

Cluster Coordination Performance Monitoring



What is the CCPM?



- A self-assessment of cluster performance against the 6 core cluster functions and Accountability to Affected populations:
 1. support service delivery
 2. inform the HC/HCT's strategic decision-making
 3. strategy development
 4. monitor and evaluate performance
 5. capacity building in preparedness and contingency planning.
 6. Advocacy
 7. + section on Accountability to Affected Populations
- A country led process, supported by Global Clusters and OCHA
- The CPM can be applied by both clusters and sectors

Where does the CCPM come from?



- Transformative Agenda



Improve coordination and accountability

- Developed by the IASC SWG on the Cluster Approach and endorsed by the IASC WG in 2012
- Piloted in 2012 and implemented from 2013 -

Why monitor cluster coordination performance?



- Ensure efficient and effective coordination
- Take stock of what functional areas work well and what areas need improvement
- Raise awareness of support needed from the HC/HCT, cluster lead agencies, global clusters or cluster partners
- Opportunity for self-reflection
- Strengthening transparency and partnership within the cluster
- Show the added value and justify the costs of coordination

The CCPM does not ...



- Monitor response (service delivery)
- Evaluate individual partners or coordinators
- Evaluate if/when clusters should be deactivated, merged etc. (Review of the cluster architecture)
- Exclude usage of other tools with the same purpose

When to implement the CCPM?



- Protracted crises: Annually, but clusters decide when to implement it
- New emergencies: 3-6 months after the onset and once every year thereafter.
- If several core functions have been registered as weak
➔ more frequent
- Avoid simultaneous commitments (e.g. the Strategic Planning Process, donor visits etc.)

Who is involved?



- Ideally all clusters (cluster coordinators and partners)
- Global clusters: Technical and facilitation support
- OCHA-HQ: Technical and facilitation support when clusters don't have the survey tool
- OCHA-FO: coordinate across clusters (ICC) and ensure engagement of HC/HCT

CCPM in steps



CPM IN STEPS



Step I: Planning



- HCT decision on CCPM timeframe and participation
- Inter-cluster Coordination Group discussion
- Each cluster meets to:
 - Discuss the CCPM purpose, process, methodology and outputs;
 - Clarify timeframe for survey and completion of report;
 - Clarify role of government counterpart
 - Establish commitment to follow-up on agreed actions to improve performance.
- *Output I: Agreement on implementation and timeframe*

Step II: The Survey



- **Three online questionnaires:**
 - i. The Cluster Description Report, completed by the cluster coordinator
 - ii. Coordination performance questionnaire, completed by the cluster coordinator, app. 20-25 min
 - iii. Coordination performance questionnaire, completed by the cluster partners, app. 20-25 min
- **Important:**
 - Responses are anonymous - but avoid sensitive comments
 - Important to fully complete the questionnaire
 - Survey results only shared externally after the cluster has contextualised it.

Step II: The Survey



Example of survey question:

‘Has your organization been involved in the development of the strategic plan?’

- No strategic plan (NA)*
- My organization was not asked to be involved*
- My organization was asked to be involved but has not contributed*
- My organization was asked to be involved, has contributed but contribution not adequately taken into account*
- My organization was asked to be involved, has contributed and contribution somewhat adequately taken into account*
- My organization was asked to be involved, has contributed and contribution adequately taken into account*

Step II: The Survey



Analysis and scoring of performance status

- The median score for each sub-category is calculated based on aggregated results of partners and coordinator.
- The median score is classified into a 4 categories of performance status:

Score	Performance status
>0.75%	Green = Strong
0.51-0.75%	Yellow = Satisfactory (needs minor improvement)
0.26-0.50%	Orange = Unsatisfactory (needs major improvement)
≤ 0.25%	Red = Weak

Step II: The Survey



Output II: The survey results are weighted and compiled into a report

1.Supporting service delivery	
1.1 Provide a platform to ensure that service delivery is driven by the agreed strategic priorities	Good
1.2 Develop mechanisms to eliminate duplication of service delivery	Unsatisfactory
2. Informing strategic decision-making of the HC/HCT for the humanitarian response	
2.1 Needs assessment and gap analysis (across other sectors and within the sector)	Satisfactory
2.2 Analysis to identify and address (emerging) gaps, obstacles, duplication, and cross-cutting issues.	Weak
2.3 Prioritization, grounded in response analysis	Satisfactory

Step III: Cluster analysis and action planning



- Review/amend the Cluster Description Report
 - Explain/contextualize findings
 - Identify actions for improvement (focus on weak and unsatisfactory performance), timeframe and responsible for follow-up
 - Pinpoint support requirements
- ! Clusters can request the secretariat of the global clusters or OCHA-HQ for facilitation support

Step III: Cluster analysis and action planning



Output III: Final CCPM and Action Plan

- Actions for improvement, timeframe and responsible for follow-up
- Awareness of support requirements (HC/HCT, Cluster Lead Agencies, Partners, OCHA, Global Clusters and national authorities)
- Shared with the HC/HCT and Global Cluster and, if applicable, the national authorities

Step IV: Follow-up & Monitoring



Follow-up:

- ICC: Review of Reports/Action Plans → identify common weaknesses to be addressed systematically.
- HCT: Presentation of Reports/Action Plans and discussion of support requirements

Monitoring:

- Take stock of progress at monthly cluster meetings
- Quarterly progress reporting to the HCT

Output IV: Quarterly reports to HCT