

Agricultural Inputs and Commodity Price Bulletin in the Syrian Arabic Republic

January 2024-Issue #25



Background

Agriculture, including crop and animal husbandry, forestry, fisheries and agro-processing, post-harvest handling and marketing, provides a source of livelihoods for most smallholder farmers in the Syrian Arab Republic (SAR). The Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) in Syria works on strengthening value chains and food production systems by building technical and productive capacity of stakeholders, mainly farmers, expanding their knowledge and understanding of the local context and situation by sharing reports that aim to make agricultural production more sustainable, gender sensitive, market-driven and climate smart. The Organization in Syria releases the "Monthly Agriculture Input and Commodity Price Bulletin - AICPB", which provides timely insights from 35 districts across Homs, Hama, Aleppo, Tartous, Deir-ez-Zor, Rural Damascus, Al-Hasakeh and Dar'a governorates. The purpose of the bulletin is to inform relevant stakeholders, including the Food Security and Agriculture (FSA) partners supporting agricultural and food security interventions in the country, about the prevailing price trends of agricultural inputs and commodities. The bulletin is a periodic resource as markets and market information, play an important role in enhancing food security, income generation, resilience and rural-urban market linkages. Regular dissemination of market information benefits smallholder farmers in their marketoriented production endeavor.

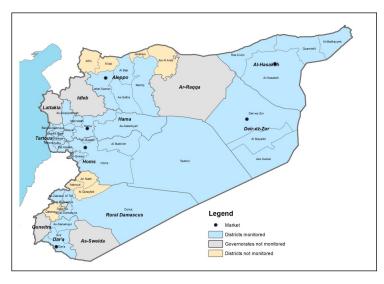


Figure 1: Markets monitored by FAO country office on a monthly basis.

Map source: UN - OCHA Feb 2021.

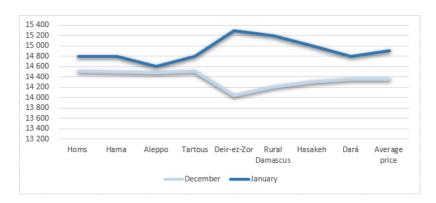
Key Highlights

- There was a significant increase in transportation fees for food commodities, agricultural products and agricultural inputs, most notably for the shipment of greenhouse-produced fresh vegetables from the coastal area. This is due to the newly set arrangement of providing transportation vehicles with diesel fuel at the non-subsidized price of 11 880 SYP/litre, including the limited eligibility of subsidized diesel fuel for public transportation vehicles and agricultural tractors.
- The Ministry of Agriculture and Agrarian Reform (MAAR) announced that the need for urea fertilizer for wheat production in this winter cropping season is 100 thousand tons. At least 50 thousand tons of urea fertilizer has already been imported through the port with internal procurement from the public fertilizer factory in Homs set to cover an additional estimated 29 thousand tons.
- Severe weather conditions affected agricultural production in the coastal areas during this reporting period, specifically Tartous governorate. The adverse weather was characterised by cyclones and floods that destroyed hundreds of greenhouses which were planted with different types of fresh vegetables.
- Only 30 628 hectares of legumes have been planted for the 2023 - 2024 winter cropping season, and this is below the cultivation plan of 106 000 hectares set for legumes. The legumes include fava beans, peas, lentils and chickpeas. On the other hand, 15 892 tons of cotton have been received by official entities and the plan is to plant 14 419 hectares for the 2024 summer season.

Exchange Rate

In January 2024, the local currency recorded a slight depreciation against the USD (4 percent m-o-m decrease). However, this slight decrease is double the decrease of the last monitored month and it comes after four months of a similar slight devaluation of the local currency. On average, the informal exchange rate in January 2024 was 14 911 SYP/USD.

Note: The FAO market bulletin monitors prices of agriculture inputs and products in the official domestic currency – Syrian Pound (SYP) - and does not specifically analyze price changes in any other foreign currencies. The price trends, whether increase or decrease, are therefore in reference to the domestic currency.



Source: Monthly survey conducted by FAO field staff
Note: The exchange rate was 50 SYP/USD before the crisis in 2012.

Agricultural Inputs

Most winter crops and vegetable seeds remained available across the monitored governorates during the reporting period. For cereal seed prices, barley remained constant and local wheat seeds recorded a slight increase by 7 percent m-o-m, as did legume seed prices with a limited increase of 2 percent m-o-m for both chickpea and lentil, while there was a slight decrease for fava bean and pea seeds by 8 percent and 1 percent respectively. For winter vegetable seed prices, the price remained constant for lettuce. Carrot and cabbage saw slight increases by 8 percent and 4 percent m-o-m respectively, while spinach recorded a moderate increase by 17 percent m-o-m due to the increased demand for planting in Deir-ez-Zor, Homs, Hama and the coastal area.

Summer crop seed prices remained constant for cotton and maize, while there was a very slight increase for bean seeds by 1 percent m-o-m and a slight increase for soyabean seeds (8 percent m-o-m). For summer vegetables, seed prices saw slight changes ranging between 5 percent decrease to 4 percent increase on m-o-m and the only notable variation was for hybrid cucumber seeds due to the increasing demand as greenhouse cultivation is in progress.



Faba Bean seeds SYP/kg

1M: -8 LM: 14 086 6M: 39 1Y: 20



Spinach seeds (local market) SYP/Kg

1M: 18 LM:46 669 6M: 38 1Y: 80

LM: The price in Local Market in SYP

1M: % Current Month Vs. Previous Month in LM



Cucumbers Hybrid Seeds SYP/1000 seed

1M: -11 LM: 65 225 6M: -13 1Y: -12

6M: % Current Month Vs. 6 Months Before in LM

Y1: % Current Month Vs. Same Month Previous year in LM

Agro-chemicals

In January 2024, fertilizer prices recorded slight increases for ammonium nitrate, super phosphate and NPK by 6, 4 and 8 percent m-o-m respectively, while urea prices remained constant.

Generally, all monitored insecticides, fungicides and herbicides were available across all governorates. The price changes for monitored agro-chemicals remained generally limited for insecticides and herbicides, while fungicides recorded a slight to moderate increase due to increased demand attributed to the humid weather conditions coupled with high temperature, and increased risk of fungal infections during the winter.

Responding to the effects of climate change on pest and disease life cycles as well as the prevailing difficult socioeconomic situation, sector partners and relevant stakeholders should continue providing farmers with technical trainings on more effective and climate-smart practices (CSA), such as integrated pest management (IPM) and integrated soil fertility management (ISFM). This will help farmers boost their productivity despite the high cost of agro-chemicals.

| | ltems | | Unit | Rural Damasc us | Homs | Hama | Aleppo | Deir-ez- Zur | Tartous | Hasakeh | Dará | Average price |
|------------|---------------------|--|---------------|-----------------------|---------|----------|----------|-----------------|---------|----------|---------|------------------|
| Fertilizer | Top dressin g | Urea (Agriculture | bag(50 kg) | 400 000 | | | 400 000 | 400 000 | | | 400 000 | 400 000 |
| | | Urea (Granular) | bag(50 kg) | 415 000 | 600 000 | 600 000 | 561250 | 423 333 | 600 000 | 400 000 | 750 000 | 545 938 |
| | | Nitrate (Liquid) (Local Market) | lt | 30 000 | 28 000 | 28 000 | 43 800 | | 28 000 | 28 000 | 75 000 | 35 053 |
| | Basal | Phosphate fertilizers | bag(50 kg) | 300 000 | | | 300 000 | 300 000 | | | 300 000 | 300 000 |
| | | Phosphate fertilizers (Local Market) | bag(50 kg) | 150 000 | 311 000 | 311 900 | 325 000 | 375 000 | 311 700 | 1083 000 | 650 000 | 343 267 |
| | | NPK (Local Market) | kg | 30 000 | 41 000 | 41 900 | 43 800 | 55 000 | 41700 | 35 500 | 70 000 | 44 863 |
| | | (Dusts, Granules, Vettable powders) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | nsecticid | Mythomel | kg | 235 000 | 325 000 | 325 000 | 876 000 | 22 500 | 325 000 | 205 000 | 430 000 | 342 938 |
| | | Acetamiprid | kg | 170 300 | 226 000 | 226 900 | 329 300 | 21500 | 226 700 | 205 000 | 350 000 | 219 463 |
| | | (Liquids) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Dimethoate | lt | 140 600 | 211 000 | 211 900 | 200 595 | 153 333 | 211 700 | 170 000 | 235 000 | 191 766 |
| | | Delta Methrin | lt | 165 400 | 216 000 | 216 900 | 234 115 | 135 500 | 216 700 | 163 750 | 250 000 | 199 796 |
| | | (Dusts, Granules or Vettable powders) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Fungicide | I NIOPNANATE- | kg | 185 200 | 321 000 | 321900 | 132 235 | 240 000 | 321700 | 191 250 | 315 000 | 253 536 |
| | | Triflozystrobin | kg | 146 000 | 341000 | 341900 | 1868 800 | 300 000 | 341700 | 350 000 | | 527 057 |
| Pesticides | _ | | (Liquids) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Propamocarb Hydrochloride | lt | 143 000 | 233 000 | 233 900 | 192 560 | 300 000 | 233 700 | 169 500 | 240 000 | 218 208 |
| | | | | | (Dusts | Granules | or ¥etta | ble powd | ers) | | | |
| | Gig | sulfonyl urea | kg | 265 000 | 409 000 | 409 900 | 160 600 | 140 000 | 409 700 | 391750 | 250 000 | 304 494 |
| | | Glyphosate Equivalent | kg | 135 200 | 206 500 | 207 400 | 170 870 | 130 000 | 207 200 | 740 000 | | 256 739 |
| | Herbicide | | | | | (I | .iquids) | | | | | |
| | | glyphosate | lt | 125 800 | 151 000 | 151 900 | 110 225 | 118 333 | 151 700 | 141 500 | 140 000 | 136 307 |
| | | Halozyrop-H- methal | lt | 156 000 | 266 000 | 266 900 | 212 605 | 150 000 | 266 700 | 296 000 | 250 000 | 233 026 |
| | | Trifluralin | lt | 116 000 | 201000 | 201900 | 165 985 | 145 000 | 201700 | 110 000 | 192 000 | 166 698 |

Livestock feed

With the improved level of precipitation realized in January 2024, the condition of natural pastures has improved and the demand for some types of fodder has generally declined in some locations. The price of cotton meal and wheat straw decreased by 8 and 4 percent m-o-m respectively, while the price barley and soya bean meal remained constant. Slight increase was also noted for the rest of the fodder types monitored by FAO, ranging between 1 to 9 percent m-o-m.

It is still recommended to provide farmers with the knowledge needed to give good fodder mixtures to their animals so that they can balance between the needs of purchasing fodder items and relying on natural pastures.



Barley grain

1M: 0 LM:3 215 6M: -3 1Y: 5



Maize

1M: 6 LM:4 407 6M: 7 1Y:26



Cottonseed meal

1M: -8 LM:8 015 6M: 11 1Y: 40



Wheat bran

1M: 9 LM:2 225 6M: 23 1Y: 38



Wheat straw

1M: -4 LM:772 6M: 5 1Y: 13



SYP/kg

Crop residues

1M: 5 LM:1 045 6M: 11 1Y: 5



Soybean meal

1M: 0 LM:9 209 6M: 14 1Y: 40



Poultry feed for Meat production

1M: 7 LM:9 152 6M: 12 1Y: 34



Poultry feed for Egg production

1M: 4 LM:9 087 6M: 11 1Y: 38



Cattle feed

1M: 2 LM:5 498 6M: 9 1Y: 30

1M: % Current Month Vs. Same Month Previous year in LM

LM: The price in Local Market in SYP

Y1: % Current Month Vs. Previous year in LM

6M: % Current Month Vs. 6 Months Before in LM

Live Animals



Sheep SYP/kg

1M: 17 LM:63 179 3M: 20 1Y: 53



Sheep female SYP/Head

1M:23 LM:1 961 500 3M: 15 1Y: 54



calf SYP/Kg

1M:15 LM:61 356 3M: 9 1Y: 54



Dairy Cow SYP/Head

1M:36 LM:32 760 883 3M:26 1Y: 120

1M: % Current Month Vs. Previous Month in LM

LM: The price in Local Market in SYP

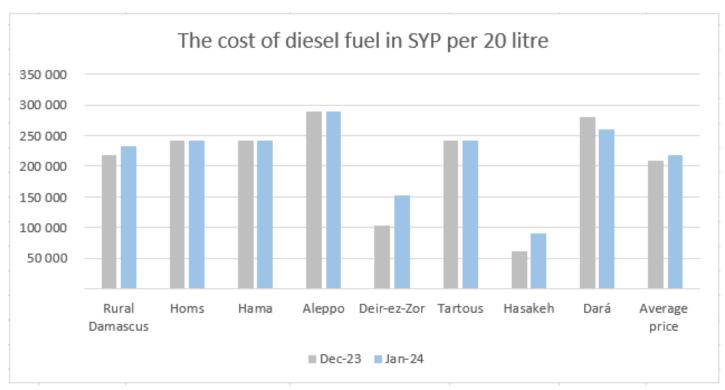
Y1: % Current Month Vs. Same Month in Previous Year

3M: % Current Month Vs. 3 Months Before in LM

Diesel Fuel (20 liters)

In In January 2024, a new official arrangement was set to provide transportation vehicles with diesel fuel. Only public transportation vehicles and agricultural tractors are now eligible to buy subsidized diesel fuel, while owners of other vehicles must purchase diesel fuel at the new non-subsidized price of 11 880 SYP/litre. This reflects a price increase of at least 83 percent. This new arrangement directly affected shipping fees for food commodities, agricultural products and agricultural inputs, and notably the shipment of fresh vegetables produced in greenhouses from the coastal area.

During the same reporting period, the informal diesel fuel price recorded an increase of 4 percent m-o-m, reaching 218 929 SYP/litre on average. This increase has occurred during a period where no major demand has been observed, especially for agricultural and land preparation purposes. This slight increase could be attributed to the currency fluctuation, official price increase reported above or speculation by informal traders.



Food Items

In January 2024, while the prices of most monitored food items recorded slight changes ranging between 2 percent decrease to 9 percent increase on m-o-m. The most significant increases were noted for tomato and eggplant, rising by 25 and 30 percent m-o-m respectively. This is linked to the increased transportation cost of greenhouse produce from the coastal area, likely attributed to the ripple effect of the latest announced diesel fuel price.

For a more detailed analysis of food items and market price trends, please refer to the WFP Market Price Bulletins for Syria, which can be found on the official Syria Food Security Cluster (FSC) website:

https://fscluster.org/search?text=wfp-syria-price-bulletin

1M: % Current Month Vs. Previous Month in LM

LM: The price in Local Market in SYP

Y1: % Current Month Vs. year before in LM

6M: % Current Month Vs. 6 Months Before in LM

| Items | M | М-О-М | |
|-------------------|---|-------|--|
| Bread | P | 29% | |
| Flour | P | 10% | |
| Sugar | P | 5% | |
| Rice | P | 4% | |
| Olive oil | ψ | -1% | |
| Sunflower oil | ψ | -1% | |
| Cow Meat (Calf) | P | 2% | |
| Chicken Meat | ψ | -3% | |
| Sheep Meat | 4 | 7% | |
| Fish Meat /Sea | Ð | 0% | |
| Fish Meat /Rivers | P | 1% | |
| Eggs crate | ψ | -1% | |
| Sheep Milk | ψ | -4% | |
| Cow Milk | P | 10% | |
| Tomatoes | P | 26% | |
| Eggplant | P | 30% | |
| Potatoes | Ð | 0% | |

Bread



| 1M: 29 | LM:548 |
|---------------|---------------|
| 6M: 52 | 1Y: 74 |

Rice



| 1M: 4 | LM:19 688 |
|--------|-----------|
| 6M: 12 | 1Y: 51 |



Chicken Meat

| 1M: -3 | LM:41 700 |
|---------------|---------------|
| 6M: 10 | 1Y: 36 |

Sunflower Oil



1M:-1 LM:26 257 6M:8 1Y: 27

Flour



| 1M: 10 | LIVI:8 25 |
|---------------|---------------|
| 6M: 27 | 1Y: 51 |

/ Kg

Egg



| 1M: -1 | LM:58 865 |
|---------------|-----------|
| 6M: 16 | 1Y: 58 |

Cow Meat



| 1M: 2 | LM:126 738 |
|---------------|------------|
| 6M: 19 | 1Y: 58 |

Tomato



| 1M: 26 | LM:8 000 |
|---------------|----------|
| 6M: 79 | 1Y: 118 |

Sugar



| 1M: 5 | LM:15 488 |
|--------------|---------------|
| 6M: 8 | 1Y: 39 |

Cow milk



| 1M:10 | LM:6 949 |
|--------|----------|
| 6M: 22 | 1Y: 48 |

Sheep Meat



1M: 7 LM:149 852 6M: 25 1Y: 65

Olive oil

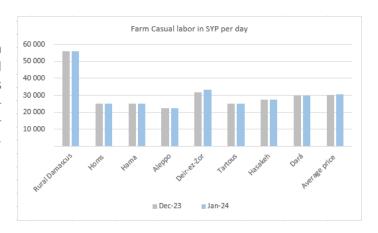


| 1M: -1 | LM:74 309 |
|--------|-----------|
| 6M: 19 | 1Y: 67 |

Other Factors

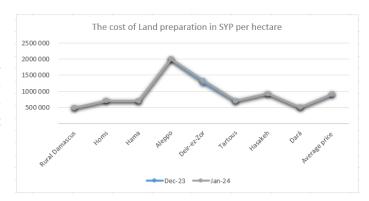
Farm Casual Labour and Wage

In January 2024, the average daily wage for casual farm labour remained stable at 30 542 SYP per day. This could be linked to the low demand for farm causal labour at this stage of the winter cropping season. It is worth mentioning noting that the daily wage rate is still remains inadequate to meet the daily cost of living for an average family.



Mechanized Farm Operations

Since the demand for machinery service during this reporting period was generally low, the cost of hiring mechanized farm implements for land preparation remained stable at 914 842 SYP per hectare. The latest announcement on new diesel fuel prices has had no immediate effect on the cost of land preparation in January 2024.



DISCLAIMER

The information in this bulletin comes from monthly market monitoring surveys conducted informally by FAO field staff. While FAO Syria strives to provide accurate and timely market information, there may be slight unintended technical or factual inaccuracies. Decisions based on information contained herein are the sole responsibility of the reader. All changes in market prices for the monitored agriculture inputs and commodities are in local Syrian currency (SYP). For further insights and analysis on food commodities, WFP also issues regular Market Price Bulletins for Syria and these can be found on the official Syria Food Security Cluster (FSC) website.

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