

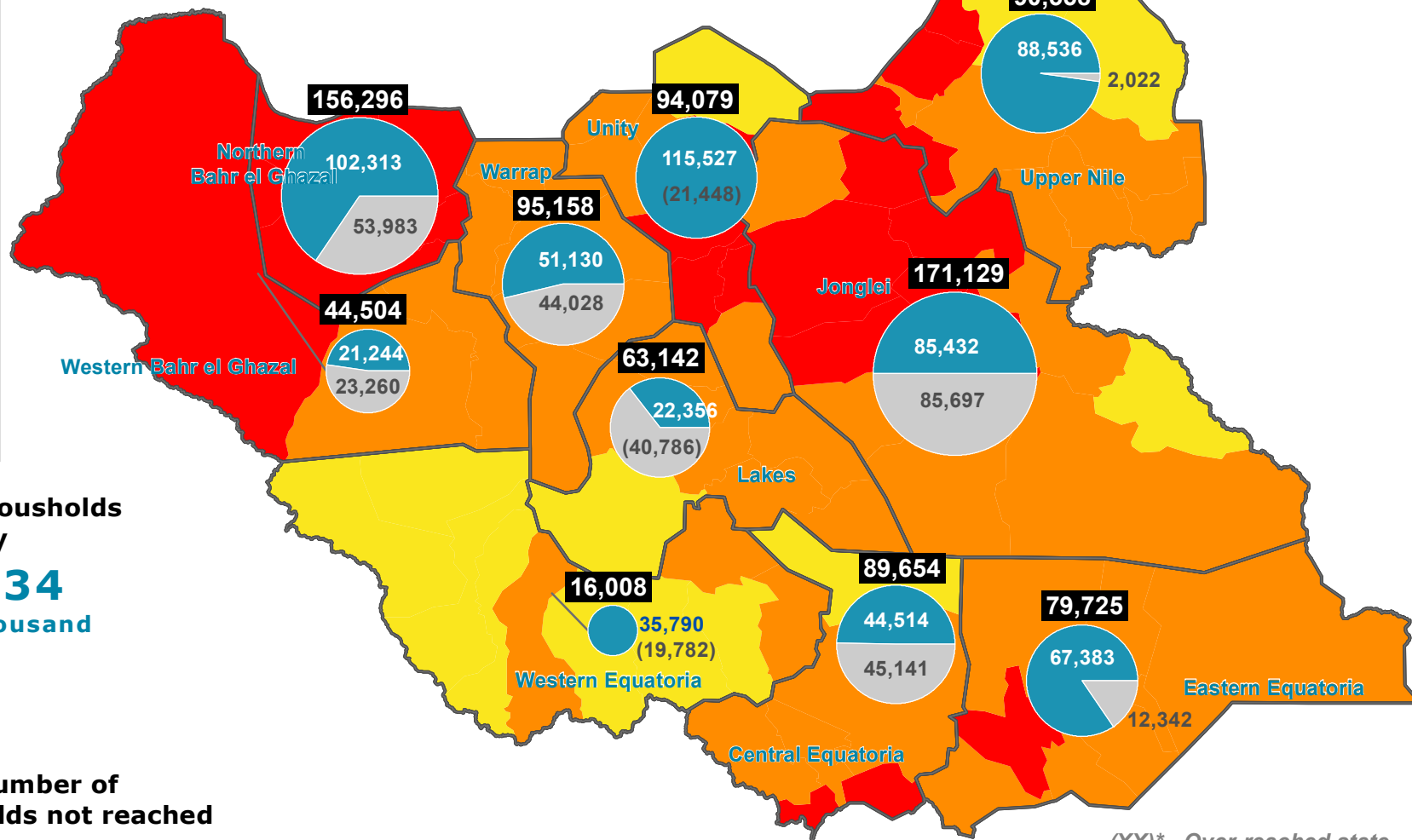
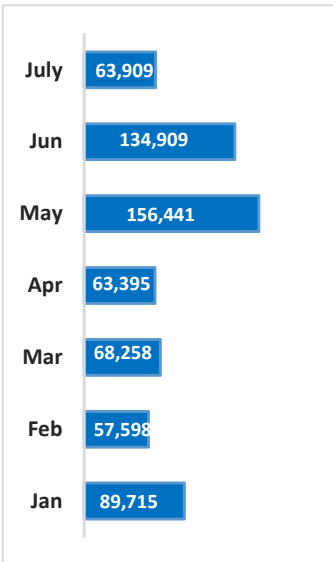
IPC Situational Overview: Food security in South Sudan has further deteriorated due to armed conflict, economic crisis, and structural cereal deficit. An estimated 6.0 million (50% of the population) people are severely food insecure in June-July 2017, compared to 5.5 million (45% of the population) people in May 2017. This is the greatest number of people ever to experience severe food insecurity (IPC Phases 3, 4 and 5) in South Sudan. Even though no county has been classified under famine (Phase 5) in this IPC update, the situation continues to be very critical. In June-July 2017, in addition to approximately 45,000 people estimated to be facing Humanitarian Catastrophe, an estimated 1.7 million people are likely to be facing food security emergency (IPC Phase 4) - one-step below Famine on the IPC scale. This is based on most likely assumptions of continued armed conflict, food shortages associated with seasonality, and humanitarian assistance delivery constraints. This projected number in June-July 2017 is up from 1.0 million projected for February – April period in the January IPC report (May IPC update).

Target HHs

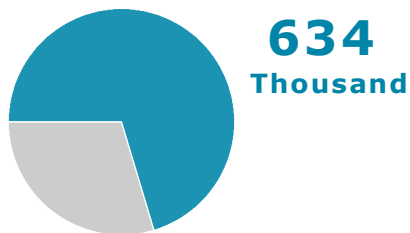
Improved Livelihoods

900 Thousand

Total number of households reached by months



Total number of households reached as of July



266 Thousand Total number of households not reached

(XX)* - Over-reached state

