Implementation of HCTT Nexus Strategy (2021-2025)

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What is HCTT Nexus Strategic (2021-2025)

- **Multi-year humanitarian preparedness and response strategy** for climate-related disaster developed to support and complement the NPDM 2021-25 and UNSDCF 2022-2026.

- **Evidence-based estimate of humanitarian needs in the disaster situation** on climate-related risks—flood, cyclone and landslide in Bangladesh.

- **Outlines key areas of improved collaboration** between humanitarian, DRR and development stakeholders can create mutually reinforcing strategies and synergies.

- **Humanitarian community’s contribution to the Humanitarian-Development Nexus** but does not represent the entirety of nexus-related work in Bangladesh.

- **Supportive of the Sendai priority** to enhance disaster preparedness for effective response and the Grand Bargain commitments.
Four Key Strategic Objectives

SO1: Risk and Impact Analysis
Improved sharing and application of disaster risk information to enhance timely humanitarian action to protect and assist the most vulnerable;

SO2: Priority Preparedness Actions
Improved, coordinated approach to preparedness for emergency and anticipatory response;

SO3: Partnership of Institutional Capacity
Improved the capacity of the Government and the humanitarian community by strengthening the HCTT collaboration structure and tools;

SO4: Action Plan for Response
Coordinated humanitarian action to save lives and livelihoods through effective planning, monitoring and resource mobilisation;

UNDRR FCDO UNESCAP UNDP WFP
USAID UNDP WFP UNICEF FAO WHO
ECHO IFRC WFP WHO OCHA
OCHA WFP IFRC WFP UNICEF UNFPA
Information: Risk and Impact Analysis

SO1: Improved sharing and application of disaster risk information to enhance timely humanitarian action to protect and assist the most vulnerable.

Cumulative impact of the past 15 major climate-related disasters from 2014 to 2020

- Global Risk Analysis Framework (GRAF) for Sendai Framework Monitoring
- Localised INFORM Risk Index (All Districts and Upazila of Bangladesh)
- Loss and damage database (UNDRR DesInventar)
- Capacity building for Sendai Framework Implementation

Source: Emergency Events Database (EM-DAT), National Disaster Coordination Centre (NDRCC), Health Crises Management Centre, Director General Health Services (DGHS) and International Displacement Management Centre (IDMC);
Preparedness: Priority Preparedness Action

SO2: Improved, coordinated approach to preparedness for emergency response and anticipatory action.

- **Sectoral Gap analysis** in information management, preparedness, capacity and response based on the SPEED Approach.

- **ERP Approach** to ensure that operational readiness is in place to implement these activities identified through gap analysis.

- **Anticipatory Action support through CFP approach** by identifying the most appropriate activities that can mitigate against the potential impacts of a disaster.

- **Coordinated actions** will be promoted through the HCTT/cluster coordinated work plan with GoB and updated annually based on strategy.

- **Cross-cutting Issues** will promote seven elements for effective operations across the HCTT/cluster work.
Capacity: Partnership and Institutional Capacity

SO3: Improved the capacity of the Government and the humanitarian community by strengthening the HCTT collaboration structure and tools.

- **Capacity Diagnosis and Planning**
  - Support the assessment of DMCs capacities to reduce disaster risk and manage disasters.
  - Develop methodology, deploy multidisciplinary expertise in five key areas.
  - Develop detailed implementation plans/programs for multi-sector and sector-specific capacity development for DMC.

- **Technical Supports through L/NAs Hub**
  - Support in establish L/NAs hub at divisional level based on priority and the availability of resources.
  - Clusters and inter-cluster working groups, especially Localisation Technical Working Group (LTWG) will promote this hub to bridge the gaps between clusters at national level and DMC functions at local level.
  - The clusters and inter-clusters working group will continue technical support to DMCs through the L/NAs hub with the facilitation, mentoring and feedback support.

- **Capacity Development**
  - The cluster and inter-cluster working group members will develop DMC member secretary (Operational Focal) and other relevant people’s technical capacity in collaboration with L/NAs hub around the five key areas of DMC work as per SOD.
Response: Action Plan for Coordinated Response

SO4: Coordinated humanitarian action to save lives and livelihoods through effective planning, monitoring and resource mobilisation.

- **Thresholds for Response Activation** when the selected forecast exceeds an agreed thresholds for cyclone, flood and landslide which will explain later.

- **Annual Complementary Target and Budget for complementary assistance** calculate based on the lessons learned during the 2020 cyclone and monsoon flood response in the COVID-19 pandemic.

- **Cluster Priorities in Response** to improve speed, quality and volume of response with the assistance package which update regularly.

- **Develop HRP** if needed based on the joint needs assessment and agreement with GoB.

- **Monitoring strategy**: Support common accountability to affected population for monitoring and learning of the strategy.
Questions and Answers
Open Discussions