BUILDING RESILIENCE IN BORNO
MONGUNO, BORNO STATE NIGERIA
LAND ACCESS SURVEY REPORT
M&E UNIT

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Action Against Hunger Nigeria | Small Scale Farmers Land Access Survey Report
### ABBREVIATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EU</td>
<td>European Union</td>
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<tr>
<td>HH</td>
<td>Household</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDP</td>
<td>Internally Displaced Person</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KAP</td>
<td>Knowledge, Attitude and Practices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LGA</td>
<td>Local Government Area</td>
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<tr>
<td>NFI</td>
<td>Non-Food Items</td>
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<td>PDM</td>
<td>Post Distribution Monitoring</td>
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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The survey was conducted within Monguno LGA across all the communities of A3A EU FSL intervention areas with 1357 total respondents.

- It was found out that 79% (n=1073) of the respondents were male and 21% (n=284) female.
- The finding also revealed that 99.6% (n=1352) were interested in farming this year while 0.4% (n=2) shows no interest in farming this coming season.
- 98% (n=1333) of the respondent says they have land to farm despite the military restrictions and security concerns.
- The survey also denoted that 48% (n=649) of the respondents have an alternative land for farming.
- The majority of the respondents’ farm distance falls within the range of 3-4 kilometers 34% (n=463) and 1-2 kilometers 31% (n=425) away from Monguno town.

3. OBJECTIVES

The general objective of this Survey is to know whether the selected beneficiaries have land access for their farming activities and how possible is it for the forthcoming farming season.

Specific objectives:

- To ascertain whether the beneficiaries farmland is accessible
- To identify the location of the farmland if any
- To know if the beneficiaries are interested in farming this season
- Identification of the challenges associated with the land access

4. METHODOLOGY

The following was put in place to ensure quality control in the data collection process; exhaustive sampling of Small Scale Farmers 1,357 households were interviewed and the finding presented in the result page.

Training:

The objectives of the survey forms the training of data collectors (Enumerators) and supervisors. The main subject areas covered by the training include;

- The purpose of conducting the land access survey.
- Introduction to EU and its activities in Monguno LGA.
- Training the enumerators and supervisors on the meaning of each question in the questionnaire and other important concepts.
- Training enumerators on mobile data collection.
- Practice the HH questionnaire in English, Hausa and Kanuri languages.
- Planning of interview schedule and team allocation.
5. RESULTS

5.1 Demographic Information

The land access survey was carried out in Monguno LGA in order to ascertain the accessibility of farmland by the EU FSL small-scale farmers beneficiaries across all the communities of intervention within Monguno.

1357 household was interviewed during the survey, and findings on the gender of the respondents show that 79% (n=1073) were found to male and 21% (n=284) were female as indicated in the chart below.

![Figure 1: Gender of the respondents.](image1)

5.2 Land Access

During the survey the respondents were asked if they participated in farming in the last season, the result revealed that 45% (n=615) said yes while 55% (n=742) said no, they did not farm last season.

The respondents were further asked to know whether they are interested in farming this season and 99.6% (n=1352) of them said yes they are interested in farming this season while 0.4% (n=5) said no they are not interested as illustrated below.

![Figure 2: Interest in farming this season.](image2)
**Caveat:** "The 98% access to land recorded in survey is not a reflection of the entire farmers access to land in Monguno but from 1,357 farmers interviewed who are the same farmers AAH is supporting in Monguno”

A related question was administered to the respondents to know if they have land to use for farming this year despite the military restrictions and security concerns. Findings revealed that 98% (n=1333) said yes they have land to use for farming this year despite the military restrictions and security concerns while 2% (n=24) said no they do not have.

Moreover, those with the farmland were asked again to know where farmland is located, 45% (n=601) says Marte road, 26% (n=352) said Maiduguri road, 20% (n=272) says Kukawa/ Baga road, 7% (n=89) said within Monguno town and 2% (n=28) said within the military trenches, whereas, 1% (n=15) mention other places as shown in the figure below.

![Figure 3: The locations the farmland](image)

The survey seek to know the farmland size and it was gathered that 0.3% (n=4) reported that their farmland size is <0.5 ha, 8.1% (n=108) said >0.5-1.0 ha, 41.5% (n=553) Said is >1.0-2.0 ha and 35.3% (n=470) says their farmland size is >2-3 ha, while, 16.7% (n=222) reported that their farmland size is >3.0 h.

More so, how many kilometers is your farmland away from Monguno town the respondents were asked and the result shows that 8% (n=102) said less than 1kilometer, 32% (n=425) says 1-2 kilometer and 35% (n=463) said 3-4 kilometers while 36% (n=367) of the respondents says their farmland is 5km and above away from Monguno town as shown below.
5.3 Alternative farmland access

The respondents were asked again, do you have alternative land for farming and 48% (n=649) says yes they have an alternative land for farming while 52% (n=708) say no, they don’t have alternative land for farming.

Those with alternative land for farming were enquired if yes, what is the size of the land. The result revealed 0.3% (n=2) says <0.5 ha, 10.6% (n=69) said >0.5-1.0 ha, 41.0% (n=266) of the respondents says >1.0-2.0 ha and 31.1% (n=202) says >2-3 ha, whereas, 16.9% (n=110) said their alternative land size is >3.0 ha.

The survey also seeks to know where alternative land is located. It was reported that 24.7% (n=160) household said Maiduguri road, 35.7% (n=232) said Marte road, 23.0% (n=149) says Kukawa/ Baga road and 12.0% (n=78) said within the Monguno town, while 4.5% (n=29) says within the military trenches whereas, 0.2% (n=1) mention other locations.

In the same vein, the respondents were enquired how many kilometers is the alternative land away from Monguno town and the result shows that 14% (n=89) said less than 1km, 25% (n=160) reported 1-2km away from Monguno town. While 31% (n=200) said their alternative is 3-4 km away from Monguno town whereas, 31% (n=200) said the distance from Monguno town to their alternative land is 5 and above kilometers away as illustrated in the below charts.
6. CONCLUSIONS

This land access survey was conducted with 1357 respondents in Monguno LGA, where findings revealed that the majority of the respondents were male and they all show their interest in farming this coming season.

Some of the respondents also reported that they carried out their farming activities last season and according to most of the responses, the distance to the farmland and Monguno town fall within the range of 2-4 kilometers away on average.

The finding also revealed that some of the respondents have alternative land to use for their farming activities.

Report indicated that 1333 farmers have access to their farm lands with 20% and 44% having their lands along Kukawa and Marte axis respectively.

Also, 48% (649) out of the supported farmers said they have alternative land even if security situation impaired them from accessing their original land.

27% of the interviewed farmers indicated that their land is 5km away from Monguno town while 31% farmers who has alternative land indicated that the lands are 5km away from Monguno town.
7. LESSONS LEARNED AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- The target population has an interest in farming and will like to farm this season if given the opportunity.
- The target population needs to be sensitized and empowered to be able to farm within the safe locations that are not restricted by the Government.

8. ANNEXES

Tool used for the survey;

Small Scale Farmers
Land Access Survey.doc