on surveillance and control efforts. Hatching of a new generation of locusts and the formation of new swarms might even further result in substantial crop/pasture damage in the Gu season.

FSC partners assisted 43,998 beneficiaries with seasonal inputs in Hiraan, Middle Shabelle and W. Galbeed regions. The number reached accounts for 3% of the seasonal target (1,510,650). For the responses provided during the month, Relief International contributed 95%, FAO 3% while WARDI contributed 2%.

The map represents cumulative support for the period February to July 2020.

A farmer shows the damage done on his crops by the Fall Army Worm in his farm in Duudweyne, Somaliland. Photo: FAO Somalia.
Livelihood Seasonal Inputs (Agriculture and Livestock)

Gap analysis: Total Number of people targeted vs reached, Feb 2020


The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Total People Reached: 43,219
Total People Not Reached: 47,154
No Data: 8,698
Minimal: 798
Stressed: 42,904
Emergency: 0
Famine: 0

IPC Food Security Classification (Proj: Jan - Mar 2020)

Boundary
- International
- Regional
- District

(XX)* - Coverage above 100%