Integrated Multi-sectoral emergency Project (IMPACT),
in Garasbaley & Kaxda Districts, Mogadishu.

Funded by Somalia Humanitarian Fund (SHF,OCHA)

Implemented by Concern Worldwide in partnership with Youth Link
Project Summary

✓ Project Objective: To support severely drought and conflict affected displaced household in Garasbaley and Kaxda, Banadir Region with increased access to Food, WASH, Education and Nutrition.

✓ Funded by: SHF- OCHA Somalia

✓ Project Duration: 6 months (July to December 2017)

✓ Target beneficiaries: 12,000 people (6240 Female; 5760 male)
Garasbaley, Banadir Region
1) Tokyo IDP Settlement,
2) Suhayb IDP Settlement,
3) Towfiq IDP Settlement

Kaxda, Banadir Region
1) Liman IDP Settlement,
2) Himilo IDP Settlement,
3) Jalaqsa IDP Settlement
4) Kurtunwarey IDP Settlement.
Integrated Programme Approach

- Emphasis placed on targeting of same household to benefit from the four sectors for Impact;
- Some HHs identified through H&N centres

Joint meetings between Concern and Partner Sectoral technical staff, Relevant Local authorities and beneficiary representatives;
Beneficiaries were sensitised on project objectives, targeting criteria, approaches and their entitlements at inception, and summary of project details provided in Somali language.

MoU was signed with the beneficiary representatives from both locations.

Beneficiary registration done on digital data gathering devices. The beneficiaries were given a unique identification code.
Integrated Programme Approach
Targeting Criteria

✓ Vulnerable HHs: headed by elderly (60+), poor single women, men and/or disabled or critically ill;
✓ Families without bread winner;
✓ with malnourished children that have graduated from treatment – identified through Concern managed Nutrition Centres in target area;
✓ marginalised clans;
✓ with more than 3 children <5, or elderly, pregnant and/or lactating mothers;
✓ with school aged children but incapable of paying fees;
Food Security
Unconditional Cash Transfer to 2000 HHs in Kaxda & Garasbaley @$82/-HH for three months.

WASH
Provision of Water supply, Sanitation and Hygiene promotion activities in both locations for the 2000 HHs.

Education
• Construction and equipping 2 Emergency Education Centres to accommodate 720 children (360 girls and 360 boys) from the 2000 HHs;
• Teachers Training;
• Feeding of children enrolled at the EECs;
• Provision of WASH facilities at the EECs;
Muslimo Mohamed, mother of 6 children is living in Towfiq IDP camp.

Concern CHWs identified her malnourished children (Faiza 12 mths; Muno 53 mths) and admitted both to the nutrition program for SAM and MAM treatment.

Muslimo was also registered for Cash transfer intervention.
Muslimo with her two children at the ECHO funded H&N centre receiving SAM and MAM treatment.
Muslimo’s Daughter, Raho (Right) on day 1 at the EEC. She is 10 years but had never been to school before. She had this to say ‘I feel very happy to be in school and hope to learn a lot here, …thanks’...
‘Muslimo quotes ‘this project has made my life much easier because I have received cash that I have used to improve my shelter, buy food and clothes for my children. My 2 young children were sick and are now getting free treatment and I have water at my door step. My eldest daughter is finally attending school and is also being fed there’.
The first round of cash transfer has been done on 31st July. Most HHs utilised most of the cash of food purchase and improvement of shelter (plastic sheets purchase)
Project progress to-date

- Two Emergency education centres (6 classrooms) completed and children enrolled.
- 12 teachers (50% female staff) recruited and trained.
Project progress to-date
Project progress to-date

Scholastic materials are provided to students
Girls enjoy a cup of porridge during break time at the EEC
Boys Enjoy lunch at the EEC
Construction of 9 water supply system (7 in camps and 2 in schools) is have been completed.
Latrine construction is underway.
Hygiene promotion in all locations is ongoing
Availability of land for construction of school was a challenge as landowners are not ready to give land which resulted in delay for the construction of schools.

Setting up water kiosks was delayed as private vendors opposed the move citing they would lose water sales business thus negotiations involving the local authorities were undertaken and they took long.

Space for latrine construction is limited in the IDP camps as landowners are opposed to construction of latrines on their land.

Registration took longer time than expected as the enumerators were not used to the electronic format.