

## Agenda





- 1. Introduction of new partners.
- 2. Spring seeds distribution to households by USAID AGRO.
- 3. FSLC Updates on the following:
  - Partners response for January and February 2024.
  - IM Updates: observation and ActivityInfo reporting in 2024.
  - Updates from regional hubs.
- 4. Case Study: Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA) Poltavska oblast- by IMMAP Inc. Ukraine.
- 5. Food programs and activities in Khersonska Oblast by NGO "I Am Kherson".
- 6. Lesson learned from JERU's micro business grant by JERU.
- 7. The results of 2023 Country Cluster Performance Monitoring (CCPM).



## Introduction of new partners

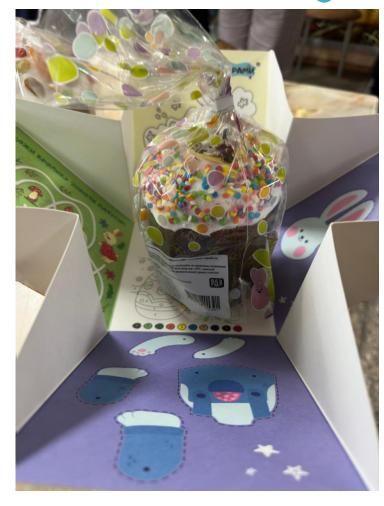


## An update from Mykolaiv Bakery #1













## Spring seeds distribution to households - by USAID AGRO





## **USAID AGRO ACTIVITY**

#### FOCUS ON GLOBAL FOOD SECURITY AND RESILIENCE OF UKRAINE'S AGRICULTURE



Nationwide coverage



War response



Sustain & recover agri-sector



## Quick overview Resources Seed development program **Marketing** Developing B2B cooperation Export-oriented program (trade missions) **Processing**

#### **Production**

#### Emergency response

- Provision of seeds and fertilizers
- Support local food security seeds for households

#### Capacity building

- Access to finance and services
- Irrigation

### **Storage**

- Flour fortification
- Processing to feed and food
- LEAN optimization of production processes
- Skill development program for grain silo specialists
- Potato post-harvest handling development

- Grain sleeves and temporary storage
- Expanded silo storage capacity

## USAID Agriculture Resilience Initiative (AGRI)-Ukraine

## Partnerships with public sector and international community



USAID's financing under AGRI-Initiative



#### Private sector:

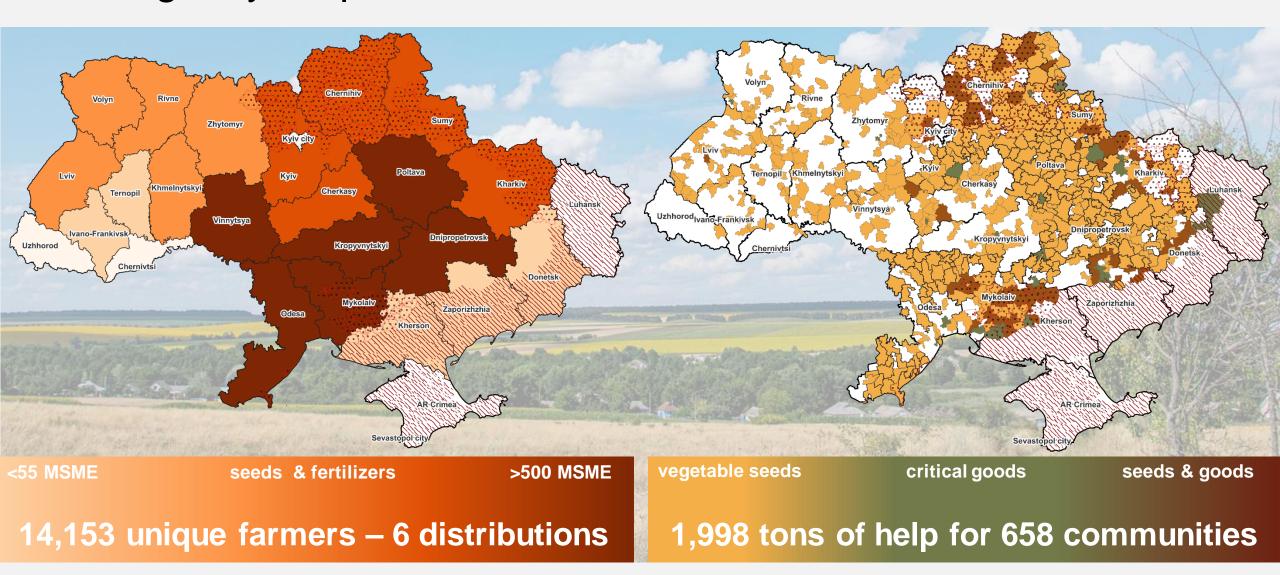
 Bayer donated corn seeds and oilseed rape seeds



#### International partners:

 Republic of Korea contributed to fertilizer purchase

## Emergency response to war in 2022-2023



## Seeds and fertilizers for MSME farmers



**6,300+1,916** agricultural MSMEs\* received inputs for the **spring 2023 sowing** campaign



Mineral fertilizers of total **6,300** tons



Corn seeds for sowing 15,000 ha



Sunflower seeds for sowing 42,000 ha

12,000+7,691 agricultural MSMEs\* received inputs for winter 2023 & spring 2024 sowing campaigns



Fertilizers for winter crops **12,000** tons



Oilseed rape seed for sowing 5,100 ha



Fertilizers for spring crops 14,000 tons





<sup>\*</sup> Agricultural MSMEs cultivating from 5 to 500 ha

## Inputs distribution modality

- Collect applications via State Agricultural Register (DAR)
- Local partner for administrating distribution and reporting
- 2-3 distribution hubs per oblast farmers come to collect when notified
- Telegram chat-bot for communicating with farmers-recipients
- Monitoring results































## **Impact**

# of registered MSMEs received support from USAID AGRO

- 6 distribution programs supported the application of nutrients on 460,000 hectares during the 2023 and 2024 seasons
- This resulted in an estimated <u>additional</u> crop production output of 278,000 tons of grain
- Production volumes will be sufficient to feed 5-10 million people\*.

#### Upcoming in 2024:

- Partnering private sector to provide seeds
- Provision of critical inputs throughout a season

## Emergency response: help to the communities and households

Strengthening the resilience of communities:

 organizing the delivery of essential goods from Ukrainian and international donors to restore the vitality of communities

#### 2022 – till now:

- 39 tons of vegetable seeds
- **35** tons of potato seeds
- 1,998 tons of necessities
- 17 modular houses
- 125 tons of humanitarian aid for affected communities due to undermining the Kakhovska HPP
- 279 household and industrial generators



## Vegetable seeds: spring 2022-2023

Delivered and administered by two USAID-supported associations:

- ✓ All-Ukrainian association of communities (AUAC)
- ✓ Ukrainian Agricultural Council (UAC)

## 29 tons 23 oblast 458 communities

#### **Including:**

- 530 kg of Bayer carrot seeds
- Vegetable seeds (cabbage, carrots, raddish, tomato, cucumbers, sweet corn, onion, watermelon, melon, cuccini) from 7
   companies (Enza Zaden, Lark Seeds, Nunhems, Hazera, Seminis, Rijk Zwaan, Syngenta and other donors)



## Vegetable seeds: 2023

Focus on de-occupied communities, internally displaced persons, vulnerable groups:

seeds quantity defined per community based on request

## 98,000 households received seeds

- Planted 3,326 hectares
- Harvested **121,549 tons** of vegetables, one would need 5,064 trucks to transport the harvest









## Vegetable seeds: spring 2024















Mustard



























= 9 867 kg delivered by



#### 200 958 households from 476 communities:

- Liberated and front-line communities:
- Internally displaced people
- Low-income families (large families)



the number of households in each community



According to AUAC survey 359 708 households still need seeds Contact ua: <a href="mailto:agro.office@chemonics.com">agro.office@chemonics.com</a>

Facebook, Twitter: @usaid.agro





## **FSLC Response: February 2024**



### **FOOD ASSISTANCE**

**Reporting Status** 

Reporting
Organizations

1000/1:5-

**FSLC Target per CO1** 

DIM CI



2,874,421

**People Assisted** 



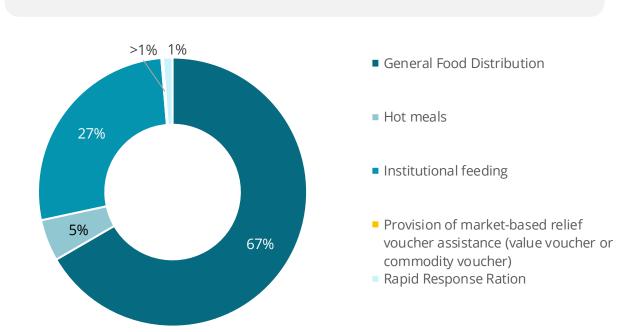
**GAPs** 

1,003,861

### **Reporting Organisations Acronym List**

100%Life	GNJ	PIN SK
AAH	GoodWill	PKCF
ACTED	GCS	SPIR
AOS	HIAS	SCI
BiY	HADC	SAVEUA
Blagorob	HIA	SVA
CSPESUA	LHI	TBPUA
CFDE	BCUA	T4UA
DPUA	NW	TOA
DK	PVCF	Integra
East-SOS	PHK	WFP
GEM	PIN	WVI

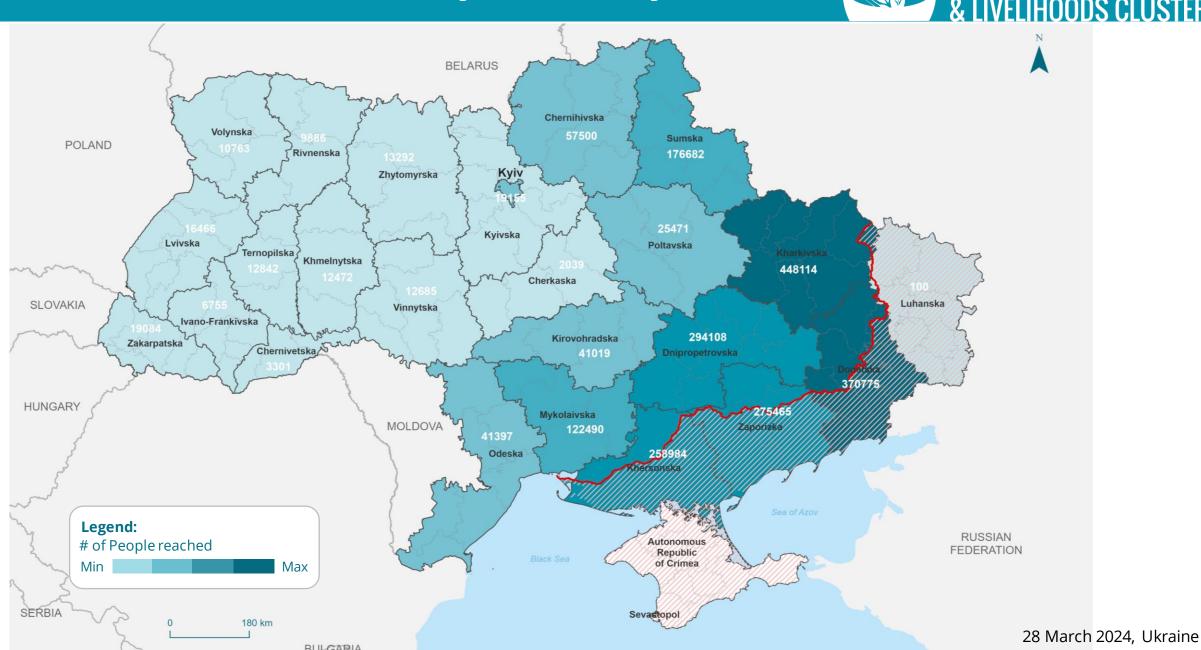
#### **FA Activities**



28 March 2024, Ukraine

## Food Assistance: January-February 2024





## **FSLC Response: February 2024**



### LIVELIHOODS ASSISTANCE

**Reporting Status** 

Reporting
Organizations

**FSLC Target per CO2** 

1,811,988

**People Assisted** 

**8,339**\*for February

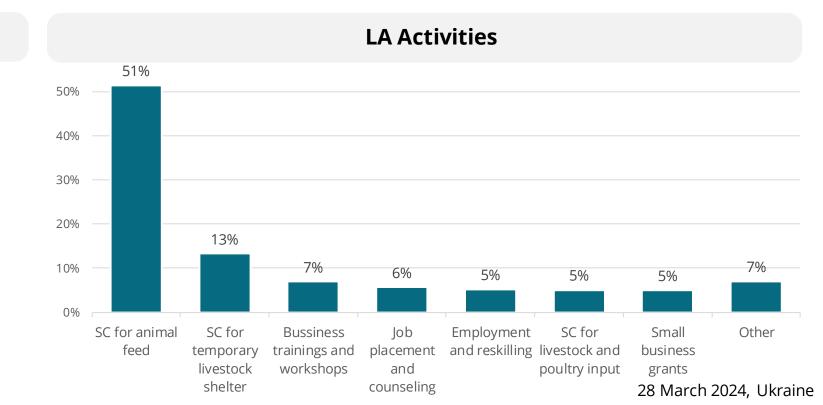
**40,440**\*cumulative for lan-Feb 2024

**GAPs** 

1,771,548

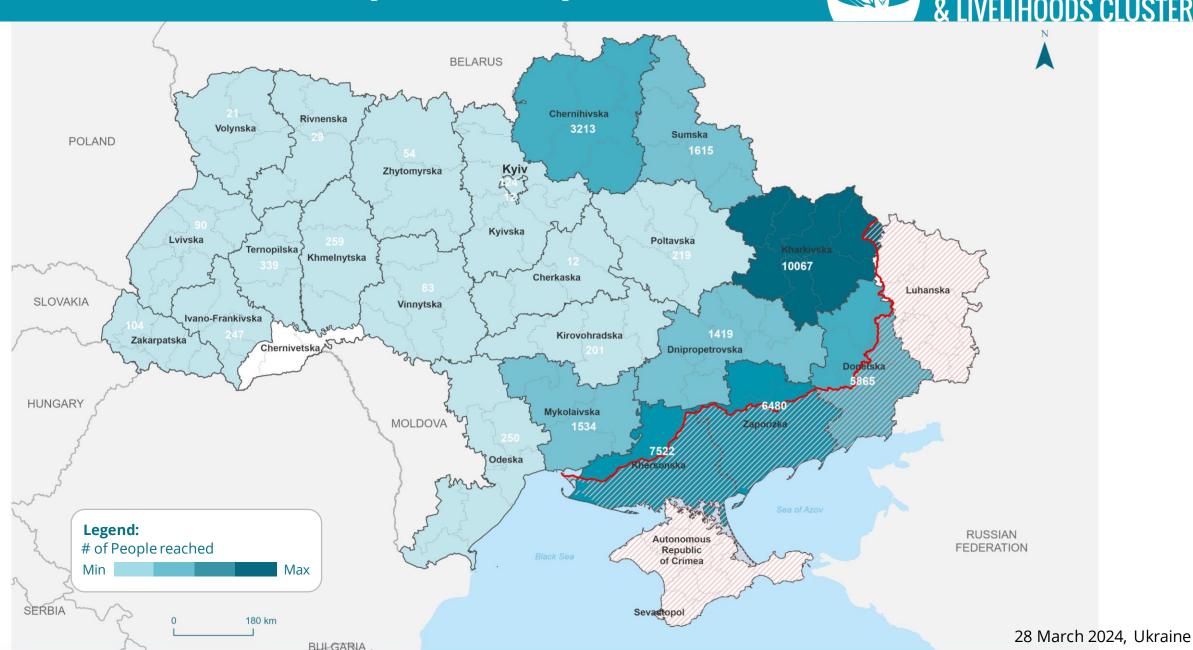
#### **Reporting Organisations List**

**ACTED** MC Automaidan **PKCF** Posmishka CaritasUA DUA **SVA ERC** Integra FAO **UNHCR GEM** WVI ZOA Helvetas



## Livelihoods: January-February 2024



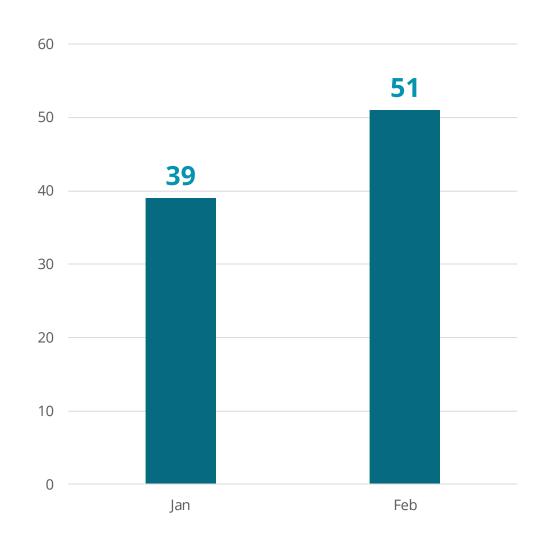


## IM Updates: observation and ActivityInfo reporting in 2024



## **FSLC IM Update**





Number of reporting organization by month



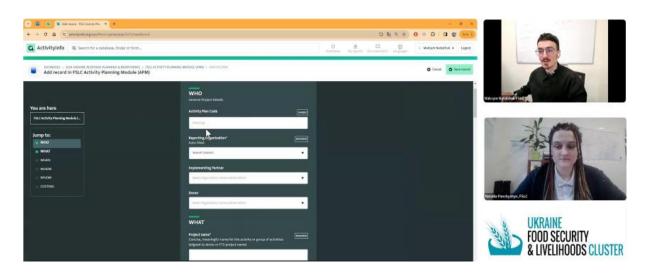






## **FSLC IM Update**





## **IM Coffee Corner**



Wednesday, 3 April 2024 11:00-12:30 Online in Zoom

### **2024 Ukraine FSLC ActivityInfo Training Materials:**

- ActivityInfo Training Presentation (EN, UK)
- ActivityInfo Training Video (EN, UK)
- ActivityInfo Training Recording (<u>EN</u>, <u>UK</u>)
- 2024 Activities and Sub-Activities List (EN, UK)



Only for reporting focal points or those initiating reporting for the current year, seeking guidance on calculating the number of people.

For more information, please contact Nataliia at **npanchyshyn@immap.org** or Maksym **mnatalchuk@immap.org** 

## **FSLC IM Update**



#### **FSLC** Website



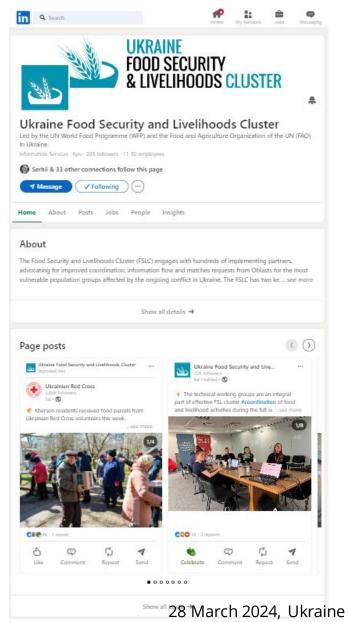
## **FSLC Mailing List**





NEXT FSLC MONTHLY PARTNERS MEETING

**April 25** 



## Updates from the FSLC Regional Hubs



## **FSLC Regional Hubs**





**FSLC Sub-national Clusters** 

#### North-central hub: **Kyiv**

- Kyivska (+ Kyiv)
- Chernihivska
- Sumska
- Poltavska
- Cherkaska

### East-central hub: **Dnipro**

- Dnipropetrovska
- Donetska
- Luhanska
- KharkivskaZaporizka

#### Southern hub: **Odesa**

- Odeska
- Mykolaivska
- Khersonska



## **CASE STUDY:**

Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA)
Poltavska oblast

- by IMMAP Inc. Ukraine

## Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA) Poltavska oblast Case Study





## 01. What is PRA?



According to the Humanitarian Needs Overview (2023), 17.6 million people in Ukraine require humanitarian assistance. However, the delivery of aid is sometimes misaligned due to improper consultation with the affected population.

A survey conducted by the Disaster Emergency Committee (July, 2023) reveals that only 40% of individuals are asked by humanitarian organizations about their needs before providing aid. Respondents emphasized the importance of being consulted on the type of assistance they receive.

The use of Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA) can significantly improve the situation, as this method directly involves local residents in identifying issues and challenges, and implementing solutions.

#### We started PRA to:

- Facilitate swift data collection providing accurate responses to challenges
- Empower local voices
- Enable people to identify and rank their own needs
- Better understand day-to-day challenges of the local population
- Foster the quality of humanitarian aid



#### WHAT EXACTLY PAR IS?

PRA is a community-based and participatory approach to assessing and understanding rural (local) communities, their needs, resources, and priorities. It is a method used to empower local communities and involve them actively in the process of data collection, analysis, and decision-making.

#### **Participatory**

Means that people are involved in the process – a "bottom-up" approach – to better understand and rank their needs.

#### Rural

The techniques can be used in any situation, urban or rural area. It also works well for local smaller communities.

#### **Appraisal**

The finding out of information about problems, needs, and potential in a in rural areas.



#### **Traditional Needs Assessment:**

Implies a more general approach

No community involvement

Standardized methodology

Works for large-scale research

Does not strengthen communities

#### Participatory Rural Appraisal:

Makes it more inclusive

Involves locals extensively

More accurate for area-based data collection

Could be applied in different areas

Empowers communities

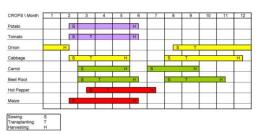
These methods have different purposes. Which one to use depends on your assessment goals

#### Participatory Rural Appraisal Methods

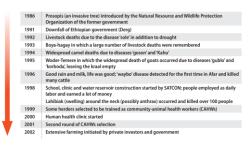
Semi-structured and structured interviews



Seasonal calendar



Historical profile



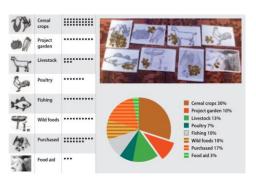
Transect walks



Mapping exercises and diagrams



Ranking and scoring



## 02. Poltavska oblast mission

In December 2023, iMMAP Inc. conducted rapid agriculture needs assessment in Poltavska oblast using Participatory Rural Appraisal methods to collect information.

Overall, a total of 16 farmers from 9 hromadas participated in FGDs

The semi-structured interviews were conducted through two Focus Group Discussions (FGDs) with participants involved in the agricultural sector.

A checklist was developed to guide the discussion and included the following modules: most cultivated crops, market access, access to financial instruments, and challenges faced by farmers since the start of the full-scale invasion.



#### **UKRAINE:** POLTAVSKA OBLAST PRA SESSION





16
Number of Participants

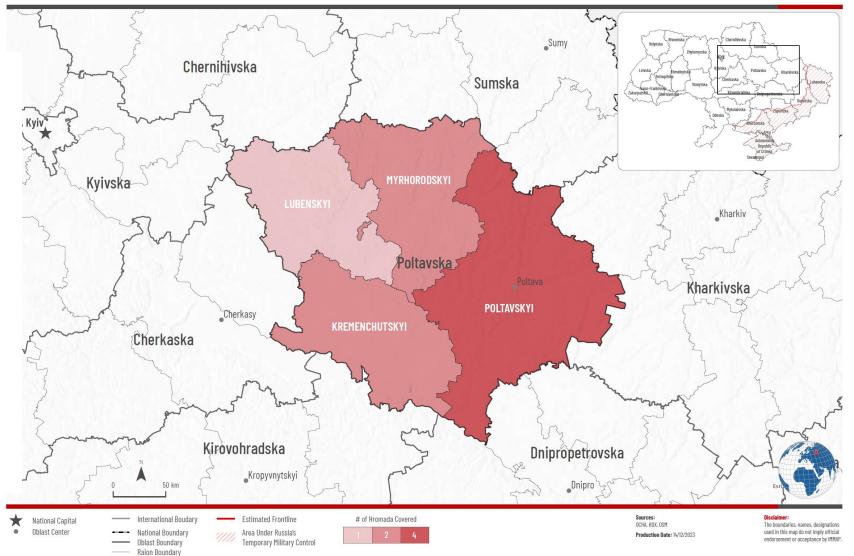


4

Raions



**9** Hromadas



The iMMAP team used a seasonal calendar as one of PRA methods presenting the model and trends of work or behavior throughout the year

#### Most common crops:

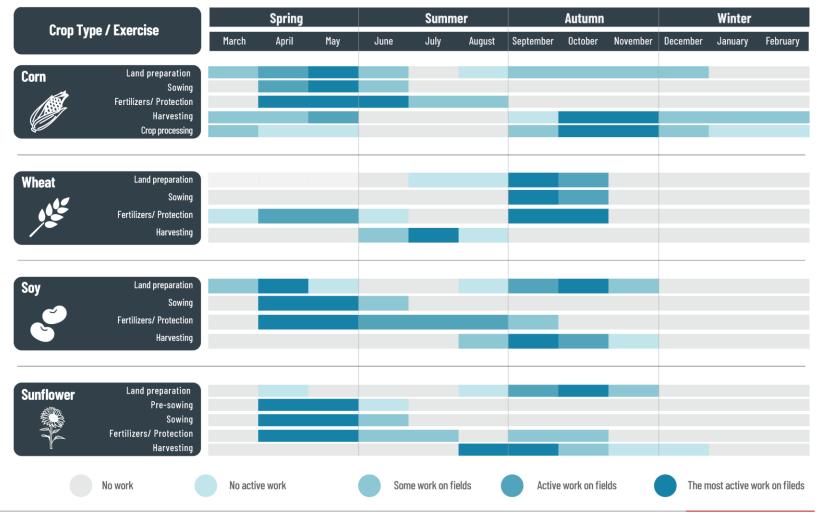
- corn
- sunflower
- SOY
- wheat
- barley
- rapeseed

#### Crop processing stages:

- land preparation
- sowing
- fertilizers/ protection
- harvesting

#### Seasonal Calendar All Crops

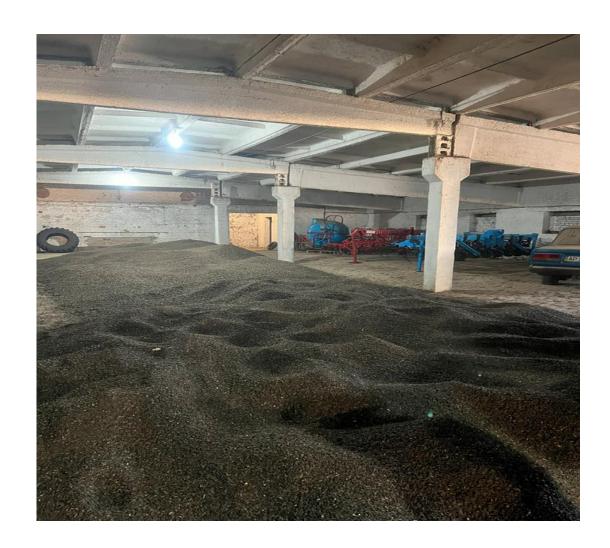




The PRA method helped to outline **the challenges** the farmers are currently facing. Among them are:

- low prices for crops and an increase in the logistics costs due to the ongoing conflict
- involvement of intermediaries adding extra costs to selling agricultural products
- labor shortage and the lack of adequate storage and drying facilities.
- insecurity and lack of guarantees in international sales
- lack of cooperation between farmers and the acute issue of trust and knowledge sharing.

While several respondents reported receiving humanitarian assistance for agricultural activities, a few shortcomings have been identified, such as dissatisfaction with the quality of the distributed seeds and fertilizers. The respondents have also expressed the need for support related to the construction of hangars or dryers.



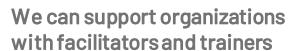
## How we can help with PRA

We can teach how to use PRA and thus facilitate capacity building





We can run PRA assessments





#### **Contact Details**

#### For any inquires regarding iMMAP Inc. Cluster Support Project please contact:

Ukraine Team Lead:

Fridon Japaridze fjaparidze@immap.org

#### For IM support inquires, including PRA, please contact:

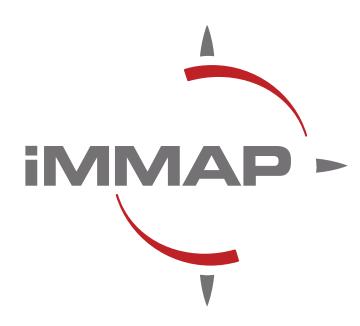
**IM Coordinator:** 

Hesham Othman hothman@immap.org

#### For CB inquires please contact:

**CB Coordinator:** 

Iryna Tkachuk itkachuk@immap.org



## Food programs and activities in Khersonska Oblast – by NGO "I Am Kherson"

## Charitable Organization Charitable Foundation

I am Kherson

### Rey sectors and areas of intervention

#### Shelter/NFI

- Helping vulnerable people with hygiene kits and additional medical equipment
- Emergency shelter kits distribution and light repairs
- Winterization programmes
- Installation of protective gabions in Kherson city and oblast
- Elimination of the consequences of the Kakhovka hydroelectric power station explosion

#### **Protection**

- Primary and secondary legal support, provision of legal advice
- Strengthening social and administrative services in the community
- MPCA programmes (registration and cash distribution)

## Food security and Livelihood

- Food kits and bread distribution in the frontline areas
- Seeds of Victory program for households in 2023 and 2024
- Assistance to farms with seed, fertilisers, herbicides and support with expertise from Eurosem agronomists

### Who we are?

Were established in 2022, started running programs and organization from a scratch

#### As per 2024, we are

- Based in Kherson city with good connection and network (logistic, access, community based, MoUs with local authorities and government);
- Stable team of 26 full time workers and 52 engaged volunteers, successfully implemented around 15 projects;
- Successfully accomplished due diligence among different donors as well as successful implementation of projects in different modalities with a support of the following donors:
   IRC, Stichting Vluchteling, Embassy of Switzerland;
- Developing organization with fine tuning our strategic goals and priorities for future partnerships, project and internal capacity strengthening.

## Our priorities for 2024

Creating the possibilities of development for small farmers in Kherson oblast, such as:

- In-kind assistance (seeds, poultry, small livestock)
- Improvement of farmers working conditions (provision of mini tractors, incubators, restoration of damaged agricultural buildings and facilities)
- Providing advice and support to farmers (free services of an accountant, economist, lawyer, veterinarian and agronomist)
- Training, searching for ways to sell products, optimising costs, increasing sales volumes
- Initiating the creation of trade unions to ensure sustainability

- Creation of conditions for the resumption of micro-entrepreneurship in the region
- Providing micro grants for starting a business in the regions of early recovery
- Advice and support provision for small farms
- Establishment of business incubators (from idea to economic model and implementation)
- Creating a community for sustainability and further development

## Serhii Mukoriz

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# Lesson learned from JERU's micro business grant – by JERU



### **MSMEs Support Grants Lesson Learnt**

28/03/2024

JERU (Joint Emergency Response in Ukraine) – Joint mission of Welthungerhilfe and Concern Worldwide

## Objective: Support self-employment, income generation, improved employment opportunities



- Target Recipients Microbusiness Grants MBGs: Socio economic vulnerable Households
- Target Recipients Small and Medium Enterprises SMEs: Enterprises (relocated, war affected etc.)

Geographic Areas: Khmelnitsky, Ternopil, Sumska, Poltava, Mykolaiv, Zaporizka, Kharkiv

#### **Support:**

- I. Financial support: Grant value up to Approximately I 500 Euro (60,000 UAH), Approx 20,000 Euro (800,000 UAH)
- 2. Business support services: Access to business management learning opportunities (IEC material, training)
- 3. Job Matching services, Job fairs (networking employers, potential employees etc.)

#### **Selection Criteria:**

- I. Microbusiness Grants: Eligibility: Existing Skill or experience in the field, Having existing business/assets that were destroyed/damaged, Being the skilled worker in the sector and have the client/relations in the field to provide the services/products Vulnerability: Single parents, Households with disabled members or members with chronic illness, Households with larger family size, Households with pregnant/lactating women members, Households with 3+ children
- II. SMEs Grants: Eligibility: Existing Skill or experience in the field, Having existing business/assets that were destroyed/damaged, SME working in sector which qualify the criteria of growth, aimed at supporting vulnerable, feasibility and registration.

  Priority: Women led, Environmentally friendly, generating more employment opportunities

#### How was activity implemented?

Coordination with Local Authorities, Diia Business, State Employment Center

\*Announcement of the Applications calls (Social media, websites, in-person visits etc.)

Application of criteria (Eligibility and Vulnerability)

In-person visits (verification visits to business sites)

Final selection (committee of different staff evaluating applications)

Business development plans, signing MOUs/Agreement



Monitoring/business evaluation

Follow up visits, Monitoring visits, and provision of business support (services)

Grants disbursement

#### What are the outputs/results?



#### **Microbusiness**

- JERU received 248 applications out of which only 69 were accepted, i.e rejection rate of 80%.
- 77% grant recipients Female
- 69 microbusiness grants disbursed @ 60,000 UAH
- 36% Food sector, 22% services (car maintenance etc.) 14% retail (sale purchase of basic goods)
- 54% grant recipients IDPs, and 46% host/nondisplaced

#### **SMEs**

- JERU received 72 applications out of which only 28 were accepted, i.e rejection rate of 61%.
- 29% grant recipients Female , 71% male
- 28 SMEs grants disbursed @ 800,000 UAH
- 18% grant recipients IDPs, and 82% host/nondisplaced
- On average 4 employees will be hired per SME.
- Grants used to purchase equipment's that are related to business expansion and restoration,

#### What JERU have learned so far?



#### **OUTREACH AND ENGAGEMENT**

- Tailoring the outreach strategies is necessary to suit the diverse needs and contexts of target beneficiaries (as per locations, rural/urban, sectors of activity).
  - Focusing the outreach activities and clearly delineating eligibility criteria and utilizing relevant information dissemination channels in specific, targeted locations is necessary to reduce rejection rates, and receive more relevant applications.
- Increasing face-to-face interactions and community outreach to build trust and ensure to convey the legitimacy of assistance
- Showcasing success stories, and its results is necessary for trust building and explanation of the assistance.
- It is important to utilize further formal, institutional forums such as chamber of commerce, business centers, Local authorities to reach/target SMEs, as announcements through social media channels are not the most appropriate for this type of assistance

#### What JERU have learned so far?



#### **TARGETING**

- Use simple, user-friendly application process and where possible provide individualized support to people with accessibility challenges.
- Establish cross sector referral mechanism (internal/external), that could serve as channel for graduating participants from MPCA to Livelihoods assistance, and from Livelihoods assistance to other relevant services. Including those who don't qualify for Livelihoods.

#### What JERU have learned so far?



#### **OTHER POINTS**

- Integrated approach needed: Strategically planning of livelihood activities implementation to maximize the impact, and sustainability of the assistance.
- Need to establish coordination mechanism at regional FSLC between the livelihoods actors to refer cases, harmonize the approach and minimize the negative impact (adhere to do no harm principles).

**Examples.** 



Yulia, (47 yo) displaced from Melitopol. Established showroom in a Mall in Ternopil.



Olena, (48 yo) displaced from Donetsk. Started freeze-dried food business in Ternopil.



#### **QUESTIONS?**







# The results of 2023 Country Cluster Performance Monitoring (CCPM)

#### **Country Cluster Performance Monitoring 2023 Results**



100%

Rate on overall satisfaction with FSLC in Ukraine in 2023

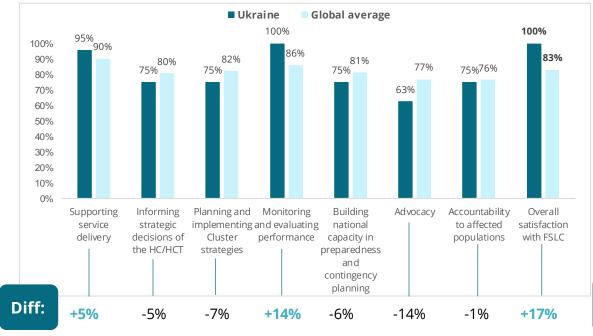
25% 74% rate increase comp. to 2022 rate

50 37
Active partners completed surveys

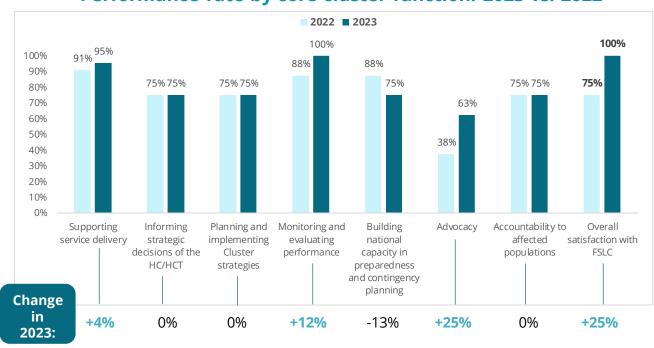
#### **Cluster functions by performance rate in 2023:**

Performance status	Range (% of responds)	Number of cluster functions marked in this range	% of total
Good	76%-100%	6	33%
Needs minor improvement	51%-75%	10	56%
Needs major improvement	26%-50%	2	11%
Weak	0%-25%	0	0%

#### 2023 Performance rate: Ukraine vs. Global average rate



#### Performance rate by core cluster function: 2023 vs. 2022



#### **Country Cluster Performance Monitoring 2023 Results**



#### Main areas for improvement

\*which decreased in performance rate **comparing to 2022** and/or needs additional attention:

#### **Contingency planning**

54%

#### **WAYS TO IMPROVE**

- to create additional forums and involve not only humanitarian partners but also higher education and research centers for contingency planning;
- to create strategic plans at local (hub) level.

## **Cluster Roles and responsibilities**

-25%

- the number of reporting partners has increased in 2023;
- The work is carried out systematically at both cluster and intercluster level.

#### **WAYS TO IMPROVE**

 to participate in all the livelihood related meetings to be visible at every governmental level (from admin\_1 to admin\_3).

## Accountability to affected populations

76%

 The cluster should pay additional attention to AAP.

#### **WAYS TO IMPROVE**

- to create additional forums and involve not only humanitarian partners but also higher education and research centers for contingency planning;
- to create strategic plans at local (hub) level.



## **THANK YOU!**

#### **CONTACT**

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