

The state of agriculture and the agri-food system in Myanmar

Bart Minten

International Food Policy Research Institute

December 12, 2023 FSC meeting

Photo Credit: Somrerk Witthayanant/Shutterstock











OUTLINE TALK

- 1. Data
- 2. Situation mid-2023
- 3. Recent developments



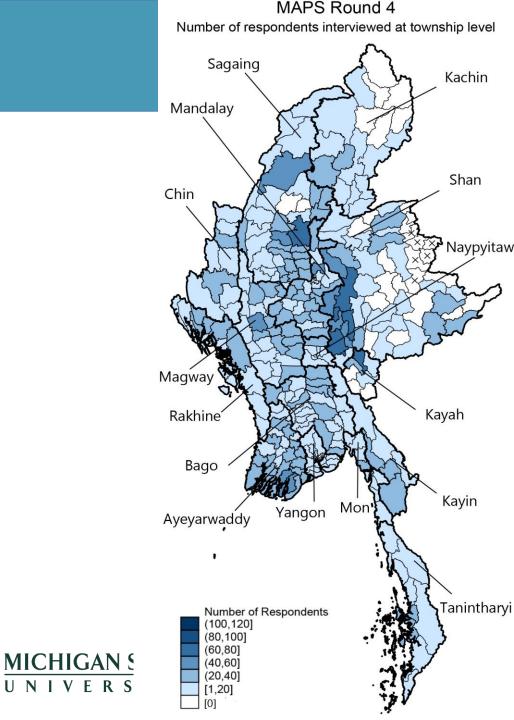






DATA

- Myanmar Agricultural Performance Survey (MAPS):
- 5,001 households
- 4th round: June 26th July 25th, 2023
- Questions focusing on performance during post-and pre-monsoon period
- Key informant interviews
- Secondary data

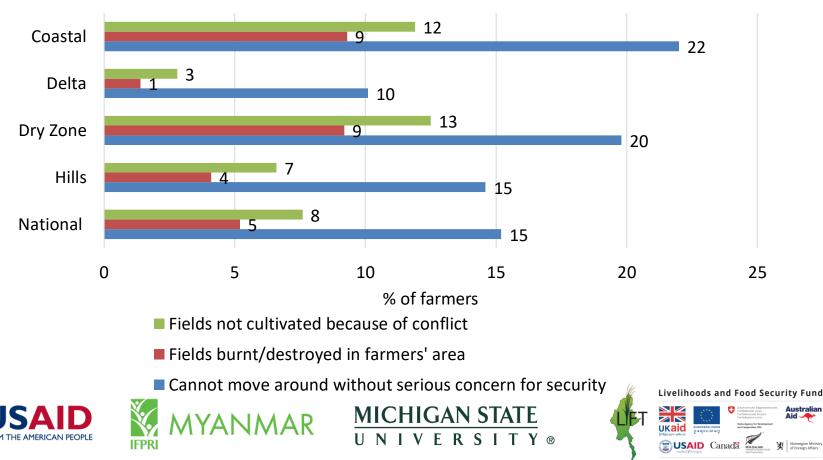








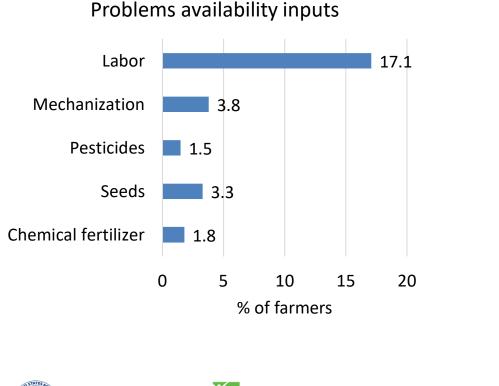
INSECURITY: AFFECTING AN IMPORTANT SHARE OF FARMERS (BEFORE 26/10...)



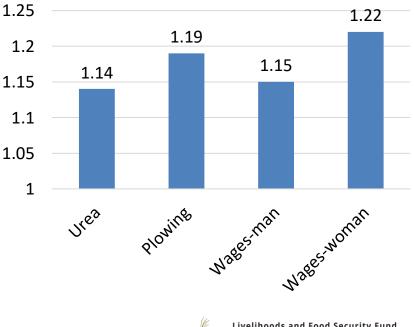
managed by @UNOPS



INPUTS MOSTLY AVAILABLE; PRICE INCREASES, BUT SMALLER THAN IN PREVIOUS SEASONS



Input price changes (1=price last year dry season)









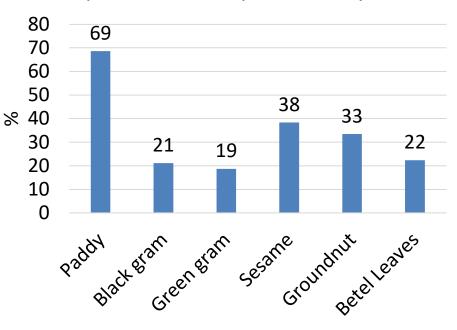


FARMGATE PRICES INCREASING

- Dry season prices:
- Highest increases for paddy (69%)
- Oilseeds (sesame, groundnut): 33% - 38% increase
- Major pulses (back gram green gram): 19% - 22%

- Output price increases higher than input price increases, indicating increased profitability

% price changes compared to same period last year





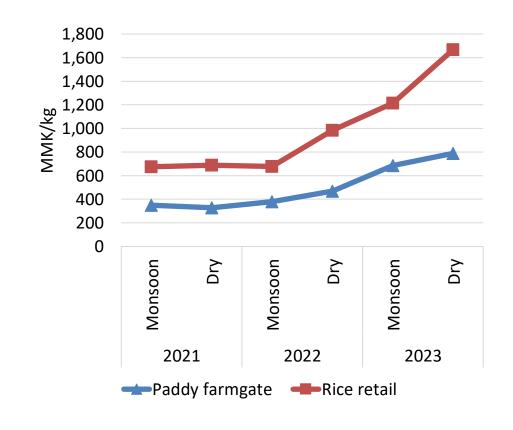






AS FARM PRICES UP, RETAIL PRICES UP AS WELL

- Rice prices up (FAO rice price index in 08/23 31% higher than year earlier)
- Prices dry season 2023 higher than same time last year:
- 1/ Paddy: +69%
- 2/ Rice: +70%
- Marketing costs increasing (reflecting mobility problems and inflation)





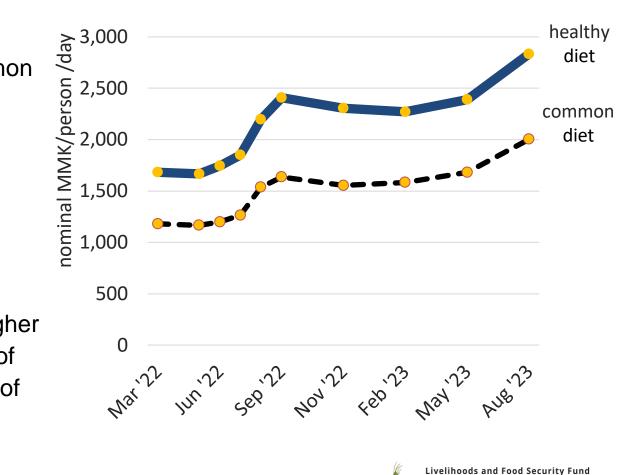






RAPID FOOD PRICE INFLATION

- Food price increases common diet August 2023:
 - over 3 months: +19%
 - over 12 months: +30%
 - over 15 months: +72%
- Healthy diet costs much higher than common diet and out of reach for substantial share of population



Uкаid

🗐 USAID) Canadä

MICHIGAN STATE

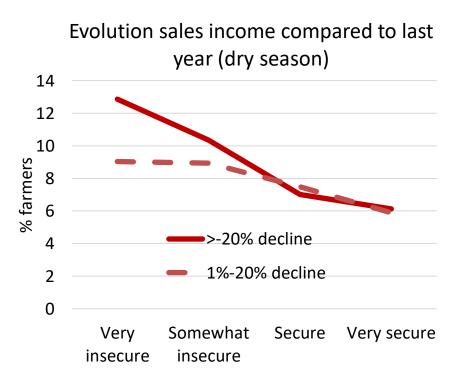
VERSITY®







- 1. Increasing violence and insecurity impacting agriculture
- More than 500,000 extra IDPs since October 26th (OCHA), typically the most food insecure
- Agriculture hampered in insecure areas:
 Agricultural incomes lower in insecure areas





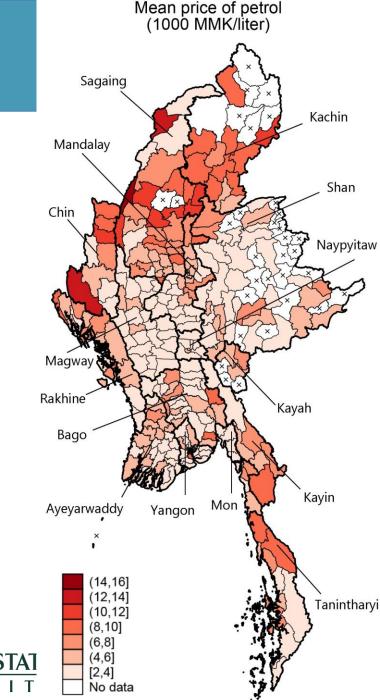








- 1. Increasing violence and insecurity impacting agriculture
- Higher fuel prices in insecure areas
- Transport more expensive
- Milling and mechanization costs much higher









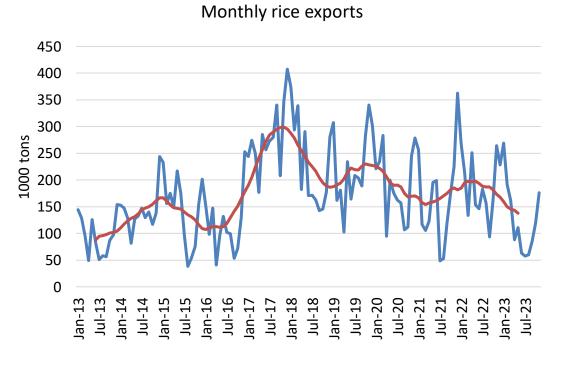
Source: MAPS Round 4



2. Agricultural exports declining in 2023

- Rice exports Jan-Nov 2023 2/3rd of same period 2022

- Lowest level of exports since 2015/16



Export quantity

Moving average





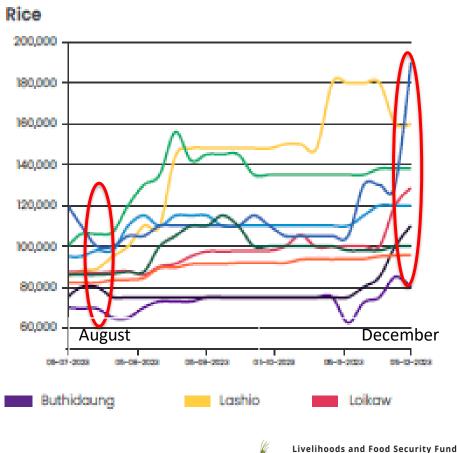




3. Increasing fragmentation of agricultural markets due to violence and insecurity

Spatial variation rice markets:

 40,000 MMK difference for 50 kg bag 5 months ago; beginning December: more than doubled (100k or even more)







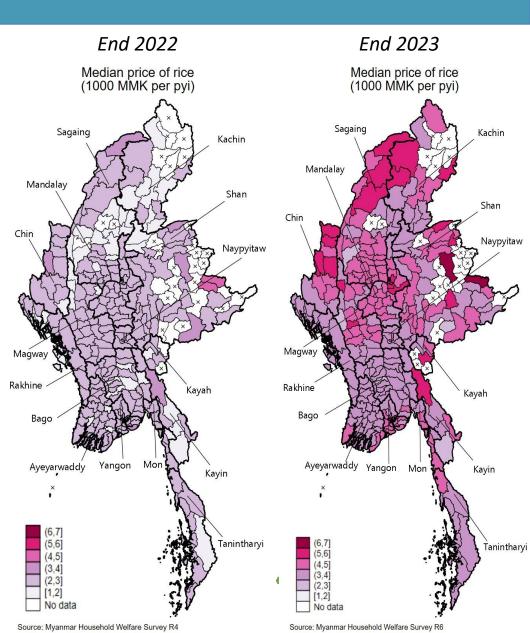
MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY® 

3. Increasing fragmentation of agricultural markets due to violence and insecurity

Situation end-August to beginning-December 2023:

- High rice prices in most insecure areas
- Low rice prices in most secure ones

MYANMAR







ကျေးဇူးတင်ပါတယ် Thank you











FEEDIFUTURE

The U.S. Government's Global Hunger & Food Security Initiative

www.feedthefuture.gov









managed by 🛞 UNOPS