An estimated 8.6M people are severely food insecure, Phase 3 and above, according to the latest IPC analysis from July 2020. Moreover, desert locust infestation has affected agricultural production of pocket areas in Afar, Amhara, Tigray, SNNP, Somali, Oromia and Dire Dawa. At the same time, COVID-19 pandemic has posed a threat to food access and availability due to mitigation measures and reduced access to agricultural inputs. Lastly, floods have damaged crops and grasslands deteriorating livelihood assets and reducing resilience of the affected Household in Somali, Afar, SNNP, Oromia and Dire Dawa. The ATF response priorities remain protecting and sustaining productive assets of the most vulnerable Household prioritizing IPC phase 3 food insecure woredas that have been affected by DL upsurge.

Cluster Objective 1 Indicators
- Animal Health: 204,664 vs. 701,754
- Agri. Inputs (Seeds & Tools): 563,136 vs. 872,130
- Animal Feed: 38,981 vs. 31,736

Cluster Objective 2 Indicators
- Water Harvesting: 5,981 vs. 438,309
- Livelihood Diversification: 22,875 vs. 128,025
- Short Maturing Crop: 37,904 vs. 126,125

Response by Location
- HRP Target: 1,174,652
- IDPs: 452,601
- Returns: 118,511

Response by Beneficiary Type
- Host Communities: HRP Target 1,174,652
- IDPs: HRP Target 452,601
- Returns: HRP Target 118,511

Response By Location
- HRP Target: 40,247
- IDPs: 8,587
- Returns: 118,511

Assistance Modality
- Individuals reached: 520,313
- In-Kind Modality: 31,736
- Cash Modality: 520,313

IPD Phase Classification (July to September 2020)
- 38 Partners
- 70,105 Assisted
- 157,808 Assisted
- 53,600 Assisted
- 170,547 Assisted

Data Sources:
- Ethiopia Humanitarian Response Information System
- Food Security and Nutrition Cluster
- FAO

Updates as of November 2020