FAO Dry Season and Micro-gardening Support

24 March 2022



Overview



- Dry season Update
- Micro-gardening Update
- Opportunities for Micro-gardening and Dry season

Objectives of FAO Dry Season Support



- FAO contributes to the food and nutrition security of IDPs, Host communities and Returnees through provision of dry season farming kits
- Support targeted households access to diverse sources of income
- Input support complemented with knowledge transfer through FFS to increase productivity

2021/2022 Dry Season Support



- 21,700 Households Borno-10,350, Adamawa-4,740 and Yobe-6,610
 - Borno Bama, Jere, Konduga, Mobbar, Monguno, Ngala and Dikwa
 - Adamawa Demsa, Fufore, Madagali, Song, Ganye and Mayo-belwa
 - Yobe Bade, Fika, Potiskum, Geidam, Jakusko, and Karasuwa
- HHs supported with assorted vegetable seed packs, rice, maize and fertiliser
- Good agronomic practices through Farmer Field School

2021/22 Micro-gardening Support



- 6,000 households Borno 3,000, Adamawa 1,500, Yobe 1,500
 - Borno Bama, Banki, Gwoza, Jere, Monguno
 - Adamawa Demsa, Girei, Gombe, Michika, Mubi North, Numan and Yola South
 - Yobe Bade, Geidam, Gujba, Machina, Fune, Damaturu
- Households supported with fertilizer, vegetable seeds and garden tools

Figure 6

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Micro-gardening

- FAO has introduced Integrated Homestead Gardening/Aquaculture Livelihood Incubation Model
- 4 incubation models have been identified and 10 additional sites





Considerations for dry season and microgardening support

- Households that have access to arable land
- Households that have access to a water source for dry season cropping



Preliminary results



- Targeted households have had increased access to vegetables
- Households have additional income stream with the aquaculture/gardening integration
- Efficient utilization of scarce water resource



Opportunities



- Increased access to nutritious food through increased supply
- Increased coverage to locations that have access to water bodies
- Increased productivity due to training obtained, FFS participants have high production compared to Non – FFS households - Expand coverage of FFS
- Women and youth empowerment through microgardening and aquaculture – Fish is a high value commodity