

FAO & WFP

CO1 and CO2 integration

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FSL Cluster Objectives integration

CO1: Provide food assistance to prevent famine and improve food consumption, dietary diversity and coping strategies for vulnerable populations (in IPC 5, 4 and some 3).

CO2: Enhance and sustain emergency food production through complementary vegetable and crop livelihood inputs, fishing and livestock support.

CO3: Reduce dependency on food and agricultural inputs to support and strengthen households' ability to absorb shocks.

Objective: integration of CO1 and CO2 through the collaboration between WFP and FAO during MSR 2024

Location

Out of WFP's 39 priority counties, FAO's intervention will overlap in 23 counties.

Selection criteria for selection of project locations:

- Need (Vulnerability)
- Potential (For agricultural production or aquaculture)
- Access
- Equity
- Catalytic and complementary program

Location

						FAO		
	WFP	р			Response			
S/No	Priority County	Priority	Ration Size	Duration	Month	Type	Duration	Month
1	Aweil east	1	70	8	Jan-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
2	Ruk	1	70	8	Jan-Aug			
3	Nxicol	1	70	8	Jan-Aug			
4	Pibor	1	70	8	Jan-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
5	Rubkona	1	70	8	Jan-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
6	Abyei	2	50	6	Mar-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
7	Akobo	2	50	6	Mar-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
8	Ayod	2	50	6	Mar-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
9	Canal/gigi	2	50	6	Mar-Aug			
10	Queibet	2	50	6	Mar-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
11	Fangak	2	50	6	Mar-Aug			
12	Fashoda	2	50	6	Mar-Aug			
13	Koch	2	50	6	Mar-Aug			
14	Leer	2	50	6	Mar-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
15	Longachuk	2	50	6	Mar-Aug			
16	Luakpiny/nasir	2	50	6	Mar-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
17	Maxendit	2	50	6	Mar-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
18	Twis	2	50	6	Mar-Aug			
19	Twic east	2	50	6	Mar-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
20	Vlang.	2	50	6	Mar-Aug			
21	Urer	2	50	6	Mar-Aug			
22	Panyikang	2	50	6	Mar-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
23	Lafon	2	50	6	Mar-Aug	MSR	6 Months	Mar-Aug
24	Akoka	3	50	5	April-Aug			
25	Aweil north	3	50	5	April-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
26	Aweil south	3	50	5	April-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
27	Gogrial West	3	50	5	April-Aug			
28	Guit	3	50	5	April-Aug			
29	Kapoeta east	3	50	5	April-Aug	MSR	6 Months	Mar-Aug
30	Kapoeta north	3	50	5	April-Aug	MSR	6 Months	Mar-Aug
31	Maiwut	3	50	5	April-Aug			
32	Malakal	3	50	5	April-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
33	Melut	3	50	5	April-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
34	Panyijiar	3	50	5	April-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
35	Rumbek east	3	50	5	April-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
36	Rumbek north	3	50	5	April-Aug			
37	Maban	3	50	5	April-Aug	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct
38	Balist	3	50	5	April-Aug			
39	Parians.	4	50	4	April-Jul	MSR	6 Months	May-Oct

Timeline

WFP Priority 1 Counties

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Ration size: 70%
WFP Pr	riority 2 C	ounties										
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Ration size: 50%
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WFP Pr	riority 3 C	ounties										
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Ration size: 50%

WFP Priority 4 Counties

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Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Ration size: 50%

FAO Main Season Response

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

FAO emergency livelihood kit composition

*Composition will vary depending on context and agro-ecological zone.







Crop production support	Vegetable production support	Fishing kit	

At least three types of crop seed:

- 5 kg maize;
- 5 kg sorghum;
- 3 kg cowpea;
- 2 kg sesame;
- 10 kg groundnut

At least one agricultural tool: *maloda* (shovel), hoe, storage bags

At least five types of vegetable seed:

- 20 g amaranth, bell pepper, cabbage, carrot, collard, kudra, onion, tomato;
- 30 g eggplant, watermelon, pumpkin;
- 50 g okra

At least one agricultural tool: *maloda* (shovel), rake, spade, hoe

At least:

- Two packets of 100 hooks;
- One coil of monofilament;
 - Two spools of twine

Livelihood Package and Expected Yield

Package	Inputs	Package per HH (Kg/gm)	Average Seed Rate/ha (Kg)	Approx. Area Coverage (ha)	Average Yield/ha (MT)	Expected Production /Yield (Kg)	Unit Cost (USD)	Value (USD)	Remarks
	Maize	5	25	0.2	0.95	<mark>190</mark>	0.4	76	
Crop Seeds	Sorghum	5	12	0.42	1.1	<mark>458</mark>	0.45	206	
	Cowpea	3	20	0.15	0.8	<mark>120</mark>	0.7	84	
Vegetable Seeds	Amaranth, Bell pepper, Eggplant, Kudra, Okra, Onion, Tomato, Watermelon	200 gm		0.25		<mark>150</mark>	1	150	Each type of vegetable should have a different yield; expected production and unit cost should be calculated based on an average
Total								516.25	

Based on the last crop production report, the yield of the FAO livelihood package is expected to cover 5.5 months of food needs, and if fully funded our livelihood kits could cover up to 7 months.

Beneficiaries

WFP and FAO's caseloads will overlap, with FAO selecting their beneficiaries of livelihood inputs from WFP's caseload of recipients of HFA.

Included in this pilot

Crop / vegetable kits:

- Households facing acute food insecurity (IPC Phase 3+).
- Farmers or agro-pastoralists.
- Have access to a land for planting.
- Have the capacity to mobilize enough labor for cropping (for example, land preparation, planting, and weeding).
- No access to crop/vegetable seeds and tools.

Fishing kits:

- Households facing acute food insecurity (IPC Phase 3+)
- Fisher folks
- Have access to a fresh water, rivers, lagoons

Beneficiaries

Excluded from this pilot:

- Most vulnerable beneficiaries in areas with pockets of IPC 5 population
- Most recent returnees with intentions to relocate
- Households that have been supported for over 7 years

Data Sharing

FAO and WFP have an existing data sharing agreement that will be utilized for this pilot.

An Excel document with the beneficiaries' data from biometric registration (with Boma disaggregation) will be shared by WFP at the field level. It will then be compared with FAO's beneficiaries list.

Role of Field Offices during collaboration

- Decentralised, tailored approach
- Field level ownership of the pilot and close coordination with field teams, government, Sub national cluster focal points and FSLC partners.
- FSLC partners are encouraged to complement WFP and FAO in this integration effort.

Role of Collaborating Partners (CPs / IPs)

- Collaboration between CPs / IPs active in the same location will be coordinated by the relevant WFP and FAO field offices, jointly with the FSLC focal points.
- Follow up bilateral collaboration meetings between the relevant CPs / IPs on the ground are encouraged



MEAL

- KPIs specific to this collaboration
- Stakeholder feedback
- Sustainability and Scalability
- Learning and Adaptation
- Advocacy



Questions, Comments, Suggestions?

Thank you!